Medical Feonomics



1



rapid availability

HEMATINIC PLASTULES* contain ferrous sulfate in a semifluid medium sealed to preserve it in the more effective ferrous state. Rapid disintegration and diffusion in the gastrointestinal tract assure efficient absorption. The daily dose supplies almost twice the amount of iron considered sufficient for the treatment of simple iron deficiency anemia.



HEMATINIC PLASTULES

Dose: 3 Plastules daily

HEMATINIC PLASTULES WITH LIVER CONCENTRATE

Dose: 6 Plastules daily

Supplied in bottles of 50, 100 and 1000

Supplied in bottles of 50, 100 and 1000

WYETH INCORPORATED . PHILADELPHIA 3 . PENNSYLVANIA



MEDICAL FURNITURE at its best the NU-TONE SUITE

Here is medical furniture the finest made. You will like the patented HIDE-A-ROLL, a paper roll attachment concealed in the head end of the table top ... the COUN-

TER-BALANCED TOP that allows the head end to be raised or lowered easily...the DISAPPEAR-ING STIRRUPS which fold out of sight when not in use. The Nu-Tone Suite has a hard rubbed durable

finish. See it at



MEDICAL ARTS SURGICAL SUPPLY CO. 20-22-24 Sheldon Ave., S. E. Grand Rapids 2, Mich.

XUM

Give patients unequaled protection



WHICHEVER Castle Sterilizer you sclect you can be sure that your patients will get the last word in scientific sterilizing protection. Each is designed for beauty as well as use.

The "669" Castle Instrument Sterilizer and Autoclave-the favorite of doctors with an expanded practice who want a sterilizer to meet their every need.

The "666" Castle Autoclave provides complete hospital sterilizing safety, destroying spores as well as bacteria. It occupies little space, can be set on a table or supplied with a stand (666-S).

The "673" Castle Instrument Sterilizer—the ideal general purpose 16" Instrument sterilizer and storage cabinet. Accommodates Autoclave by change of top if desired later on.

This is the time to secure equipment that will help you most with your present practice and your future plans. Write for complete details.

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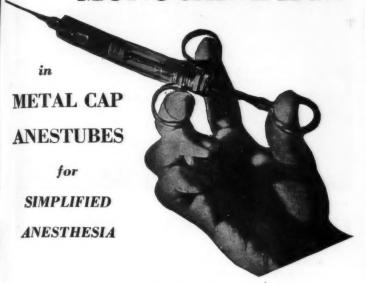
Grand Rapids 2, Mich.







MONÓCAINE HCL



Simplify your local anesthesia cases with the Monócaine Anestube (cartridge) unit. You merely insert an Anestube into the Syringe and inject its content.

Convenience, correct dose and positive sterility are characteristic of the Anestube method of administration.

The Anestube Syringe is unbreakable and leak-proof. It is complete with Luer Lok and Luer Slip On Adaptors to take all standard needles.

An introductory offer consisting of a 5 cc Anestube Syringe and four dozen 5 cc Monócaine Anestubes, lists for \$10.00. Anestubes also available in Midget size (approximately 1 cc) and 2½ cc sizes.

MEDICAL ARTS SURGICAL SUPPLY CO. 20-22-24 Sheldon Ave., S. E. Grand Rapids 2, Mich.

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EPINEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE 1:1000 N.N.R.

CHEPLIN solution of this powerful vasoconstrictor, hemostatic and circulatory stimulant is adjusted to a definite standard strength and is physiologically assayed by measuring the effect on blood pressure.

EPINEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE may be administered by hypodermic, inhalation or topical application, affording rapid relief of asthmatic symptoms, urticaria, angioneurotic edema, reactions following injections of biologicals, shock or collapse, and prompt control of certain types of hemorrhage. When used in conjunction with topical, nerve block or infiltration anesthesias, it produces a bloodless operative field and retards absorption of the anesthetic—thus prolonging the period of anesthesia. Literature on request.



EPINEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE 1:1000 is packaged in:

1 cc. ampules.

10 cc. rubber-stoppered vials.
30 cc. rubber-stoppered vials.

30 and 480 cc. bottles for topical applications,

MEDICAL ARTS SURGICAL SUPPLY CO. PHYSICIANS AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES 20-22-24 SHELDON AVE., S. E., GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN

Medical Economics

THE BUSINESS MAGAZINE OF



THE MEDICAL PROFESSION

DECEMBER 1945

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CIRCULATION 110,000

H. Sheridan Baketel, A.M., M.D., Editor-in-Chief. William Alan Richardson, Editor. Ross C. McCluskey, Managing Editor. Lansing Chapman, Publisher. W. L. Chapman, Jr., Business Manager. R. M. Smith, Sales Manager. Copyright 1946, Medical Economics, Inc., Rutherford, N. J. 25c a copy; \$2 a year (Canada, \$2.50 a year).

DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 1

. M.R.

in:

ons.



PENICILLIN

IN SESAME OIL AND BEESWAX

Easier to handle;* flows freely

— Easier to pull into syringe and inject

A — Cuts injections to one in 8 to 12 hours

Reduces variations in blood levels

_ Is less antigenic er allergenic†

Here's the penicillin preparation that makes this drug really practical! No heating or other fancy "fixings."

Penicillin in Sesame Oil and Beeswax Cutter, offers all the benefits of delayed absorption—including that of maintaining more constant blood levels, so difficult with the 3-hour material.

But more—it requires no strongarm tactics! Even directly out of the refrigerator, you need only hold it under hot water for a moment, and it flows freely. Easily drawn into syringe and injected in an accurately measured dose.

Ask your pharmacist for Cutter Penicillin in Oil and Wax, in either of two strengths . . 100,000 et 200,000 units per cc., each available in 5 cc. bottles. Cutter Laboratories, Berkeley, Calif., Chicago, New York

*Than other oil and wax suspensions †Than other animal or vegetable oils

PAGE 2 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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No. 17
FEVER THERMOMETER STERITURE

Durable glass case carries thermometer in sterilizing solution, cushioned from shock by stainless steel ejector spring, Metal cap fits snugly on ground luer tip to prevent leakage. No. 300

SYRINGE STERITURE
Boilable metal holder
carries sterile syringe

and needle ready for instant use—in home or office. Rubber cap and washer cushion syringe from shock and withstand sterilization. Suspension of needle point prevents damage. No. 400

NEEDLE STERITURE

Keeps sterile needles ready for use. Glass permits sterile inspection of protected points, gauge and size. Flared glass rims and gripping rubber caps insure continued sterility. All parts boilable.

B-D PRODUCTS

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BECTON, DICKINSON & CO., RUTHERFORD, N. 1.

This Year Give "National" The Remembered Gift





Nee TWIN TRANSILLUMINATOR, complete wis apare bulbs, bulb hoods, glass sheaths, push button switch and 7½ ft. cord. Operates from standard transformer or battery-box.....\$12.80

| *10* | trems manamania nam Aare | |
|-------|-----------------------------|-------|
| N300 | Ear Specula Set | 5.80 |
| N21 | Standard Otoscope Set | 22.80 |
| N5123 | Complete Retinoscope Set | 26.00 |
| N2134 | Otoscope-Ophthalmoscope Set | 42.80 |

Muttered Instruments from \$3.75 un

... and many others to fit every purse ... and for every need.

Canadian Prices 15% Higher

Give "National" — and you are giving the best, for National Instruments have been designed with but one thought in mind, that they shall be the finest and



most complete that money can buy. This year give a practical gift -a National Instrument.



National

Electric Instrument Co...
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PUTUS MOSCORES - OTOTOTORES - RODY CAVITY SETS - HEADIGHTS - RETINGSCOPES - TRANSILIUMINATORS - (AU)

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Effective control measures in the matter of safety are marks of leadership—in a country or in a company.

Scientifically developed and expertly executed quality control is an outstanding feature in the production of pharmaceuticals at modern U.D. laboratories. In addition to an elaborate system of initial precautions, the Formula Control Committee—a select group of doctors, chemists, pharmacists—personally tests for uniform purity and potency every new formula and the Control Laboratory tests each batch of every finished product.

These high standards, backed by years of experience, assure that in specifying

U.D. pharmaceuticals your orders are filled with finest ingredients. Your neighborhood Rexell Drug Store provides the skill of a competent pharmacist, and service which is complete, dependable and economical.

U.D. ISOLATED PURE VITAMINS . . . Specific vitamins of highest quality, available in quantities to suit your need.

Thiamine Hydrochloride (Vitamin B1)
Riboflavin (Vitamin B2)
Niacin (Nicotinic Acid)
Niacinamide (Nicotinic Acid Amide)
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U.D. products are available wherever you see this sign



Pharmacouffeel chemists for more than 42 years | Boston * St. Louis * Chicago * Atlanta * San Francisco * Los Angeles Pertland * Pittsburgh * Ft. Worth * Nettingham * Toronto * So. Africa

MITTED-REXALL DRUG COMPANY AND YOUR REXALL DRUGGIST . Your Partners in Health Service



 This bland, greaseless jelly spreads readily over rubber, metal, or synthetic surfaces. It forms a lubricating film that adheres well, but may be washed away easily. Its exceptional lubricating quality facilitates procedure and minimizes discomfort to the patient.

K-Y* Lubricating Jelly is sterile, water-miscible, transparent—harmless to gloves, instruments and human tissue.

DEDER FROM YOUR DEALER



canth, glycerine, water, boric acid.

K-Y LUBRICATING JELLY

Johnson Johnson

\$Trade-mark of product made exclusively by Johnson & Johnson

Panorama 5

- ▶ Dr. Herbert D. Simpson, health insurance authority, is studying voluntary prepayment for the National Physicians Committee. His aim: a complete report of the number, organization, operation, and progress of medical society plans throughout the United States . . . A Washington, D.C., man has received a suspended jail sentence on condition that he report to a sanitarium for tuberculosis treatment. Case is said to be first of its kind . . . Many doctors skeptical of Westchester County (N.Y.) program to control airborne diseases by putting ultra-violet lamps in Pleasant-ville's three schools, eight churches, and one movie. Children and adults, they say, will have plenty of opportunity to become infected in places not equipped with the lamps . . . X-ray of a fracture is possible without removal of a new cast made of flexible fiber glass and plastic bandages; it weighs only one-fourth as much as a plaster cast.
- The Gary (Ind.) Post Tribune says a new voluntary prepayment plan sponsored by veterinarians "ought to win the approval of Dr. Morris Fishbein, who has long been giving the impression that socialized medicine is something that shouldn't happen to a dog"... Iron hand: "It is a matter for the committee on ethics if any civilian practitioner refuses to return to a demobilized medical officer any appointments, office facilities, or other perquisites which belonged to the veteran prior to his service," says the council of the Indianapolis Medical Society... Proud of the fact that the Medical Annals of the District of Columbia opens its columns to discussion by both proponents and opponents of state medicine, its editors comment: "This is the democratic way. If we cannot withstand arguments favoring changes in medical practices to which we are opposed, our plight is sad indeed."
- ▶ Bing Crosby heading up a \$5 million fund-raising campaign for the Sister Kenny Infantile Paralysis Foundation. Half the money will be used to establish Kenny clinics, other half will go to the national organization . . . Washington oldsters who have been saying, "Watch the veterans take over," point knowingly to the appointment of Capt. Watson B. Miller as Federal Security Administrator to succeed Paul V. McNutt. Actually, Miller—who was engaged in veterans' affairs with the American Legion for

Medical Research has been doing "Double Duty" too... Doctor

The war has acted as a wonderful stimulant to medical research. Medical progress has stepped up remarkably. Advances that normally might not have been realized in years were accomplished almost overnight.

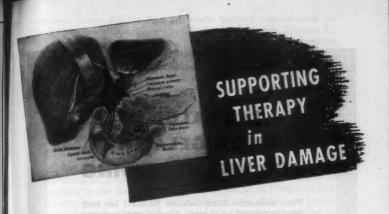
The details of these remarkable advances will come to you firsthand from the Detail Man. These representatives from the old reliable pharmaceutical manufacturers have remarkable stories that have never been published.

Therefore, it is more important than ever for you to see these Detail Men when they call, Doctor. Many of them have news of products recently made available—of new uses for old products, discovered under wartime stress. So if you can, doctor, plan to give the Detail Man enough time to tell you "What's new"—especially on his first call around.

His company equips him to bring you helpful information—to enable you to give better treatment to your patients. He isn't a doctor—nor can he tell you how to practice medicine. But he can tell you a lot about what his company's products can and can't do for your patients. And that may save you many precious hours of checking on the rationale of a product.

· So get the details from the detail man . . . a specialist in service.

This advertisement is contributed by Medical Economics in the interest of finer public relations between the Medical Profession and leading Pharmaceutical Manufacturers.



Support in impaired liver function and hepatic damage, in many stubborn cases, is safely attained through the use of

SORPARIN

Conspicuous among the pharmacodynamic actions of this recently re-investigated botanical are:

- Sorparin stimulates the functioning of liver cells.
- In a large majority of cases Sorparin dispels the indefinite dyspepsias frequently associated with hepato-biliary dysfunction.
- Is not a cholagogue nor a choleretic—may be used in obstructive types of jaundice.
- No known contraindications.
- May be used with safety in combination with bile salts (although these are not required for therapeutic efficacy), with vitamin K, antispasmodics, sedatives or sulfonamides without incompatibility.

CLINICAL INDICATIONS: Hepatitis, with and without jaundice, toxic and obstructive jaundice, chronic cholecystitis with and withoutstone, idiopathic hypothrombinemia and post-surgical biliary symptoms. Available in tablets, each containing Sorparin 3 gr. Bottles of 100, 500 and 1000. Literature on request.

McNeil Laboratories

THE VALUE OF KNOX GELATINE FOR INFANT FEEDING

Pure, unflavored Knox Gelatine (U. S. P.) has long been recognized as an easily digested supplementary protein in many types of diets.

Clinical studies on infant nutrition show that when 1% and 2% Knox Gelatine is added to infants' formulae, there is a reduction of curd tension and a significant improvement in the digestive function.

The doctor concerned with special problems in infant feeding will be interested in details of these findings in a Knox booklet on the subject. Clip the coupon below and send for your copy.

KNOX GELATINE U.S.A.

IS PLAIN, UNFLAVORED GELATINE ... ALL PROTEIN, NO SUGAR

KNOX GELATINE, JOHNSTOWN, N. Y.

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with the contract of

Address.

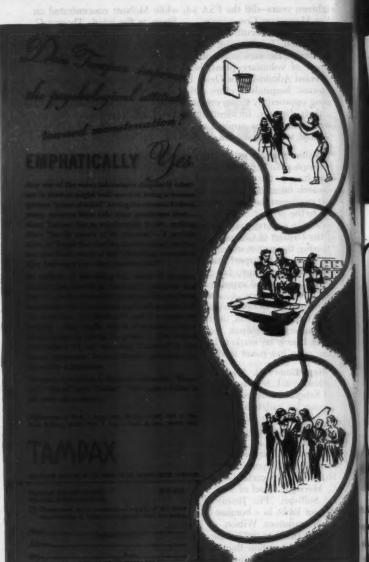
City

PAGE 10 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

D

eighteen years—did the FSA job while McNutt concentrated on War Manpower Commission . . . Straw in the wind: Thomas C. Schumacher, executive secretary of the California Osteopathic Association, is plumping for compulsory medical insurance in California. He says years of experience have demonstrated the failure of voluntary plans, both commercial and medical . . . Veterans Administrator Omar Bradley, in his campaign to locate veterans' hospitals in cities rather than in less populous areas, is being opposed by Congressmen intent upon pork-barrel building in their districts. Incidentally, General Bradley doesn't like the word "facility" as applied to a veterans' hospital and has told his staff to stop using it.

- ▶ Walter Salek, a veteran who spent fifteen months and \$1,100 developing an artificial hand for himself, has been called in as consultant to the International Business Machines Corporation in research on artificial limbs for veterans. Each of the company's 350 engineers has been asked to make whatever contribution he can to the project . . . Stop diagnosing or treating patients except under the supervision of a licensed physician, the Health Officer of the District of Columbia warns hospital internes and residents. "During the war it was one thing," he says, "now it is another." ... New air transport line. Skyways International Trading and Transport Company, has been formed in Miami to transport drugs and medical supplies (and nothing else) between the U.S. and South America . . . American population as of Jan. 1, 1946, estimated at 140 million people. Births in the last four years total more than 10% million, deaths more than 5 million . . . Advertised as "perfecting bedpan technique" a new cover of disposable paper is now on market. It envelops sides as well as top of bedpan, even has panel to record patient's name, etc. .
- ▶ Rep. Emory H. Price (D., Florida) pushing two bills which authorize a U.S. Naval Medical School and U.S. Military Medical School. Students would be selected and admitted in the same manner as cadets and midshipmen . . . When a physician calls in a consultant without authorization of his patient, says a California appellate court, the patient is not legally bound to pay the consultant . . . Theodore Roosevelt Distinguished Service Medals of Honor for 1945 awarded to Dr. Vannevar Bush, Director of the Office of Scientific Research and Development; Cordell Hull, former Secretary of State; and General of the Army George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff . . . According to Broadway columnist Ed Sullivan, "Pfc. Jimmy Wilson, 20-year old airman who lost all four limbs in a bomber crash, sums up the boiling resentment of all amputees. Wilson, at Thomas England General Hospital, flatly refused to go on the air with Maj. Gen. Norman T. Kirk and tell the nation that he was satisfied with, or benefited by, the artificial limbs supplied by the Government."



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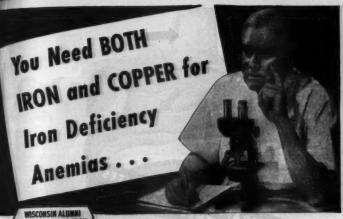
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RESEARCH FOUNDATION

APPROVED COPPER-IRON upon periodic

Here's Your Guarantee

This Seal or mention of the Foundation's name on the package is your assurance that licensed Copper-Iron products are approved upon periodic tests.

Utilization of iron in hemoglobin regeneration depends upon copper. Copper is needed to catalyze the iron for the making of hemoglobin. In Foundation-licensed compounds copper and iron are always combined in proper ratio and amounts. This assures greater certainty of response, faster recovery, higher hemoglobin levels. Dosage is smaller, gastro-intestinal upsets extremely rare and patients' cooperation much improved.

Numerous clinical studies have demonstrated these advantages on hundreds of patients. Why not standardize on Copper-Iron Compounds for your iron-deficiency anemia cases.

> If you baven't read the Foundation's two interesting booklets on bemoglobin regeneration, write for them today.

ISCONSIN ALUMNI Research FOUNDATION MADISON 6; WISCONSIN

Mail me your booklets on bemoglobin regeneration.

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ZONE___STATE





In PARANASAL INFECTION, the treatment with ARGYROL is wisely directed to these three foci:

- 1. the nasal meatus . . . by 20 per cent ARGYROL instillations through the nasolacrimal duct.
 - the nasal cavities . . . with 10 per cent ARGYROL solution in drops or by nasal tamponage.
 - the fauces and pharynx . . . by swabbing with 20 per cent ARGYROL solution.

Marked relief generally follows because ARGYROL offers more than effective anti-sepsis, decongestion without vasoconstriction, and cleansing of the membrane. It provides also for stimulation of the membrane's inherent, natural defense mechanism.

HOW ARGYROL ACTS

DECONGESTIVE—ARGYROL'S decongestive effect in the membrane is the result of its

demulcent, osmotic action. The withdrawl of ARGYROL tampons from the post-neal cavities frequently brings forth a long roy, mucous discharge measuring as much a two feet or more.

BACTERIOSTATIC—Although proved to be definitely bacteriostatic, ARGYROL is non-toxic to tissue. In nearly a half century of wide medical use of ARGYROL, no case of toxicity, irritation, injury to cilia or palmonary complication in human beings his ever been reported.

STIMULATING—Soothing to nerve ends in the membrane and stimulating to glands, ARGYROL'S action is more than surface action. For it acts symergetically with the membrane's own tissue defense mechanism.

When you order or prescribe ARGYROL, make sure you specify Original Package ARGYROL



ARGYROL

THE PHYSIOLOGIC ANTISEPTIC
WITH SYNERGETIC ACTION.

Made only by the A. C. BARNES COMPANY, NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J.
ARGYROL is a registered trademark, the property of A. C. Barnes Company

PAGE 14 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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Speaking Frankly



Profiteers

Exorbitant fees charged by a few physicians present a challenge which medicine as a whole must meet if it is to avoid being socialized. For one thing, let county medical societies buy advertising space in the newspapers to acquaint the public with the customary fees of physicians and surgeons. A schedule might show, for instance, that an average appendectomy would cost anywhere from \$100 to \$200, a hysterectomy from \$150 to \$250. The reader might also be informed that a medical society committee was ready to entertain statements from patients who felt they had been overcharged.

Only by getting off our high horse nd disabusing ourselves of the noion that we cannot be called to account by the public will the profesion gain the confidence and respect it should have.

Every physician has come upon cases of overcharging-or attempts at it. In one instance I recall a young man with a minor degree of hypospadias was told that he needed an operation costing \$500. When he later came to me I found that all he required was a little explanation and reassurance.

M.D., Oklahoma

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Workmen's compensation laws are intended to benefit the workman. Instead, they have built up a new form of insurance trust that feeds a

lot of milk and honey to a growing group of attorneys and insurance adjusters.

The system has left the worker more impoverished than ever by reason of a greater loss in time and money; his only gain is the spurious satisfaction of malingering. All in all, the result is proof positive that any prepayment plan for medical care will cost the patient more than it is worth-and return the physician less than he earns.

Lucien E. Myers, M.D. Orlando, Fla.

Nomads

I have been unable to locate office space since my discharge from the Army Air Forces in April 1945. Here, in rhyme, are my feelings about the situation:

Left office, left practice, left home To serve on land and sea; Left office, left practice, left home To fight for liberty.

Left wife, left boy, left girl To patch up G.I. Joe; Left wife, left boy, left girl To combat death-his foe.

Won war, won fight, won scrap Against the Reaper Grim: Won war, won fight, won scrap Healed head and arm and limb.

Back by sea, by land, by air To Freedom's hallowed soil: DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 15)onnatal

RELIEVES





—when the chief aim of therapy is to de both central and peripheral action with safety—Donnatal may be em-

outstanding efficacy of Donnatal is the result of a perfectly balanced combition of the principal belladonna alkaloids (hyoscyamine, atropine and scopolate), in fixed proportions, together with phenobarbital. Thus Donnatal provides:

- 1. The advantages of the natural belladonna alkaloids without toxicity.
- 2. Effective non-narcotic sedation.
- 3. Marked pharmacologic potency with small dosage at notably less cost.

he synergetic implementation of Donnatal makes it an ideal antispasmodic and dative in a wide range of spastic disorders—such as spasm incident to gastric duodenal ulcers, pylorospasm, spastic constipation, urogenital spasm, cardiosm, autonomic nervous disturbances, respiratory disturbances, Parkinsonism, miting of pregnancy, and other spastic manifestations.

LIEF OF SMOOTH MUSCLE SPASM



DUNNATAL T. B.

RICHMOND 19, VIRGINIA



The prolonged effectiveness of the Vonedrine Inhaler and its freedom from central nervous stimulation are vital aids to recuperative sleep.

VONEDRINE

PHENYL PROPYL METHYLAMIA

INHALER

CLINICALLY SAFE. The vasoconstricting action of Vonedrine is gentle, gradual .. without mucosal blanching, irritation or rebound turgescence. Low toxicity. May be used as often as needed to maintain nasal patency. At prescription pharmacies in plastic tubes.

VONEDRINE SOLUTION. For use as spray or drops. Available in one-ounce dropper bottles and pints.

MERRELL
The American Company Command U.S. American Company Command Company Company Command Company Com

Back by sea, by land, by air To another battle royal.

Gone office, gone patients, gone home We're nomads of the road; Gone office, gone patients, gone home Worry's our heavy load.

Unwelcome, unwanted, unsung Beggars on horseback we; Unwelcome, unwanted, unsung In the land of the brave and the free.

We hoped for help, for friendship for a mite of appreciation;
But the bum's rush is all we get
Throughout the entire nation.
M.D., Oklahoma

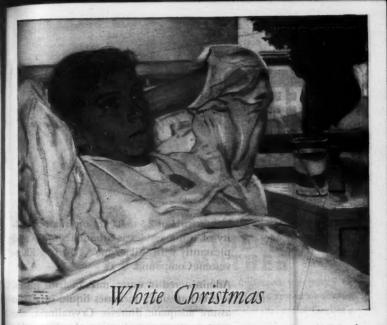
Each county medical society should undertake to persuade established civilian physicians to share their offices with returning doctors. A cardiologist, a gastroenterologist, and a dermatologist, for instance, could work very well together.

M.D., New Jersey

In a recent article detailing a New York City physician's experiences after returning from military service, this statement appeared: "Psychiatry looked inviting... But the only residency I could find was in a state hospital, and its training wouldn't satisfy the specialty board."

The New York State Department of Mental Hygiene, of which I am acting deputy commissioner, is anxious to correct this mistaken assumption. Actually, a number of physicians from our hospitals have successfully passed their American board examinations in neurology and psychiatry. Further than that, we have worked out plans for the formal training of our residents at

PAGE 18 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945



THE WARD is quiet now — voices hushed.

Men in white beds stare at the ceiling.

Two rows of them, twelve in each row, listening.

The radio is playing Silent Night . . . there's a lump in every throat.

Tomorrow will be their White Christmas, still away from home.

There'll be no bright packages under a Christmas tree...no candles lighting up the windows...no kid brother so excited he can't sleep.

No pretty girl beneath the mistletoe ... no gray-haired man carving a turkey ... no mother opening a package tied with a big red bow.

No . . .

The only things that can take the lonely

look from their eyes and put the light of Christmas there, will be these things from home:

Letters . . .

White packages with red ribbons . . .

Things that say, "Darling . . . I'm waiting!"

Things that bring new hope and love from home... to be treasured long after this White Christmas has gone.

BUY A CRUEN WATCH . . . BUT BUY A VICTORY BOND FIRST



"Precision," The Precision Watch are registered tredemarks. Copyright 1945, The Gruen Watch Company.



AMERICA'S CHOICE FOR OVER 70 YEARS



in Sulfonamide therapy

Urinary pH of 7.5 to 8.0 for optimal solubility of sulfonamides is attained simply and pleasantly with 'Alka-Zane'* Alkaline Effervescent Compound.

Administered in water, milk or fruit juice, it simultaneously increases liquid intake to assure adequate diuresis. Crystalluria, the most common complication of sulfonamide therapy is thus obviated by one simple measure.

In solution, each heaping teaspoonful of 'Alka-Zane' Alkaline Effervescent Compound supplies:

Sodium citrate
Sodium bicarbonate
Calcium phosphate
Magnesium phosphate
Calcium glycerophosphate

41 grains (2.70 Gm.) 25.30 grains (1.60 Gm.) 3.80 grains (0.25 Gm.) 3.80 grains (0.25 Gm.) Many

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1.80 grains (0.10 Gm.)

Supplied as white granules in bottles of 1½ oz., 4 oz. and 8 oz.

'alka zane'

William R. Warner & Co., Inc., 113 West 18th Street, New York 11, N.Y. PAGE 20 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945



A GOOD BABY CEREAL* PRICED WITHIN THE REACH OF EVERY MOTHER

Many physicians and infant nutritionists have endorsed the policy of making a baby cereal of high nutritional value available at a price within the reach of every mother—a policy pioneered by the makers of Gerber's laby Foods.

The table below shows that iron and vitamin B_i (from natural sources) have been added in substantial amounts to Gerber's Cereal Food to offset mognized deficiencies in the infant diet. Gerber's Cereal Food mixes to a mooth, uniform texture, is pleasant tasting and has low crude fibre contact. It is pre-cooked, ready-to-serve with the addition of milk, or formula.





GERBER PRODUCTS COMPANY
Dept. 2212-5, Fremont, Mich.
Gentlemen: Kindly send a complimentary sample of
Gerber's Cercal Food and a Professional Reference
Card to the following address:

Name.

Address.

Giv. State.

DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 21

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Emotional Imbalance Menopausal Nervousness Insomnia

Its dependable sedative or hypnotic influence makes Bromidia applicable in a wide range of conditions characterized by emotional agitation or anxiety. Containing chloral hydrate, potassium bromide, and extract of hyoscyamus in a palatable vehicle. Bromidia permits of individualization of dosage as dictated by the severity of the patient's symptoms. In one-half to one dram doses it exerts a relaxina sedative influence, and in one to two dram doses it is hypnotic in action, quickly inducing refreshing sleep. Bromidia is especially useful in the menopause, either alone or in conjunction with estrogenic therapy if the latter is indicated.

BATTLE & CO.

4026 Olive St.

St. Louis 8, Mo.

BROMIDIA BATTLE

Blank said .

two centers where, in addition t clinical training in hospitals, the will receive instruction in the bas subjects.

Newton J. T. Bigelow, M. Albany, N.Y.

Moral

I note that a recent item mationed Joseph Hergesheimer (amo other men) as a physician who achieved notable success in a fill other than medicine. Actually, Hergesheimer, a personal friend mine, is not a physician. (He tale pride in the fact that he never tended any college.)

Be that as it may, his writings dicate a profound knowledge many technical features of m cine. The character studies in novels have frequently included prochological analyses, clinical syn tomatology, and other things which very naturally, warrant the assurtion that the author is a gradual physician.

Perhaps there is an important la son here for us: If an author amlyzes so exhaustively the symptomtology in a fictional character, a plysician in the study of a living patient can scarcely do less.

> Henry Pleasants, Jr., M. . West Chester, Pa.

Limelight

I object to the unethical methods some well known M.D.'s use to advertise themselves. For instance:

"Dr. and Mrs. Blank are leaving for the country on the 15th.'

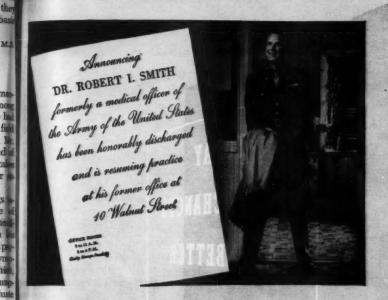
"Addressing the Rotary Club, D.

"Dr. and Mrs. Blank gave a disner party last evening for their son, who is home on leave . . ."

Not advertising? Well, it keeps

PAGE 22 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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Welcome Home, Doctor!

Warriors Without Weapons ... Soldiers in White ... Marshals of Mercy...

The medical men in the war will be the subject of novels, plays, and movies for years to come. But words, pictures . . . statistics, revealing as they are . . . won't begin to tell the whole story of the magnificent work you did. Nor will words be adequate to express fully the appreciation and thanks of your fellow men.

The makers of Camel cigarettes join with millions of others in saying, "Well done, Doctor" and "Welcome home!"

AMELS Cattle





DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 23

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M.D.

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Advances in the therapy and care of arthritic patients have considerably increased their chances for recovery....

Many factors have aided in this improved prognosis in arthritis. Patients are seeing their expected. The physical and dietetic care of he patient is now better understood. Greater cooperation of the patient is obtained by education, and in general a more scientific approach to the problems is made.

An outstanding contribution to the improved prognosis in arthritis is Ertron - evaluated and proved effective in thousands of cases over a ten-year period.

ERTRON The results with Entron therapy have been measured - muscle strength, joint size, weight gain, mobility - all have been tabulated in addition to other valuable information in the extensive studies which have stermined Frien's, field of usefulness in the arthritic picture, and is

To Estronize, comploy Estron in an adequate daily desage for a inficiently long period to produce entired improvement. Gradually increase the desage to the toleration level and maintain this dosage until maximum improvement occurs. Ertonize early and adequately for MARKET H. CALLERY AND APPARE

Ertron alone - and no other product - contains electrically activated vaporized erposterol (Whittier Process).

Supplied in battles of 50, 100 and 500 capsules. Parentered for supplementary intransuscular injection.

Eshically promoted.

NUTRITION RESEARCH LABORATORIES . CHICAGO



ABERRATIONS of the menses are among

the most common complaints for which female patients seek professional advice.

Ergoapiol has long been recognized as a highly efficient emmenagogue. Its unique inclusion of all the alkaloids of ergot (prepared by hydro-alcoholic extraction) assures a balanced action—synergized by the presence of apiol (M. H. S. Special), oil of savin, and aloin. By helping to induce pelvic hyperemia, and stimulating smooth, rhythmic uterine contractions, Ergoapiol often provides welcome relief in many cases of functional disturbance.

It also constitutes a desirable hemostatic agent to aid in the control of excessive bleeding. And, as an oxytocic, it is frequently of benefit in facilitating invalution of the postpartum uterus.

For a full discussion, send for capy of the booklet "The Symptomatic Treatment of Menstrual Irregularities."

INDICATIONS

Amenorrhea, dysmenarrhea, menorrhagia, metrorrhagia, in obstetrics.

Deenge: 1 to 2 coposies, 3 to 4 times delly.

Supplied: In ethical packages of 20 capsules.

MARTIN H. SMITH COMPANY
138 LAPAYETTE ST. MEW YORK, M. Y.



Dr. Blank's name before the public, doesn't it?

M.D., Pennsylvania

Abortion

In Russia in 1936 I saw this sign in a doctor's office: "We'll abort you the first time but do not come again for the same thing." I agree with the principle behind it: If for financial health reasons a child is not wanted the situation should be corrected the reasons a child is not wanted the situation should be corrected the reasons a child is not wanted the situation should be corrected the reasons a child is not wanted the reasons a correct use of contraceptives, the petient should avoid pregnancy or accept its consequences.

M.D., New Jersey

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Laws regarding abortion should be liberalized so that the economistatus of a family, as well as the physical condition of the pregnant patient, would get consideration.

M.D., Nevada

Itinerant

Since X-ray examination lags in rural areas, partly because of inadequate facilities and partly because of ignorance on the part of the people, we encounter far too many hopeless cases of tuberculosis. Lat us therefore extend the use of the itinerant clinic, with its mobile apparatus, at the same time effecting better distribution of educational material to laymen in the rural areas.

M.D., Illinois

Unbiological

The pre-med period of study should be shortened. It keeps a doctor from economic security until he's 30. This is unbiological.

M.D., New York

Only the unusual doctor will take the time and trouble to continue

PAGE 26 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945



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1. Blatt lobar pneumonia (type 1) and right empyema.

Size of cavity, type of infection, and number of organisms determine the amount of penicillin to be administered in empyems. Usually 50,000 or 100,000 units in normal physiologic saline solution are injected once or twice daily directly into the empyema cavity after aspiration of pus or fluid. (Keefer, C. S.: New Dosage Forms of Penicillin, J.A.M.A. 128:1161 [Aug. 18] 1945.) Treatment is by instillation, rather than irrigation, because penicillin requires at least 6 to 8 hours of contact for maximum effect.

Bristol Penicillin, because of its freedom from toxicity and pyrogens, as well as absolute sterility and standard potency assures the desired pharmacologic action.

The rapidly developing new clinical uses of this potent antibiotic are abstracted in issues of the BRISTOL PENICILLIN DIGEST. If not receiving your copies regularly, write.



CHAPLIN LIBORATORIES INC.
SYRACUSE 1, N. Y.

Penicillin Empyema



2. Hight hydropnoumotherax with lipiedel

3. After injecting Penicillin in saline inth empress cavity daily for five days.



THE RELIEF ROLE OF "MOIST HEAT"

Many authorities advise the use of moist heat in the form of poultices for relieving the following symptoms when present in affections of the respiratory system:

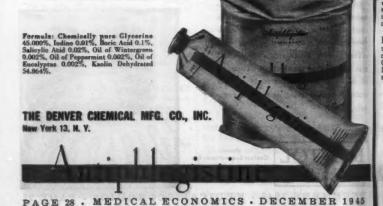
- · COUGH
- RETROSTERNAL TIGHTNESS
- . MUSCULAR AND PLEURITIC PAIN
- . SORENESS OF THE CHEST

Antiphlogistine as a medicated

poultice provides a convenient method for applying moist heatfor prolonged periods.

Antiphlogistine is valuable as an adjuvant in the symptomatic treatment of Bronchitis, Tracheitis, Chest Colds, Tonsilitis, Pneumonia, Pleurisy.

Antiphlogistine may be used with Chemo-therapy.



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THE literature is replete with reports on splendid results from massive doses of vitamin C in allergies and other C deficiency conditions, but doctors using this therapy find they have many patients who "can't take it."

For your patients who find straight vitamin C irritating, SODASCORBATE (sodium ascorbate) solves the problem. For the first time, SODASCORBATE offers vitamin C in dry, neutral form, free from the gastric irritation and acid-shift effects that so frequently result from massive doses of this vitamin.

Now you can use this effective new therapy without heaitancy—can freely administer large and freequent doses of vitamin C without undesired side-effects. Each SODASCORBATE Tablet contains 120 mg. of sodium ascorbate, equivalent in vitamin of the contains of the contains

min C activity to 100 mg. (or 2000 U.S.P. Units) of ascorbic acid.

The average dose for adults and children over 12 years is one tablet 3 times daily; or as indicated by the condition. For children under 12, one-half tablet. For babis or very young children, one-fourth to one-half tablet may be crushed and dissolved in milk.

Supplied in bottles of 40 and 100 tablets, as well as in "hospital-size" bottle containing 500 tablets. For professional samples and covering literature, sign and mail the coupon.



SODAS CORBATE

| 500 N. Dearborn, C | hicago 10 . ME- | |
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| Please send samples covering literature. | of SODASCORBATE as | ad |
| Dr. | 1-1-1-2-15-1 | _ |

VAN DATTEN DUADMACENTICAL CO.

Address

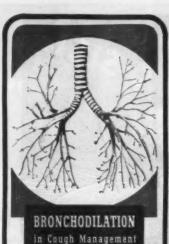
DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 29

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In branchial congestion, Nethacol aids the physiological function of cough. It relieves congestion by dilating the branchioles . . . helps liquefy and remove congestive secretions.

NETHACOL

Brand of Expectorant and Bronchadilatur

Palatable, sugar-free, non-narcotic; each fluidounce contains:

Nethamine (brand of methylethylamino-phenylpropanol)

Ilydrashlursile 1gr.
Chloroform 1gr.
F. E. Ipecac 1min.
Ammonium Chloride 10 grs.
Menthol %gr.

Dosage: 1 or 2 teaspoonfuls in or with a half-glass of water.

Supplied in pints and gallons

T. M "Nethacol" and "Nethamine" Reg. U. S. Pat. Of.

MERRELL

clinical studies after he has received his diploma. To offset the mental laziness from which the majority of physicians suffer, pre-med studies should be increased.

M.D., Maine

Sherlocks

Fed up? All the medical officers in this Southern camp below the grade of major have to take nightly turns riding around town for five hours to check on the G.I.'s—e-4, see that their shirts are buttoned and neckties in place at all times, make them salute the car. On top of that, paper work—most of it unnecessary—takes up half our time. We are dominated by a bunch of Regular Army men who place administration and Army boards ahead of the care of the patient.

Medical Officer, Virginia

Irked

I'd like to point out to medical societies back home that there is me service gag on letters about the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill. it is rather irritating to have our civilian brethren use our military status as propaganda against legislation, via the old and hoary device of claiming to speak for suppressed voices.

Medical Officer, Pacific

Staff

During thirty years' association with New York City hospitals, I never saw a physician denied admittance to a staff if he was willing to work up from the outpatient department. Those who make the most noise about closed staffs are those who want to attain the heights without climbing.

F. Elmer Johnson, M.D. Springfield, Vt.

AGE 30 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

Commonest pediatric problem:

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Even though a child may be

undernourished, his appetite often fails.

To combat anorexia caused by a lack of important

B vitamins, pediatricians increasingly

prescribe 'Ryzamin-B' No. 2. Containing the natural B

complex as a concentrate of oryza sativa (American rice) polishings, 'Ryzamin-B' No. 2 also supplies potent

synthetic B factors. Children enjoy this rich, honey-like, tasty B complex preparation taken directly from the special

measuring spoon, as a delicious spread when mixed

with jam or peanut butter, or dissolved in milk, fruit juices,

his commonest pediatric problem with 'Ryzamin-B' No. 2.

favorite beverages. The doctor often solves

'RYZAMIN-B' PALISHINGS NO. 2

WITH ADDED THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE, RIBOFLAVIN, NICOTINAMIDE
'Ryzamin-B' reg. trademark

Tobss of 2 oz. and hottles of 8 oz... Ends gram contains: Vitomin By (Thiomine Hydrochlaride) 1 mgm. (333 U.S.P. Units); Vitomin

b. (Sheftwin) 0.47 mans; Histoliannide 6.7 man. and other factors of the 8 complex. Gram measuring space with each pathing.

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO. (U.S.A.) INC., 9 & 11 E. 41ST ST., NEW YORK 17

DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 31



B Complex therapy for the aged

"...the elements of the Vitamin B Comp are particularly indicated in older people, as a person gets older his carbohydrate into is apt to be increased, and he needs cert components of the complex for catalysts of carbohydrates to assist digestion."

New Eng. J. Med. (Feb.)

Eskay's Pentaplex

For his elderly patients, the physician will find Pentaplex the B Complex therapy of choice. An elixir compounded from five important factors* of the Vitamin B Complex in their crystalline forms, Pentaplex is so outstandingly palatable that even the most difficult patient will take it regularly, in adequate dosage, for as long as the physician directs. Smith, Kline & French Laboratories, Philadelphia, Pa.

makes
B Complex
therapy
palatable

*Contains thiamine hydrochloride, riboflavin, niscin, pyridoxine hydrochloride, and pantothenic acid.

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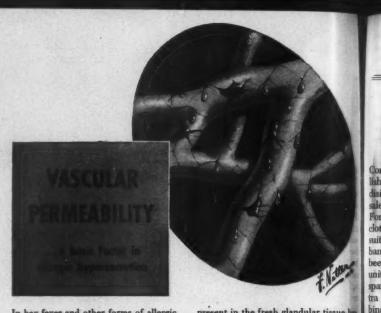
WARRIANT ST. 113



Chatham

CHATHAM THARMACEUTICALS, INC. NEWARK 2 NEW JERSEY 1)

Insubstat in Crossa in JISHER & BURPE, LOD., Vancage, Manual



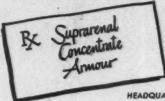
In hay fever and other forms of allergic hypersecretion, relief can be achieved only by arresting the mucosal weeping. That is precisely the action of SUPRARENAL CONCENTRATE ARMOUR. This preparation appears to influence vascular permeability. It exerts a drying and shrinking effect on the pale soggy mucous membrane. The drying action of SUPRARENAL CONCENTRATE ARMOUR also makes it of value in many cases of subcutaneous edema of unknown etiology.

In SUPRARENAL CONCENTRATE

In SUPRARENAL CONCENTRATE
ARMOUR, the epinephrine naturally

present in the fresh glandular tissue he been reduced to a minimum and the connective tissue and other inert cellular structures removed. This permits the oral administration of substantial amounts of suprarenal gland medication without producing gastric or intestial discomfort. The adult dose is two capsules t.i.d. with meals until the desire effect is obtained—then a maintenance dose as required, usually one capsule t.i.d. It is desirable also to start with our capsule daily and increase one daily until full dosage is being given.

Have confidence in the preparation you prescribe-specify ARMOUR



THE ARMOUR

CHICAGO 9, ILLINOIS

HEADQUARTERS FOR MEDICINALS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

PAGE 34 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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Editorial

Single-Package Prepay Plan

Combination offers are an established practice in general merchandising but a new departure in the sale of voluntary health insurance. For years, women have been buying clothing ensembles (e.g., matching suit, coat, and hat) while their husbands, on the same principle, have been buying cars (viz., as complete units, rather than with bumpers, spare tire, and other accessories extra as in the past). When the combination is logical, it benefits both the seller and the buyer. And with respect to health insurance—as with cars and clothing-it is logical. What's more, it is inevitable; for if the seller doesn't offer it, the buyer will demand it.

Now that hospital service plans are well entrenched with 20 million subscribers and medical service plans are on their early way with 2 million, the call for a combination or all-in-one-package plan is becoming more and more insistent. John Citizen maintains that there's absolutely no reason why he should pay two premiums to two organizations for two kinds of coverage when a single, hospital-and-medical-service-insurance "package" is possible.

And he's right.

The main problem is one of control. Some Blue Cross leaders, in earlier campaigning for a joint progam, gave physicians the impression that they sought to dominate medical affairs. This they now say was unintentional. According to Dr. Frank P. Hammond, medical director of Chicago's Plan for Hospital Care: "Hospital service plans want no part in the control of medical aspects of medical service plans. Not to the slightest extent do they desire to formulate or control professional policy relating to rates, benefits, or types of service. Every phase of the administration of medical care plans must be under the supervision of the medical society under whose sponsorship the plan operates. Hospital service plans are well aware that without professional good will there is some doubt that they could survive." What the hospitalization plans are saying to the medical profession, Dr. Hammond reports, is essentially this: "During the process of establishing and promoting and operating your program the hospital care plans will place at your disposal their complete office facilities, actuarial data, and acsystems-including counting personnel to handle them."

Even if it is assumed that certain Blue Cross people would like to be in a position to dictate to the medical profession, the risk need be slight-provided that in any arrangement for coordinating medical and hospital service plans each main-DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 35

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tains its own corporate status and its own administrative staff. On such a basis the medical plan establishes all policies under which it wants to operate. It hires the hospital plan, as an independent contractor, merely to handle its sales, promotion, advertising, collections, etc.

Failure to coordinate medical and hospital service plans means disorganized public relations, duplication of effort, less economical operation, double payroll deductions, and a host of other drawbacks. Success in coordinating the plans promises exactly the reverse. And that's not all: Blue Cross will then be able to satisfy its many subscribers who have been clamoring for medical as well as hospital service coverage. The medical plans, by gaining impetus from Blue Cross growth, should register striking gains.

There has never been much doubt about the wisdom of cooperating with the hospital service organizations. The big question has been "How?" Some arrangements have worked only moderately well. Others have been downright flops. The one mentioned here, however.

embracing separate organization and administrative personnel, has proved its merit in Michigan, California, and elsewhere. It has three or four times the number of subscribers covered under other arrangements.

It is gratifying to see organized medicine recognize at last the upgency of the need to coordinate hospital and medical service prepayment. A national meeting to discus the problem was held several week ago in Chicago, with representatives present from most of the stain medical associations. As this issue of MEDICAL ECONOMICS comes de the presses, a similar meeting will be in progress there to crystallize pattern of action. If successful coordination is realized, it will be the most important economic achieve ment of organized medicine in a deeade. For without the development of a unified, single-package, medcal-hospital service plan, the profes sion might just as well resign itself to the prospect of having the Corernment produce its own package. tied neatly with red tape.

-H. SHERIDAN BAKETEL, M.D.

Labor Saving

I was scrubbing in preparation to assisting the obstetrician who had not yet arrived. The patient, a highly parous multipara, was on the table, and anesthesia had been started.

Hearing a frantic cry from the anesthetist, I dashed into the delivery room and found her forcing a catheter down the trachea. The patient was cyanotic and there was no respiration, so I mounted the table, straddled her, and began artificial respiration. Meanwhile the nurse administered cardiac stimulants.

Suddenly the patient heaved a deep breath and at almost the same time I heard the cry of the infant from between my legs. Just then the obstetrician walked in. "How do you do?" I said.

-M.D., NEW YORK

PAGE 36 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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Aid for the Demobilized Doctor: The Medical Society's Role

Here, briefly, is what it can do to ease his way back into civil practice



Some medical associations have established ambitious programs to help the demobilized medical officer re-establish himself' in private practice. Others have done little or nothing. In most instances the returning physician can reasonably expect his society to attempt these things:

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FINANCIAL AID

Encourage civilian doctors to establish a fund through outright contributions or through the loan of war bonds or cash for a stated period, say, ten years. Thus enable exmedical officers who are in need of financial assistance to borrow reasonable sums for the purpose of setting themselves up in practice.

HOSPITAL CONNECTIONS

See that returning service physicians are restored immediately to full privileges at hospitals and to staff seniority. Ask existing staffs to review the qualifications of their current members and to invite practitioners returning from military service to submit their qualifications for new appointment or for staff reclassification. Set up machinery whereby any physician who feels he has not been given full consideration by a hospital can have his case reviewed.

RETURN OF PATIENTS Urge civilian practitioners to return patients to the men who cared for them before going into service; consider disciplinary action for those who refuse. Publish periodically a newspaper advertisement listing the names of physicians who have returned to private practice. Maintain a cumulative list in the medical society bulletin.

OFFICE, LIVING QUARTERS

Keep in constant touch with real estate agents in the vicinity; list all suitable locations for physicians. Query civilian practitioners about the possibility of making room in their professional suites for returning service doctors.

EOUIPMENT

Set up a special committee, including representatives of the local surgical supply houses, to expedite the purchase of new and used equipment by demobilized men.

POST-GRADUATE EDUCATION

Devote special effort toward helping the medical officer find the exact sort of post-graduate education he needs; more than that, try to open new avenues of education for him. Hospitals, for instance, have been asked by one state medical society to accept returning medical officers as unofficial observers for periods of from one to three

months. A county society has ar-

ranged with a number of surgeons DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 37

945

to take on several men as first operative assistants for periods of from one to two months.

List the subjects, time schedules, and fees of formal post-graduate courses in schools within a reasonable distance. Arrange to have the society's counsel assist veterans in obtaining educational assistance under the G.I. Bill of Rights.

MEDICAL BUSINESS BUREAU

Instruct the society's business bureau to furnish free services to returning physicians for six months. Arrange for assistance in setting up books; obtaining telephone, light, and other utility services; etc.

Suspend dues for demobilized men for a period of up to two years GROUP PRACTICE

Set up a liaison unit so that me who wish to become associates i group practice may be brought together.

INDUSTRIAL PRACTICE

List the names of ex-medical differs who wish to enter industrial practice, either full-time or partime, and have it available who inquiries are made by factory managers.

—A. G. ROS

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'Straw Man' May Cheat Investor

Vot long ago, a mechanic, living in an unimpressive house on a side street, went into bankruptcy. He owed, according to his schedules, almost nine million dollars—and he had no assets.

For years he had been a professional "straw man." He had engaged in 238 mortgage transactions in which a principal wanted to evade personal liability. The procedure in each case was relatively simple. A man who owned a piece of property would decide to mortgage it. (Ordinarily he'd create a mortgage and give a personal bond in addition. Then, if he were forced later to foreclose, the mortgage could sue for any deficiency—after a forced sale of the property—on the personal bond.) But to avoid the liability on the bond, the prospective mortgage would call in the straw man, deed the property to him, and arrange to have him mortgage it. When that subterfuge had been completed, the straw man would deed the property back to the real owner, together with the proceeds of the mortgage—less a fee of \$10 or so.

The mortgagee could, of course, bring a foreclosure action on the mortgage, but if a deficiency resulted he could collect nothing on the bond, because the straw man had no financial resources.

V.A. Invites Participation of 'Best' Private Physicians

Will also build hospitals near medical schools and establish residencies



Physicians and medical educators last month were lauding two major changes in Veterans Administration policy:

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¶ A plan whereby "large numbers of civilian physicians" would devote part of their time to the care of veterans in Veterans Hospitals so located as to obtain the services of the "best" men in private practice.

A bill introduced for the V.A. by Representative John E. Rankin (D., Miss.) to authorize a department of medicine and surgery in the administration and to provide, among other things, for the establishment of residencies and postgraduate training generally for V.A. doctors and the eventual establishment of a large permanent medical

General Omar Bradley appeared to be putting his new policy of decentralization into effect with a vengeance. Recently this reporter discussed with him his reorganization of the V.A.'s medical establishment, as well as its past weaknesses. The greatest administrative errors, the general observed, had been (1) a failure to utilize civilian practitioners in the care of the veteran ("a veteran is a civilian, and should have the best care that a civilian can get") and (2) stagnation of V.A. doctors who had been cut off DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 39

from helpful contact with civilian physicians and institutions. General Bradley feels that it is impossible to give veterans adequate care if the program is confined to a permanent, full-time medical organization. That plan failed in the past, he says, because (1) good doctors wouldn't work for the salaries the V.A. offered; (2) hospitals were built in out-of-the-way locations, where their staffs lost contact with modern medical practice; and (3) the administration failed to encourage initiative on the part of the individual.

The general's plan for utilizing private practitioners is tied in with the authorized program of nineteen new V.A. hospitals. "We have got to build hospitals," he 'declared. "where the doctors we want are available." This reverses the old formula of bringing the facilities to the veteran; however, smaller hospitals will be available for emergency treatment in less populous areas.

Of the nineteen new hospitals scheduled for construction (with a total capacity of 11,100 beds), thirteen (with 9,950 beds) will be situated near medical schools. This is much to the liking of the schoolssome of them have even offered sites on their own campuses.

During the interview, General

Collection Nudge

Six weeks after a delivery. I mail my statement. On it I note the time of the mother's next appointment and request her to acknowledge it. When she does, I know my bill has been received. As a matter of fact, following this reminder, the patient is usually prepared when she comes in for her first post-natal examination. -M.D., NEW YORK

Bradley introduced Dr. Paul Magnuson, professor of orthopedic surgery, Northwestern University, who has joined the V.A. to expand its research and training program. Dr. Magnuson said that cooperation between the civilian doctor and the Veterans Administration was long overdue. However, he pointed out, "you can't push a good doctor into anything; he must come in because he wants to be of service. And that's the only kind of doctor we want.

"Doctors work because they love it," he added, "but a good doctor wants to take care of his patient, not spend his time signing papers."

In this connection, General Bradley said that a special board was working out a simplification of the record and report system, and that plans were already under way to have virtually all paperwork handled by special administrative. technical, and clerical personnel.

It is the belief of Maj. Gen. Paul R. Hawley, acting Surgeon General of the administration, that the best place to get the services of outstanding specialists and consultants -either on a part-time salary or a fee basis-is in the vicinity of the country's largest medical centers.

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General Hawley wants every doctor to be actively associated with his local, state, and national medical organization. He hopes for the time when no medical society's meeting will be complete without paper by an active V.A. physician

"In appointing consultants," says the acting surgeon general, "can must be exercised to get only those physicians who are highly regarded by the rest of the profession, so that the appointments will become mark of quality. We want no one to be ashamed of working with the Veterans Administration.

As far as possible, the V.A. will try not to work any individual hard ships on doctors long in its service by forcing them to move to new lo calities as a result of the new decentralization program. But General Hawley declared that new men coming in on a full-time basis will have to agree to be moved when the veterans' interest would be best served by such a transfer. In the past, he said, too many men became stale and their usefulness was impaired by staying in one place for as long as twenty years. ?.

The V.A. needs about 3,600 physicians," says General Hawley. It now has some 2,300, of whom 1,700 are on loan from the Army and the Navy. If the entire load is to be carried on by full-time physicians, 1,500 more will be needed. The large majority of those lent by the Army and Navy are unhappy and dissatisfied, for very evident reasons. Obviously, therefore, the

situation is critical.

More progress has been made in the past six months by men and organizations cooperating with the V.A.'s Section of Prosthetics, ac-

PAGE 40 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

D

cording to General Hawley and Dr. Magnuson, than in the preceding lifty years. Among the famous research scientists thus engaged is C. F. Kettering of General Motors.

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The proposed Department of Medicine and Surgery (H.R. 4225) would provide for a medical corps, a dental corps, a nursing corps, and auxiliary and reserve corps. would be under the direction of a surgeon general, who would be assisted by one deputy and eight assistant surgeons general. The surgeon general and his deputy, the bill stipulates, must be physicians. In addition, there would be a permanent medical corps of 2,600 physicians in various grades; they would enjoy salary parity with medical officers in the Army.

Another aspect, of the V.A.'s plans to augment its medical establishment is a plan to employ demobilized medical officers "who wish to continue training in various specialties in preparation for board certification." In addition, a number of certified men will be appointed as junior consultants on a part-time basis. "These men," says the V.A., "will retain their positions in medical schools as teachers and will establish in near-by veterans' hospitals services of the same

quality maintained in other hospitals connected with the schools.

"Younger men will be appointed as full-time ward surgeons, giving them, in effect, residencies and fellowships. Such service under senior and junior consultants will be approved by the American Medical Association, the American College of Surgeons, the American College of Physicians, and the various specialty boards. The medical schools will be responsible for the teaching of fundamental sciences and will certify to the performance of the necessary work of each ward officer. Ward officers will be rotated between various services in their respective hospitals so the training will be broad, and will also be under the supervision of board-certified men. Any branch of the requirements for board certification that cannot be fulfilled in V.A. hospitals will be supplied by the medical school, so the training will be complete.

The administration has announced that young medical officers now with the armed forces may be transferred to the V.A. upon signing an agreement to remain in it for six months after the official termination of the war.

-OGDEN A. BEAL

As Ye Sew ...

had done an ordinary appendectomy and sent a bill for \$150, my customary fee. In due time, the patient's wife came in with a check. "I think it was grand of you to make such a wonderful reduction," she beamed. "Reduction?" I stammered. "Oh, we know," she replied, "that you surgeons charge \$100 an inch. So when we measured John's incision, we figured we owed you \$400."

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Planning to Relocate? Here's a Guide to State Licensure

Preliminary hints that will orient you in seeking a new license



If you are licensed in one state and plan to relocate in another, scan the table in the pages following, which indicates the reciprocal relations among the states and territories. The table can serve only as a general guide: Your next step will be to write to the licensing board of the state in which you are interested and request full information as to its requirements, fees, examinations, etc. (See accompanying list of licensing board addresses.)

Certain states¹ reciprocate at the discretion of the board. If your heart is set on moving into one of them and if, according to the table, your license is not endorsed there, ask the board if it will exercise its discretion

in your favor.

About half the states² require the applicant to have completed his interneship before asking for a license. Most M.D.'s these days have had interneships of course; but not all interneships satisfy the boards of the

states which require them. Some of the largest states (e.g., New York Massachusetts, Ohio, Texas) hav no interneship requirements at all Where a full year's interneship is a prerequisite, the state will probably accept a nine months' service it it was supplemented by three additional months in the armed forces

Graduates of foreign medical schools will find their choice of states somewhat restricted. While alumni of the approved Canadias schools should have no difficulty qualifying for state board examinations, graduates of schools in other parts of the world are not admitted to the examinations of twenty states³. The remaining states accept foreign credentials subject to certain limitations.

The certificate of the National Board of Medical Examiners is recognized in one form or another in a states except Florida, Montana Texas, and Wisconsin. However, is some jurisdictions⁴, supplementales aminations—they are usually oralare re
[Continued on page 51]

Connecticut, Illinois, Maine, Rhode Island, Wyoming, Michigan, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, and Washington.

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Alabama, Arisona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Maryland, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Wooming, and the District of Columbia.

Columbia.

2Alabama, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Michigan, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennaylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah Vermont, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, and the District of Columbia.

³Arizona, Arkansas, Illinois (except fograduates of Swiss medical schools), Ken tucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Montans Nevada, New Mexico, New York (if matric ulated after 1939), North Carolina, Okishomas, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee Utah, Vermont, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming.
**Connecticut, Illinois, Maine, Rhode Istantic Carolina, Caroli

LICENSE RECIPROCITY, STATES AND TERRITORIES

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LICENSE RECIPROCITY, STAYES AND TERRITORIES (Continued)

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LICENSE RECIPROCITY, STATES AND TERRITORIES (Continued)

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LICENSE RECIPROCITY, STATES AND TERRITORIES (Continued)

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LICENSE RECIPROCITY, STATES AND TERRITORIES (Cantinual)

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(Continued on next page)

LICENSE RECIPROCITY, STATES AND TERRITORIES (Continued)

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LICENSE RECIPROCITY, STATES AND TERRITORIES (Continued)

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quired. And, of course, the other requirements (as to citizenship, interneship, etc.) are not waived for holders of the National Board diploma.

Certain privileges are given to honorably separated medical officers; in some states, they are exempt from character testimonials, and in a few from examinations. But for the most part, these privileges are given only to applicants who "otherwise comply." Thus, if your school is not approved by the state, your commission in the Army or Navy is not sufficient to wipe out this handicap.

In addition to the regular examinations in the practice of medicine, some states⁵ require special examinations in anatomy, pathology, physiology, bacteriology, and chemistry.

⁶Arizona, Arkaneas, Colorado, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Florida, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, Wisconsin, and Washington.

Even if the state of your choice reciprocates with the state in which you are licensed, it is not just a matter of moving out there and opening an office. For instance, some state require that you must have actually practiced in the original state; a that your interneship complise with certain requirements; or the you take an oral re-examination is many years have elapsed since the issuance of your original license.

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Remember, too, that it is not a much the possession of a license in a state that counts, but the fact the you have passed its examination. In other words, you can't pyramid om reciprocity on another: Having passed the Massachusetts examination may entitle you to an Arkansu license, but the Arkansas license will income the passed that Alabama (the reason being that Alabama does not license holders of Massachusetts certificates by endorsement).

—E. K. SPARLIN.

OFFICIAL LICENSING BODIES OF STATES AND TERRI-TORIES, WITH NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF THEIR SECRETARIES

- Alabama Dr. B. F. Austin, State Board of Medical Examiners, 519 Dexter Ave., Montgomery 4, Ala.
- Alaska Dr. W M. Whitehead, Board of Medical Examiners, Box 561, Juneau, Alaska.
- Arizona Dr. J. H. Patterson, State Board of Medical Examiners, 826 Security Bldg., Phoenix, Ariz.
- Arkansas Dr. L. Owens, State Medical Board, Harrison, Ark.
- California Dr. Frederick N. Scatena, Board of Medical Examiners, 1020 "N" St., Sacramento 14, Calif.

[List continued on next page]

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|-------------|--|
| Canal Zone | Dr. C. M. Stayer, Chief Health Officer, Bal- boa, Heights, C.Z. |
| Colorado | Dr. J. B. Davis, State Board of Medical Ex- aminers, 831 Republic Bldg., Denver, Colo. |
| Connecticut | Dr. Creighton Barker, Medical Examining Board, 258 Church St., New Haven, Conn. |
| Delaware | Dr. J. S. McDaniel, Medical Council of Delaware, 229 South State St., Dover, Del. |
| Dist. Col | Dr. G. C. Ruhland, Commissioner on Licen- sure, 6150 E. Municipal Bldg., Washing- ton, D.C. |
| Florida | Dr. Harold D. Van Schauck, State Board of Medical Examiners, 2736 Southwest Sev- enth Ave., Miami 36, Fla. |
| Georgia | Mr. R. Coleman, State Examining Boards, 111 State Capitol, Atlanta 3, Ga. |
| Hawaii | Dr. J. A. Morgan, Board of Medical Examiners, 55 Young Bldg., Honolulu, T.H. |
| Idaho | Miss Agnes Barnhart, Bureau of Occupa- tional Licenses, 355 State Capitol, Boise, Idaho. |
| Illinois | Mr. Philip Harman, Department of Regis- tration, Superintendent of Registration, Springfield, Ill. |
| Indiana | Dr. W. C. Moore, State Board of Medical Registration, 301 State House, Indianapo- lis 4, Ind. |
| Iowa | Dr. W. L. Bierring, State Department of Health, 406 Sixth Ave., Des Moines, Iowa. |
| Kansas | Dr. J. F. Hassig, Board of Medical Registra- tion, 905 North Seventh St., Kansas City 10, Kans. |
| Kentucky | Dr. Philip E. Blackerby, State Board of Health, 620 South Third St., Louisville 2, Ky. |
| Louisiana | Dr. Roy B. Harrison, Board of Medical Ex- aminers, 1507 Hibernia Bank Bldg., New Orleans 12, La. |
| Maine | Dr. Adam P. Leighton, Board of Registra- tion of Medicine, 192 State St., Portland, Me. |
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| Maryland | Dr. J. T. O'Mara, Board of Medical Examiners, 1215 Cathedral St., Baltimore 1, Md. |
|----------------|---|
| Massachusetts | Dr. H. Q. Gallupe, Board of Registration in Medicine, 413-F, State House, Boston, Mass. |
| Michigan | Dr. J. E. McIntyre, State Board of Registration in Medicine, 100 West Allegan St., Lansing 8, Mich. |
| Minnesota | Dr. Julian F. DuBois, State Board of Medi- cal Examiners, 230 Lowry Medical Arts Bldg., St. Paul 2, Minn. |
| Mississippi | Dr. R. N. Whitfield, State Board of Health, Jackson, Miss. |
| Missouri | Miss Lucy Motley, State Board of Health, Capitol Bldg., Jefferson City, Mo. |
| Montana | Dr. Otto G. Klein, Board of Medical Examiners, First National Bank Bldg., Helena, Mont. |
| Nebraska | Mr. Oscar F. Humble, Bureau of Examining Boards, 1009 State Capitol, Lincoln, Neb. |
| Nevada | Dr. G. H. Ross, State Board of Medical Ex- aminers, 215 North Carson St., Carson City, Nev. |
| New Hampshire | Dr. A. L. Frechette, Board of Registration in Medicine, 107 State House, Concord, N.H. |
| New Jersey | Dr. E. S. Hallinger, State Board of Medical Examiners, 28 West State St., Trenton, N.J. |
| New Mexico | Dr. L. G. Ward, Board of Medical Examiners, 141 Palace Ave., Sante Fe, N.M. |
| New York | Dr. Jacob Lochner, Board of Medical Examiners, Education Bldg., Albany, N.Y. |
| North Carolina | Dr. Ivan Procter, Board of Medical Examiners, Raleigh, N.C. |
| North Dakota | Dr. G. M. Williamson, 4 South Third St., Grand Forks, N.D. |
| Ohio | Dr. H. M. Platter, State Medical Board, 21 West Broad St., Columbus, Ohio. |
| | [List continued on next page] |
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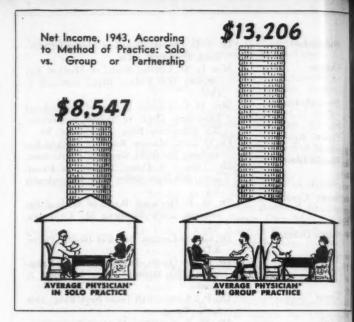
| Oklahoma | Dr. J. D. Osborn, Board of Medical Examiners, Frederick, Okla. |
|--------------------|---|
| Oregon | Miss L. M. Conlee, Board of Medical Examiners, 608 Failing Bldg., Portland 4, Ore. |
| Pennsylvania | Mrs. M. G. Steiner, Bureau of Professional Licensing, Dept. of Public Instruction, 358 Education Bldg., Harrisburg, Pa. |
| Puerto Rico | Dr. O. Costa Mandry, Board of Medical Examiners, Box 3854, Santurce, Puerto Rico. |
| Rhode Island | Mr. Thomas B. Casey, Division of Examiners, 366 State Office Bldg., Providence, R.I. |
| South Carolina | Dr. W. B. Heyward, Board of Medical Examiners, 1329 Blandena St., Columbia, S.C. |
| South Dakota | Dr. Gilbert Cottam, Board of Health, Pierre, S.D. |
| Tennessee | Dr. H. W. Qualis, Board of Medical Examiners, 130 Madison Ave., Memphis 3, Tenn. |
| Texas | Dr. T. J. Crowe, 918 Texas Bank Bldg., Dal- las 2, Texas. |
| Utah | Mr. W. R. McEntire, Dept. of Registration, 324 State Capitol, Salt Lake City 1, Utah. |
| Vermont | Dr. F. L. Lawliss, Board of Registration, Richford, Vt. |
| Virgin Islands | Dr. K. Knud-Hansen, Commissioner of Health, Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands. |
| Virginia | Dr. J. W. Preston, Board of Medical Examiners, 30 Franklin Rd., Roanoke, Va. |
| Washington (State) | Mr. H. C. Huse, Department of Licenses, Olympia, Wash. |
| West Virginia | Dr. J. E. Offner, Public Health Council of West Virginia, State Capitol, Charleston, W.Va. |
| Wisconsin | Dr. C. A. Dawson, State Board of Medical Examiners, Tremont Bldg., River Falls, Wis. |
| Wyoming | Dr. G. M. Anderson, State Board of Medical Examiners, Capitol Bldg., Cheyenne, Wyo. |

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Economic Aspects of Group Practice

Physicians* who practice in groups or partnerships in 1943 had, on the average, a 70 per cent greater gross income than solo practitioners, the Fifth MEDICAL ECONOMICS Survey indicates. Average net income of group physicians was \$13,206, compared with \$8,547 for solo men. (All physicians* had an average net of \$9,186.)

In view of the widely held belief that group practice reduces the individual expenses of partners, it may come as a surprise that the difference appears to be negligible: The survey indicates that group physicians paid out 35 per cent of graincome as their share of professional expenses; solo men, 36 per cent.

The belief is also prevalent that group practice gives the individual physician more free time for self-in-provement and relaxation. But the survey indicates otherwise. Here, in days, is the average time spent by group and solo practitioners on ducation and vacation in 1943:

| | Glomb |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Reading medical litera- | |
| ture | 17% |
| At medical conventions. | . 5% |
| In post-graduate study | . 5 |
| On vacation | 12 |
| | _ |

Total days

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^{*}Active, civilian, non-salaried physicians (i.e., those who derived less than 50 per cent of their income from salaries).

Finding an Office Aide

What kind you need, where to look, and what training to expect



If you intend to prospect for an office assistant, there are five things to be decided first: What duties do you want performed? What training do you consider essential? What experience should the girl have? How old should she be? What salary are you prepared to pay?

Office aides, like automobiles, some in an assortment of styles. Your choice lies among the registered nurse, the X-ray technician, the trained medical assistant, the laboratory technician, the medical secretary, the general secretary-stenographer, and the girl who is a combination of two or more of these. It goes without saying that the longer the training the higher the salary and, as a rule, the greater the benefit to you in terms of time saved and efficiency gained.

Principal sources of such personnel are (1) teaching institutions, (2) professional associations, (3) employment agencies, (4) advertisements.

Registered nurses, for instance, can be obtained (when available) through nursing schools; nurses' alumnae associations; hospitals; local nurses' associations; nurses' registries; professional and commercial placement bureaus*; and classified or display advertisements in nursing journals, medical journals, and newspapers. An official directory of nurses' associations is published

quarterly in the American Journal of Nursing, and a list of accredited nurses' registries will be found in each issue. The National League of Nursing Education publishes a list of schools accredited by state boards of nurse examiners. Both the journal and the league may be reached at 1790 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

For X-ray and laboratory technicians, try the schools that train them. Try their professional associations (e.g., the American Society of X-Ray Technicians, Genevieve J. Eilert, R.T., secretary, 16 Fourteenth St., Fond du Lac, Wis.). Try their registries (e.g., the American Registry of X-ray Technicians, Dr. D. A. Rhinehart, secretary, 701 Main St., Little Rock, Ark.). Try the professional and commercial employment agencies. And don't overlook advertisements in newspapers and in journals reaching pathologists and radiologists. Schools producing X-ray and laboratory technicians are listed in the Hospital

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^{*}Including the American Nurses' Association Professional Counseling and Placement Service, sponsored by the American Nurses' Association; placement is done in the Chicago office, 8 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago office, 8 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, and by those state nurses' associations which have their own counseling and placement programs functioning. The United States Employment Service's New York regional office recently opened, at 119 West 57th Street, New York, a similar service for Army and Navy nurses and other veterans of the medical services of the armed forces.



Number of the Journal AMA (this year, March 31). Lists of associations, journals, etc., may be requested from the American Society of Clinical Pathologists (Dr. A. S. Giordano, Secretary, 531 N. Main St., South Bend, Ind.) and from the American College of Radiology Mr. Mac F. Cahal, Secretary, 540 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago.

Sources of medical secretaries and assistants include lists of graduates of vocational and technical schools, some high schools, junior colleges, and colleges; local medical societies; professional and commercial placement bureaus; and advertisements in medical journals and newspapers. Such organizations as the National Vocational Guidance Association (82 Beaver St., New York City), and the American Association for Adult Education (525 West 120th St., New York City), will refer you to local associations which list neighboring courses and schools. A geographically indexel, national list of schools and college that train medical assistants and secretaries is available on requet from Medical Economics, Inc. Rutherford, N.I.

The doctor who doesn't live is or near a fairly large city may haw to rely on correspondence as a means of conducting his search for a trained medical aide. Actually, that is common practice; many assistants are obtained by just such means.

Courses given by schools and colleges that train medical secretaries and assistants vary in length from six months to two years. Because of this appreciable difference, it pays to find out exactly the nature and duration of the technical training received by an applicant for such a job. Determine also how far she went in her academic work (high school, junior college, or college graduate).

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It might be stated broadly that the quality of training given medical office aides rises from the vocational high school to the technical school to the junior college. The generalization is not, however, entirely fair, since there are poor junjor colleges just as there are excelent technical schools.

Industrial organizations which have their own medical staffs sometimes offer stenographers and secretaries within their own ranks instruction in medical terminology.

Institutions that train medical office aides usually include several or all of the following subjects in their curricula:

Laboratory technique (i.e., hematology, blood chemistry, urinalysis, clinical pathology, bacteriology);

X-ray technique;

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Office practice (electrocardiography; basal metabolism; diathermy: heliotherapy; first aid; patient elations and psychology; case hisbry taking; handling supplies; terilization; use and care of instrunents; preparation for examination have minor surgery; taking temperature, pulse, etc.;

Materia medica:

Medical secretarial work (medial terminology, shorthand, transcription, typing, filing, indexing, bookeeping);

Anatomy and physiology;

Medical jurisprudence.

One of the junior colleges describes its medical secretarial program thus:

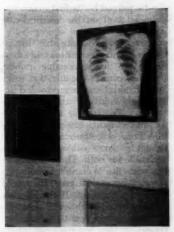
"This course provides the thorough, professional training needed by secretaries in the offices of physicians, hospital executives, and dentists. It supplements a mastery of basic secretarial subjects with a vocabulary of medical terms and DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 57

phrases, and it familiarizes the student with the methods and functions of medical practice.

"The subjects are developed through laboratory work as well as through individual and group instruction by regular physicians and other members of the college faculty. Lectures and demonstrations are supplemented by actual experience in doctors' offices or in hospitals."

-CARLTON FORD

Built-In Viewer



This X-ray viewer in the office of a Garden Grove, Calif., physician is set flush with the wall and takes standard, 14" x 17" film. Behind the wall, a 3' x 4' cubicle serves as the developing laboratory, houses the space-consuming tank, and provides storage room for films (as well as a handy shelf for supplies). The door below the viewer gives access to the film-storage closet; another at right (not shown) opens into the developing cubicle.-FERN HILL COLMAN

The Woman's Foundation, Inc., is not-alas!-what it sounds like: a corset manufacturers' public relations bureau. Rather (as you may note by reading "Cabinet Status for Medicine" in this issue), it's a group which bodes ill for medicine, if it can be judged by its first major recommendation on the medical-care

Parading an impressive list of trustees and committee members before an impressionable public, this newcomer organization may have entered the overcrowded social-study field with the best of intentions. The trouble is that its intentions include a campaign to combine Federal welfare and health activities under a cabinet officer responsible for both. The article dealing with the Woman's Foundation shows why such a program would be wholly unsound: If the number of such well-intentioned but illadvised groups continues to increase, we may reach a point where the doctor will be in far greater need of welfare than the patient (who will already have been carried off to a psychiatric institution).

A century and a quarter ago, Dr. Lyman Spalding brought out the first edition of the U.S. Pharmacopeia. It was a private, unofficial publication then, and still is today. For twenty years, physicians alone edited the volume (patterned after the London Pharmacopeia); butin 1840 pharmacists began to tale hand and since then have assum most of the responsibility.

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The necessity for standardiza drugs not included in the US drugs either too new, too old, or rarely used to come within its prpose-was realized from the being ning. In 1880, therefore, Dr. Charles Rice started work on an auxilian the National Formulary, issued for in 1884. Government recognition of ME this and the USP came with the Per cile Food and Drug Act of 1906, white tril cited them as criteria.



Head man of the American estreamomic delegation working with # "D lied officials to restore Germanis social security program is Merrill (Murray, of the Social Security wi Board. Some Capitol Hill onlooks gi are wondering if Murray will reput gi that while Hitler did not create Grace many's social insurance system which originated with Bismarck, le found it most useful not only as a ca organ for regimentation but also be us cause it furnished enormous fund w which he could tap for Nazi activi ties.

There still remains in Germany social insurance treasury about \$3.1 billion which was earmarked for unemployment benefits, health insurance, and old-age pensions. This huge fund was built up over the years with employer, employe, and

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Government contributions. The entire program is on the verge of collapse because of the country's economic situation and because thousands of records were lost or destroyed during the war.

An estimated 75 per cent of German workers are unemployed and clamoring for benefits. They have contributed for years to make these benefits possible; but the destruction of the records often leaves no means of telling who is entitled to what. The Allied governing group has therefore had to freeze all fund assets until a new social insurance program can be set up.

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"Of all things to send you for itional MEDICAL ECONOMICS!" says a penhe Per ciled memo from one of our contributors in Kansas. Attached to the memo is a letter this man apparently intends to send to his delinquent patients at the close of the year. It reads:

ith Dear Mrs. Leftover:

Happier New Year!

"Since this is the period of good will to men, we make it one of forgiveness for you. We offer you a gift. The bill you owe us is cancelled. The debt is forgiven

"-with one proviso:

"You must make an equivalent cash gift to a worthy charity. Send us their receipt, and your account will be considered closed.

"Sincerely"



Some time after Pearl Harbor, the War Manpower Commission requested and obtained from private registries the names of all nurses using these employment media. Since the registries are commercial, feecharging organizations and since the lists are part of their bread and butter, they are generally confidential. They would not have been released to the WMC except for patriotic reasons.

Now the registries report that the United States Employment Service is using these very lists to contact nurses and to promote its own, free, Government placement service!

Whether this reflects bureaucratic irresponsibility or a brazen doublecross is of minor consequence. The effect is the same: If an appreciable number of nurses transfer to the Government agency, private enterprise groups in the nurse employment field will inevitably be forced out of business.

With hearings on the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill now in the offing, a point of view taken by the committee on medical service and public relations of the Iowa State Medical Society holds particular significance. Members of this committee went to Washington earlier this year to testify at Congressional hearings on the EMIC program. After doing so, they concluded:

"Much of the effectiveness of the testimony presented at the hearings by representatives of organized medicine was lost through lack of cooperation and planning."

They can say that again. Weand others we know-have received exactly the same impression at Congressional hearings in the last two years. Men capable of expressing the opinion of the medical profession must be developed by our national and state associations and be made available when their services are required.

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QUIZ

[Answers on page 106]

- If the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill becomes law, supervision of the administration of medical care will be in the hands of a. Federal Security Administrator d. Eleanor Roosevelt
 - b. A board elected by Congress e. Morris Fishbein c. Public Health Service f. Robert Wagner
- 2. Hippocrates, the history books say, flourished about a. 1,000 BC b. 400 BC c. 40 BC d. 400 AD
- 3. Alfred P. Sloan Jr. of General Motors has announced a \$4 million grant for research in
 - a. The common cold c. Leprosy e. Heart disease b. Tuberculosis d. Cancer f. Atomic fission
- 4. Dorothea Dix is known to the medical profession as
 - a. Founder of the Navy Nurse Corps
 - b. A worker for better care of the insane
 - c. A giver of advice to the lovelorn
 - d. First woman commissioned in Army Medical Corps
 e. First woman Congress authorized to wear trousers
- 5. Posology is the term applied to the study of
 - a. Poisons c. Paroxysms e. Feet b. Dosage d. Posies f. Spiders
- 6. The National Formulary is published by the
 - a. American Academy of Pediatrics
 - b. Association of American Medical Colleges
 - c. American Pharmaceutical Association
 - d. Public Health Service
 - e. American Medical Association
- 7. The number of new physicians licensed to practice medicine each year approximates
 - a. 3,000 b. 5,000 c. 8,000 d. 10,000
- 8. No use looking, there just isn't any American board for the certification of specialists in
 - a. Pediatrics c. Anesthesiology e. Pathology
- b. Geriatrics d. Plastic surgery f. Radiology
- 9. The Rorschach test is applied in the study of
 a. Blood c. The personality e. School grades
 - b. Sputum d. Heart function f. Musical scores

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The Shifting Population: How It **May Affect Your Practice**

Index of county areas gives a bird's eye view of their prospects



What impact will peace and reconversion have on population shifts brought about by the demands of industry in war? What are the imolications for physicians in

places affected?

Philip M. Hauser, assistant direcor of the Bureau of the Census, has made a study of a number of metropolitan-county areas1 to determine their rate of growth (1) before the war, (2) during the war, and (3) after the war. This shows a breakdown of the areas studied into four classes according to their current nopulation prospects²:

A-1. Areas that have shown the

fastest growth and have the best chance of retaining that growth. A-2. Areas that have grown at

better-than-average rates and are judged to have excellent prospects.

A-3. Areas that grew at betterthan-average rates during the war, but moderately in preceding periods, and are believed to have good

prospects.

B. Areas that grew rapidly during the war, but at a substantially lower rate prior to it. Lacking special postwar reconversion measures. their increase is expected to be transient.

C. Areas that lost population during the war, or barely held their own, but which in the light of earlier growth have fair-to-excellent prospects (C-1, excellent; C-2, good).

D: Areas that lost population-or showed relatively poor gains-not only during the war but also during the two preceding decades. They cannot be expected to grow rapidly or even to recover their losses in the

immediate postwar period.

The study shows of 137 areas classified, 60 were Class A areas, 11 Class B, 33 Class C, and 33 Class D. Most of the Class A areas lie in the South. Most of the B, C-and D-areas are in the North. The geographic percentage distribution of metropolitan counties by classes, according to

¹Any comparison by states would be in-dequate, for while a state as a whole may ave lost population, certain areas in it may ave shown large increas

The data evoked by the study was re-hecked on Nov. 1, 1945, by Mr. Hauser.

MEDICAL **ECONOMICS** sioned I. M. Moriyama, PH.D., of the Bureau of the Census, to make a comprehensive study of census figures, indicating how medical practice may be affected by nowdiscernible population shifts, the changing pattern of mortality, the aging of the people, and similar factors. This is his third article.

DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 61

postwar population prospects is as follows:

| Geographic | | | | | Ce | gnties | by Class | 100 |
|------------|--|--|--|---|-----|--------|----------|-----|
| Regio | | | | | A | B | C | D |
| North | | | | | 22% | 55% | 70% | 979 |
| South | | | | * | 56 | 36 | 27 | 3 |
| West | | | | | 22 | 9 | 3 | - |

Mr. Hauser believes that reconversion has thus far had little effect on population shifts brought about by the war; and he doubts that any great change is to be expected for some years. If there is a break, he says, it will probably come in the shipbuilding and aircraft-manufacturing areas; even then, relatively few newcomers will return to their former homes, and no substantial re-migration may be anticipated.

The physician who lives or plans to settle in any one of the areas listed can see at a glance its probable prospects for the next few years. Obviously, if his area is declining in population, it will need fewer doctors. If it is gaining, its medical

needs will keep pace.

METROPOLITAN-COUNTY AREAS OF THE U.S.. CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PROSPECTIVE POPULATION GROWTH

CLASS A-1

Atlanta (DeKalb and Fulton Counties, Georgia)

Charleston (Charleston County, South Carolina)

Columbia (Richland County, South Carolina)

(Muscogee County, Georgia; Russell County, Alabama)

Corpus Christi (Nueces County, Texas)

Dallas (Dallas County, Texas) Galveston (Galveston County, Texas)

Houston (Harris County, Texas) Jacksonville (Duval County, Flo ida)

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Miami (Dade County, Florida) Mobile (Mobile County, Alabam Mem Phoenix (Maricopa County, A.

San Antonio (Bexar County, Texa) San Diego (San Diego County California)

Tampa-St. Petersburg (Hillshy ough and Pinellas Counties, Fla.

Washington, D.C. (District of tohumbia; Montgomery and Prince Georges Counties, Maryland Alexandria and Arlington Comty, Virginia)

CLASS A-2

Amarillo (Potter County, Texas) Augusta (Richmond County, Gen

Baltimore (Baltimore city, Ann Arundel, and Baltimore Couties, Maryland)

Beaumont-Port Arthur (Jeffers County, Texas)

Charleston (Kanawha County West Virginia)

Denver (Arapahoe, Denver, and Jefferson Counties, Colorado)

Detroit (Macomb, Oakland, and Wayne Counties, Michigan) Durham (Durham County, North

Carolina) Evansville (Vanderburgh County eat County Indiana: Henderson Kentucky)

Fort Worth (Tarrant County, Tex-

Indianapolis (Marion County, Indiana)

Jackson (Hinds County, Mississip-

Little Rock (Pulaski County, Ar-Los Angeles (Los Angeles and

PAGE 62 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945 E

Orange Counties, California) Macon (Bibb County, Georgia) Madison (Dane County, Wisconbam Memphis (Shelby County, Tennes-Montgomery (Montgomery County, Alabama) oun, Nashville (Davidson County, Tenllshe New Orleans (Jefferson and Orleans Parishes, Louisiana) orfolk-Portsmouth-Newport News (Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Portsmouth, and South Norfolk cities; and Elizabeth City, Norfolk, Princess Anne, and Warwick Counties, Virginia) * Iklahoma City (Oklahoma County, Oklahoma)

as) Fortland Maine) Com ichmond (Richmond city, Henrico County, Virginia) cramento (Sacramento County,

(Cumberland

County.

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Hersa Ilt Lake City (Salt Lake County, Utah) in Francisco-Oakland (Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Fran-

cisco, San Mateo and Solano Counties, California)

in Jose (Santa Clára County, California)

Nora avannah (Chatham County, Georgia)

punty eattle (King County, Washington) pokane (Spokane County, Washington)

tockton (San Joaquin County. California)

acoma (Pierce County, Washing-, In

Vilmington (New Castle County, issip-Delaware)

CLASS A-3

irmingham (Jefferson County, Alabama)

Bridgeport (Fairfield County, Connecticut)

Canton (Stark County, Ohio)

Cincinnati (Hamilton County, Ohio; Dearborn County, Indiana; Campbell and Kenton Counties,

Columbus (Franklin County, Ohio) Hamilton-Middletown (Butler) County, Ohio)

Hartford-New Britain (Hartford and Middlesex Counties, Connecticut)

Pueblo (Pueblo County, Colorado) St. Louis (St. Louis city, St. Charles, and St. Louis Counties, Missouri; Madison and St. Clair Counties, Illinois)

Springfield (Clark County, Ohio) CLASS B

Akron (Summit County, Ohio) Dayton (Montgomery Ohio)

El Paso (El Paso County, Texas) Erie (Erie County, Pennsylvania) Kansas City (Missouri)-Kansas City

(Kansas) (Jackson County, Missouri; Johnson and Wyandotte Counties, Kansas)

Louisville (Jefferson County, Kentucky; Clark and Floyd Counties, Indiana)

Portland (Clackamas and Multnomah Counties, Oregon)

Rockford (Winnebago County, Illinois)

Tulsa (Tulsa County, Oklahoma) Waco (McLennan County, Texas) Wichita (Sedgwick County, Kansas)

CLASS C-1

Asheville (Buncombe County, North Carolina)

Austin (Travis County, Texas) Binghamton (Broome County, New

Cedar Rapids (Linn County, Iowa) Charlotte (Mecklenburg County,

ECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 63

North Carolina)

Chattanooga (Hamilton County, Tennessee; Walker County, Geor-

Davenport-Rock Island-Moline (Scott County, Iowa; Rock Island

County, Illinois)

Des Moines (Polk County, Iowa) Fresno (Fresno County, California) Kalamazoo (Kalamazoo County, Michigan)

Lansing (Ingham County, Michi-

Knoxville (Knox County, Tennes-

Minneapolis-St. Paul (Anoka, Hennepin, Ramsey, and Washington Counties, Minneapolis)

Peoria (Peoria and Tazewell Counties, Illinois)

Shreveport (Caddo Parish, Louisi-

Springfield (Greene County, Missouri)

Waterloo (Black Hawk County,

Winston-Salem (Forsyth County, North Carolina) CLASS C-2

Atlantic City (Atlantic County, New Jersey)

Chicago (Cook, Du Page, and Lake Counties, Illinois: Lake County. Indiana)

Cleveland (Cuyahoga County, Ohio)

Decatur (Macon County, Illinois) Flint (Genesee County, Michigan) Fort Wayne (Allen County, In-

diana) Grand Rapids (Kent County, Michigan)

Huntington-Ashland (Cabell County, West Virginia; Boyd County, Kentucky; Lawrence County,

Milwaukee (Milwaukee County, Wisconsin)

New York-Northeastern New Jers (Bronx, Kings, Nassau, Ne York, Queens, Richmond, Roc land, and Westchester Counti New York; Bergen, Essex, Hul. son, Middlesex, Monmouth, Mr. ris, Passaic, and Union Countis New Jersey)

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Roanoke (Roanoke city, Roana Pitts County, Virginia)

South Bend (St. Joseph County, Indiana)

Toledo (Lucas County, Ohio) Topeka (Shawnee County, Kansa) Youngstown (Mahoning and Trus-

bull Counties, Ohio) CLASS D

Albany-Schenectady-Troy (Albany, Rensselaer, and Schenectady Counties, New York)

Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton (lehigh and Northampton Counting

Pennsylvania)

Altoona (Blair County, Penns) vania)

Boston (Essex, Middlesex, Norfok Plymouth, and Suffolk Counting Massachusetts)

Buffalo-Niagara (Erie and Niagar Counties, New York)

Duluth-Superior (St. Louis County, Minnesota; Douglas County, We-

Fall River-New Bedford (Bristal County, Massachusetts)

Harrisburg (Dauphin County, Pennsylvania)

Johnstown (Cambria County, Pens sylvania)

Lancaster (Lancaster County Pennsylvania)

Lincoln (Lancaster County, Ne. braska)

Manchester (Hillsborough County) New Hampshire)

New Haven (New Haven County, Connecticut)

Omaha-Council Bluffs (Douglas

PAGE 64 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

County, Nebraska; Pottawattamie County, Iowa)

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Philadelphia (Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties, Pennsylvania; Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester Counties. New Jersey)

and Pittsburgh (Allegheny, Fayette, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties, Pennsylvania)

> Providence (Bristol, Kent, Newport, and Providence Counties. Rhode Island)

> Racine-Kenosha (Kenosha and Racine Counties, Wisconsin)

> Reading (Berks County, Pennsylvania)

> lochester (Monroe County, New York)

naw Counties, Michigan) St. Joseph (Buchanan County, Mis-

Saginaw-Bay City (Bay and Sagi-

Scranton-Wilkes-Barre (Lackawanna and Luzerne Counties, Pennsylvania)

Sioux City (Woodbury County,

Springfield (Sangamon County, Illinois)

Springfield-Holyoke (Hampden and Hampshire Counties, Massachu-

Syracuse (Onondaga County New York)

Terre Haute (Vigo County, Indiana)

Trenton (Mercer County, New Jer-

Utica-Rome (Herkimer and Oneida Counties, New York)

Wheeling (Brooke, Marshall, and Ohio Counties, West Virginia; Belmont County, Ohio)

Worcester (Worester County, Massachusetts)

York (York County, Pennsylvania)

Cabinet Status for Medicine

he committee, therefore, recommends . . . in the Federal Government the establishment of an inclusive Federal department of education, health, recreation, welfare, and social insurance, headed by a secretary with cabinet rank and three assistant secretaries of education, health, and welfare, all . . . appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate."

Thus would the Woman's Foundation, Inc., reorganize the existing health activities of the Government and lay the groundwork for greater Federal participation in the field of medical care.

There is reason to believe that the foundation's plan, if adopted, would be an even longer step toward socialization than was the Roosevelt reorganization plan of 1939 when, it will be remembered, the Federal Security Agency was brought into being. Creation of the FSA-which is in effect a Government holding company, controlling the operations of the [Continued on page 79]

DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 65

The New Hill-Burton Hospital Bill Puts Medicine in a Dilemma

Good features seem overbalanced by prospect of Federal intrusion



Headed last month for what looked like early Congressional enactment was a revised version of S.191, the Hill-Burton measure for a nation-wide program of grants-in-aid to states for hospital construction. The Senate Committee on Education and Labor had approved the revamped measure after subcommittee hearings on various proposed amendments.

As the bill moved to the Senate floor, medical men faced the grave dilemma it presented: On the one hand, it unquestionably would help the states to meet a real need for hospital facilities; on the other, it would leave the door ajar for serious Federal interference in local affairs.

It is the opinion of this observer, after attending the hearings, that no matter how carefully the bill appears to protect states' rights and restricted Federal power, the deadening hand of bureaucracy will eventually be felt. To what extent? There's no telling until the rules and regulations that implement the bill are promulgated. Then, of course, it will be too late. The EMIC program proved how ineffective doctors can be when they have to deal with a fait accompli.

Remember that the Wagner- the way is open for Congress to Murray-Dingell bill contains its pass legislation later on providing PAGE 66 · MEDICAL ECONOMICS · DECEMBER 1945

own version of the Hill-Burton proposal. Enactment of S.191 would simply mean that the Social Security Board, and its alter ego, the International Labour Organization, would have gotten one foot in the door that leads to socialization.

In his testimony at committee hearings, Surgeon General Thoma Parran said the program would cal for a total outlay of some \$2.5 billion over a ten-year period. But S.191, as revised, authorizes a Federal expenditure of only \$375 million (\$75 million annually for five years)—a mere 15 per cent of the Parran estimate. However, it is resonable to assume that once the program got under way, pressum would come from states, hospital groups, and organized labor to increase the Federal appropriation.

Under the allotment provisions the Government would pay 54 per cent of construction costs during the first five years leaving 46 per cent to be matched by the states. Whether the poorer states (for whom the project has been designed) could raise their share is questionable.

The bill makes no provision whatever for the maintenance of hospitals after they are constructed. But the way is open for Congress to pass legislation later on providing for maintenance—either directly by grants-in-aid or indirectly by way of a compulsory sickness insurance scheme.

Another anomalous factor: States in a sound financial condition are

encouraged to apply to a debt-burdened Federal Government for funds to finance hospital construction. Maryland, for example, would be entitled to nearly \$4 million in five years; yet Governor O'Conor

Provisions of the Hill-Burton Bill (S.191) as Revised

- ▶ Federal assistance to the states on a share-the-cost basis for (a) ascertaining the need for hospital facilities and developing construction programs, and (b) subsequent construction of public and other nonprofit hospitals, health centers, and related facilities.
- ▶ For construction, the Government to contribute up to 75 per cent to the poorer states, as little as 33 1/3 per cent to the wealthier ones. For planning, the Federal grant to be on a 50-50 basis.
- ▶ Administration to be in the hands of the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service—with state control of operations specifically provided. Framework within which the Surgeon General may issue rules and regulations defined in the bill.
- ▶ A Federal Hospital Council of eight persons to act in an advisory capacity. Three of the eight to represent consumers.
- ▶ Surgeon General required (within six months after enactment of bill) to prescribe regulations with regard to hospital distribution and construction. These to be approved by Federal Hospital Council and Federal Security Administrator.
- Authorized appropriations: For construction—\$75 million annually for five years, beginning July 1, 1946. For state surveys—one \$5 million grant. No appropriation for state administrative costs. Subsequent appropriations: to be determined by Congress.
- No Federal officer or employe to exercise "any supervision or control over the administration, personnel, maintenance, or operation of any hospital with respect to which any funds have been or may be expended."
- ▶ Each state plan for construction to conform to these requirements: (a) fixed minimum standards for maintenance and operation of hospitals receiving Federal aid; (b) personnel standards on a merit basis; (c) a state-wide inventory of existing hospitals and a survey of need; (d) no discrimination as to race, color, creed, or indigence; (e) construction of projects in the order of their need.

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recently announced that the state was in a position to make tax cuts (on income and real estate) that would save Maryland residents some \$6.5 million a year. Thus, while one state could slash its own taxes, it would still be eligible for Federal aid—aid that would increase the national debt or raise Federal income and excise taxes.

On the credit side, the bill provides a possible means for a more equitable distribution of physicians and other health personnel. Undoubtedly doctors, nurses, technicians, and others leaving the armed forces would be encouraged to settle in communities with well-equipped hospitals—areas to which such people will not turn at present.

It is significant that S.191 provides for the construction of "public health centers" as well as hospitals. An amendment, proposed by Dr. R. L. Sensenich of the AMA, suggested that "public health center" be defined in such a way as to limit medical care in such centers to indigents and to persons who could not-for geographical or other reasons-avail themselves of private care. But as the bill emerged from committee it was without the Sensenich provision; instead, it contained a definition drawn up by Isidore Falk, of the Social Security Board, that a "public health center" is "a publicly owned facility for the provision of public health services, including related facilities such as laboratories, clinics, and administrative offices operated in connection with public health centers." Incidentally, Dr. Parran has estimated that 2,700 such centers are needed.

The term "public health services" is not defined. Presumably per 30,000. —ARTHUR RUSSELL PAGE 68 • MEDICAL ECONOMICS • DECEMBER 1945

such services may be as broad as the Surgeon General chooses to make them. Thus the bill gives the green light to a program of unsuspected possibilities. The argument has been advanced that "public health" must inevitably embrace a preventive and curative service, for no hard-and-fast line can be drawn between the two. If that a gument were to prevail, communities could obtain funds under S.1st for the construction of centers is which complete medical services would be given to all comers.

Under the provision that fund be allotted to the various states in accordance with their per-capital income, Mississippi would be estitled to \$2,506,000 a year, Connecticut to only \$404,000. The fleten poorest states put together would receive nearly half the total

Federal outlay.

In the allotment of funds for surveying and planning, distribution would be based on population, with no state receiving less than \$10,000. Each would have to match the Federal grant dollar for dollar; if any state should not have funds immediately available, its share would be advanced by the Federal Covernment and later deducted from the allotment for construction.

The Surgeon General of the Public Health Service would be authorized to prescribe the number of hospitals to be built in a stat and the general manner of their distribution. The over-all calculation of general hospital beds would be 4.5 per 1,000 population, with a larger-than-average number allowed in sparsely settled communities. The number of public health centers would be restricted to one per 30,000.

—ARTHUR RUSSELL

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Looking for a Salaried Job?

Here are the prospects, salary ranges, and some suggestions to guide you



The physician who seeks a salaried position as either a temporary or nermanent source of income will an infinite variety of jobs available at the present time. The variety is so great, in fact, that it precludes complete tabulation; however, a listing of the major possibilities, together with sources of information, is given in Table 1.

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The interested practitioner may and it profitable to scan the clasified advertising columns of the Journal AMA and to register with one of the placement agencies that dvertise therein. Occasionally, too, wit uch metropolitan newspapers as 001 The New York Times carry helpvanted ads for physicians (most of hem in the Sunday editions).

Your county medical society may have a list of potential employers, and if your medical school mainains a placement bureau, as some out do, you can register there.

Should you be interested in pubau lic health work, try the American ber Public Health Association, which tate hei maintains a free employment service at its central office (1790 Broadway, New York 19, N.Y.). Your colleagues are another source of inthe formation-often best-about salaried openings. uni-

The greatest number of employment opportunities in the next few years will be in the field of Government service: the armed forces, Veterans Administration, Health Service, etc. There is reason to believe, however, that industrial expansion, the expected boom in air and sea travel, the growth of health insurance plans, and the building of new hospital units will all play a part in creating new non-Government openings.

In some fields, conflicting factors make it extremely difficult to gauge the employment future. Of interest to school physicians, for example, is the fact that the falling birth rate is noticeably decreasing school census figures, while at the same time there is increasing public demand for more and better school health service. In the field of aviation medicine, the growth of civilian flying is assured; but there is no telling how soon it will provide opportunities for doctors. A somewhat similar situation may apply in the case of ship surgeons.

Prospects in some other fields are less blurred. Industrial medicine, for instance, looks highly promising, with salary levels about double what they were before the war. More and more companies are becoming interested in having a doctor in attendance, and industrial leaders are predicting a business boom of from two to five years' duration. Top-rung pharmaceutical DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 69

Table 1 FINDING A SALARIED JOB

| local hospitals, county medical societies American Public Health Association U.S. Public Health Service State health boards Local health boards, local welfare organizations State civil service commissions, local societies. |
|--|
| State boards of health and mental hygiene, state civil service commissions State civil service commissions; local health and welfare departments American Medical Association American Hospital Association local hospitals, county medical societies American Public Health Association U.S. Public Health Service State health boards Local health boards, local welfare organizations State civil service commissions, local school boards, local health |
| American Medical Association American Hospital Association local hospitals, county medical societies American Public Health Association U.S. Public Health Service State health boards Local health boards, local welfare organizations State civil service commissions, local school boards, local health |
| American Medical Association American Hospital Association local hospitals, county medica societies American Public Health Association U.S. Public Health Service State health boards tocal health boards, local welfare organizations State civil service commissions, lo- cal school boards, local health |
| American Hospital Association local hospitals, county medical societies American Public Health Association U.S. Public Health Service State health boards, local welfare organizations State civil service commissions, local school boards, local health |
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| State health boards Local health boards, local welfare organizations State civil service commissions, lo- cal school boards, local health |
| Local health boards, local welfare organizations State civil service commissions, lo- cal school boards, local health |
| State civil service commissions, lo- cal school boards, local health |
| departments |
| |
| State civil service commissions, mu- nicipal police and fire depart- ments |
| Medical and dental schools, institu- tions for training technicians |
| non april constant we |
| County and state medical societies, hospitals, voluntary health insur- ance plans, medical publications |
| State labor departments |
| Medical placement bureaus, private bureaus, private group clinics, research foundations, county medical societies [Table continued on next page] |
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Table 1 (Cont.) FINDING A SALARIED JOB

| Field of Opportunity | Source of Information |
|---|--|
| Industrial medicine® | National Association of Manufac turers, local industrial plants county medical societies, state industrial and labor departments public utilities, metropolitan de partment stores, labor unions mining companies, medical place ment bureaus |
| Insurance medicine. | Home offices and branches of life and accident companies |
| Aviation medicine | Civil Aeronautics Authority, com mercial airlines |
| Pharmaceutical houses, (research, administrative, editorial) | American Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Association, home office |
| Ship surgeon | of well-known drug houses Transoceanic and coastwise steam ship lines, U.S. Maritime Com mission |
| Hotel physician | Metropolitan hotels, American Hotel Association |
| Sanatoria (staff work) | |
| Government | Federal and state civil service com missions |
| Private Prison physician | AMA, AHA, local institutions Federal and state civil service com missions, state and county wel fare boards |

^{*}Supplemental information on how to get an industrial job was contained in "Industry Beckons the Doctor," June issue, and in "How I Got Into Industrial Practice," October issue.

houses are probably going to need a constantly growing number of physicians to fill both research and administrative jobs, including some of an editorial nature. Doctor-writers are also reported in demand (us-

ually on part-time arrangement) in various branches of the publishing business. Hotels, now booming, have a steady need for house physicians. Extension of group practice, predicted by many, should open up DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 71

new opportunities for men seeking assistantships. Medical and dental schools, as well as institutions which train technicians, are expected to need more young instructors to handle larger enrollments and the trend toward teaching smaller groups. Above all, there is indication that the country's public health systems-Federal, state, county, and municipal-are due for reorganization and expansion. Concerning the public health field: Many salaried jobs may result if the recent recommendation of the American Public Health Association is carried out. This group, after a two-year study

made in conjunction with at health officers, has suggested & employment of 1,197 full-time medical officers, plus a total of sor 900 full-time administrative phys. cians (as bureau chiefs), to mana reorganized nation-wide system local health units. Another 6.00 practitioners would be employed clinical work, either full-time part-time This would mean filtime employment for many physicians who now do part-time work in health departments, and opening for numerous others who wish to work in public health on the side

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During the war, the doctor shot-

Table 2
SALARIES OFFERED CURRENTLY
IN FULL-TIME EMPLOYMENT

| Position | Approximate Salary range |
|---|-----------------------------|
| General practitioner\$ | 4,800 -\$12,000 |
| Internist | 5,000 - 10,000 |
| OLAR specialist | 7,200 - 12,000 |
| T.b. specialist | 2,100°- 7,000° |
| Pathologist | 4.200*- 10,000 |
| Obstetrician-gynecologist | 4,000 - 12,000 |
| Psychiatrist | 4,800*- 10,000 |
| Radiologist | 4,800*- 15,000 |
| General surgeon | 4,800°- 15,000 |
| Health officer | 4,500 - 5,500 |
| Industrial physician | 4,200 - 12,000 |
| Writer, pharmaceutical house | 4,200 - 7,000 |
| Medical director, pharmaceutical house. | 10,000 - 15,000 |
| House physician | 1,800 - 6,900 |
| Pediatrician | 7,500 - 12,000 |
| Anesthetist | 4,800 - 6,000 |
| School doctor | 4,800 - 5,250 |
| Urologist | 6,000 - 10,000 |
| Cardiologist | 6,000 - 10,000 |
| Dermatologist | 6,000 - 12,000 |

^{*}Plus maintenance.

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are forced industrial employers to offer physicians far greater salary inducements for both full-time and part-time work, and there is little likelihood of any drastic cuts while business continues good. Institutional and civil service jobs also pay a little better now, but generally the scale there is much lower than in industry.

Of course, the requirements of industry are likely to be much stiffer than those of Federal, state, and municipal units. Nevertheless, since the demobilization process began, placement agencies report, doctors leaving the services have been much more eager to obtain the non-gov-

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In almost every specialty, as well as in general practice, the salary range is wide. How much an employe-physician can earn depends upon many factors: his experience, education, executive ability, the doctor-demand in the area, scope of responsibility, etc. But as a guide to present pay levels, Table 2 may be helpful; it has been prepared from a study of several hundred actual openings which have been advertised in recent months.

The Veterans Administration and the U.S. Public Health Service are, of course, the two Government peacetime agencies which employ the greatest number of doctors, but they are by no means the only ones. Almost every executive department has a number of physicians on its payroll. To keep informed about medical vacancies, write to the nearest office of the U.S. Civil Service Commission.

Veterans enjoy a decided preference in obtaining Federal civil service jobs. For most medical positions, there is no written examination; instead, you are "rated" on a point basis in accordance with your experience and education. An applicant who meets the posted minimum requirements (i.e., in experience and education) automatically receives a seventy-point rating, with upgrading for additional experience.

Every veteran gets a five-point bonus. (To claim this, ask for and file Form 14.) The bonus is important: it may lift a rating from the sixty-five-point mark to the qualify-

ing mark of seventy.

Disabled veterans applying for professional positions paying less than \$3,000 a year may receive a ten-point bonus. To be eligible for this, the applicant must (a) have a service-connected disability, or (b) be over age 55 with some disability which would entitle him to a pension or to compensation. Those entitled to the extra ten points are automatically placed at the top of the eligibility list if they pass the rating test at all.

In the Federal civil service, the appointing authority makes his selection from among the top three candidates certified to him by the Civil Service Commission. If he passes over a veteran in that trio and gives the job to a non-veteran, he must file a public explanation.

Here are a few other "premiums" to which veterans are entitled:

¶ Age limits do not apply—unless the applicant has reached civil service retirement age.

¶ Height and weight specifications are disregarded, and the commission is permitted to waive other physical requirements.

¶ The rule that Federal jobs must be apportioned among the states

does not apply.

¶ Husbands of Federally em-

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ployed wives are not barred from holding civil service jobs.

In considering government employment, don't overlook state civil service. Many opportunities are available here for M.D.'s: in state hospitals, sanatoria, and prisons; in state universities, agricultural schools, and other teaching institutions; in health, welfare and police departments; in workmen's compensation bureaus. State civil service commissions are in charge of placement in many county and municipal jobs also-including such posts as school doctor, police surgeon, medical examiner or coroner, city health officer, township physician, and so on.

At least fourteen states have already enacted legislation giving veterans preference in applying for civil service jobs. In others, similar legislation is pending. The benefits vary greatly. Details may be obtained from the civil service commission at any of the state capitals. JOB-HUNTING TIPS:

Doctors who specify locations in a particular section, or in a town of certain size, reduce their chances of consideration . . . Other handicaps to getting a job are inadequate training, graduation from a foreign or unapproved school, lack of satisfactory interneship.

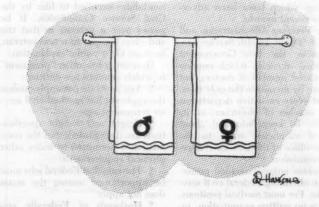
Assistantship opportunities are much more numerous in the Middle West and on the Pacific Coast that in the East.

Many M.D.'s shy away from desi (administrative) positions; thus, for years there has been a shortage of competent, medically trained hos pital executives.

In normal times, industry prefere doctors under 40, often releases men when they reach the 50 mark

Better be chary of government jobs not protected by civil service.

If you were an athlete in college. your chances [Continued on page 92]



PAGE 74 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

D



Using A.V.C. (Allantomide Vaginal Cream) in 100 cases of Trichomonas vaginalis in nonpregnant women, Angelucci* achieved good results in 98%-permanent cures in 84.6%. Thus, A. V. C. appears to be a specific for acute Trichomonas vaginalis.

A.V. C. combines 15% sulfanilamide, 2% allantoin and 5% lactose in a specially developed nongreasy, water-miscible base buffered with lactic acid to an acid pH. The ointment is odorless, non-staining and non-itritating and is easy to apply, requiring no tampons or vulval pads. The National Drug Company, Philadelphia 44, Pa.

*Angelucci, Helen M.: Am. J. Ob. & Gyn. 50: 336, 1945.





NATIONAL DRUG COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA 44,

DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 75

tals.

es



SUPERTAH (NASON'S) WHITE, NON-STAINING AND EFFECTIVE

Medical circles agree on the therapeutic value of coal tar preparations for eczema and other severe, oozing skin conditions. But many physicians hesitate to prescribe coal tar because the obnoxious qualities of the black tar preparations make the cooperation of the patient so uncertain.

For that reason, more and more doctors are prescribing SUPER-TAH (Nason's), a white coal tar ointment. It "has proven as valuable as the black coal tar preparation", say Swartz & Reilly, (Diagnosis and Treatment of Skin Diseases, p. 66) but is FREE OF THE OBJECTIONABLE OUALITIES OF BLACK TAR. A contrast of its qualities with those of black tar explain why patients find SUPERTAH bleasant to use:

- WHITE, not black.
- 2. Hardly noticeable on the skin.
- 3. Easy to remove from skin.
- 4. Causes no stain or discoloration of skin.
- 5. Does not discolor bedding or clothing.
- 6. Free of tarry odor.
- 7. Non-irritating; non-pustu-
- Need not be removed before re-application.
- 9. Can be left on skin indefinitely without fear of dermatitis.

SUPERTAH (Nason's) is distributed ethically in 2-ox, jars (5% or 10% strength.)

SUPERTAH



TAILBY- NASON (OMPANY Kondell Square Station, BOSTON 42, MASS.

RELIABLE PHARMACEUTICALS SINCE 1905

(NASON'S)

PAGE 76 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1946

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How to Register Government Savings Bonds to Your Best Advantage

An ill-advised choice of registration may upset your financial applecart



The buyer of Government savings bonds, Series E, often chooses the egal form of ownership least suited o his needs. All he sees is the convenient device of registering the ond in the name of two persons ather than in his name alone. He ealizes the advantage of automatic, mrestricted transfer to a beneficiary n case of his death or temporary ain bsence. So he usually has the bond egistered in co-ownership with anther person, such as his wife.

> As his savings bonds accumulate, e may conclude that registration of co-owner offers the additional enefit of minimizing taxes. The act is, however, that in many repects such considerations are eroneous.

Let us begin with the tax factor. In nine cases out of ten the purchaser intends to invest his money primarily for himself. In this typical situation neither the Federal estate

tax nor the Federal gift tax cuts any figure. What's more, statutory exemptions and exclusions are such as to make relatively few estates subject to these taxes. Even where the taxes might apply, their effect on the choice of a form of registration should properly be zero.

Whether a bond is registered in the purchaser's name only, or with the addition of a co-owner, the market value of the bond upon the purchaser's death must be included in the estate for Federal estate tax purposes. It is assumed that he bought the bond with his own funds. If the co-owner contributed to the purchase money, the purchaser's executor may claim a proportionate exclusion.

On the other hand, Federal gift tax liability cannot arise as long as the bond is not redeemed and is registered in the purchaser's name. with or without a co-owner. If the purchaser has the bond registered in the name of someone to whom he intends to make a gift, the gift tax, if any, applies at the time of the purchase.

Many investors take it for granted that the proceeds of a bond cashed by the beneficiary or the co-owner after the purchaser's death belong to the casher, with no duty to account to the purchaser's estate.

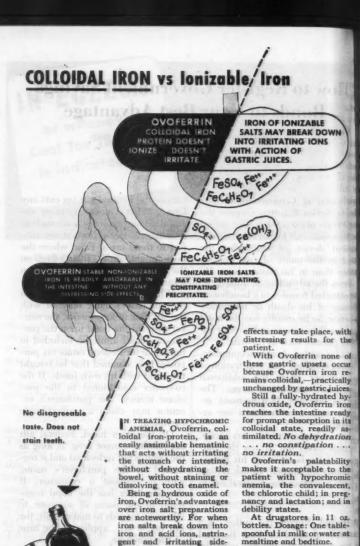
Harold Wurzel, the author, is a member of the New York Bar and a tax consultant affiliated with the Research Institute of America. Articles of his have appeared in the Harvard Law Review, Yale Law lournal, Columbia Law Review, etc.

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OVOFERRIN

COLLOIDAL ASSIMILABLE IRON

MADE BY A. C. BARNES CO., NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J.
"Ovolerrin" is a registered trademark, the property of A. C. Barnes Co.

PAGE 78 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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others are equally certain that hile the beneficiary or co-owner may cash the bond, it is for the purhaser's last will or the laws of inestacy to name the person ultimateventitled to the proceeds.

Who is right remains to be deterrined. Treasury regulations, of course, clearly specify the person anthorized to claim payment. But hev do not foreclose the possibility f subsequent claims against the beneficiary or co-owner who cashed he bond. Unless the purchaser can reasonably expect no such claims, he may do well to have the bond egistered in his name exclusively and provide in his will for its disposition.

Since plans for an entire estate in be upset by an ill-advised hoice of registration, early correction of the error is essential. If the beneficiary's consent to cancellation of his name can be secured, a mere reissuance under the original date is the proper remedy. The only other way out is for the purchaser to cash the bond and reinvest the proceeds in a new bond registered in his own name exclusively. The loss of interest will ordinarily be much less a factor than the risk of future litigation of highly uncertain outcome.

In cases of more complex estate planning, Series F and G bonds commend themselves by reason of their wider choice of permissible registration forms. They can, for example, be registered in the name of one or more trustees, their ultimate disposition following the line prescribed by the trust instrument.

-HAROLD WURZEL

Cabinet Status

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Continued from page 65

S. Public Health Service, the werful Social Security Board, and e Office of Education—has done such to crystallize the pattern of ly control over health and medicine.

Proposals to combine various Ifederal health activities under one lead, of cabinet rank, are not new. A bill to create the post of Secrebry of Health has been introduced in the House. It (and similar proposals that have been made from time to time) would bring together in a single department the Public Health Service and the Food and Drug Administration, as well as the medical-care activities of the Children's Bureau, the Farm Security Administration, and other agencies.

But these bills differ materially

from the proposal of the Woman's Foundation in that they advocate cabinet status for medicine alone. Their proponents argue that

1. National health is important enough to justify a separate executive department.

2. Federal medical functions must be united and administered separately from related activities in education and welfare or risk being relegated to second or third place in the over-all program.

3. There is grave danger that health activities as presently administered will be subject to growing lay and political control.

There is, of course, a vast difference between such thinking and the scheme favored by the Woman's Foundation-which appears to hew to the "line" of the social planners. In the committee report embodying the Woman's Foundation

[Continued on page 122]

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5

No BALLYHOO in



There's a lot of ballyhoo these days about the vitamin B-complex—a lot of talk about the action of the synthetic components of the so-called B-complex preparations. But note that all members of the natural B-complex have not yet even been isolated. And clinical and laboratory investigators tend to hold natural source material, containing all the B-complex factors, to be the best protective dietary supplement of this vitamin.

HEXA-HARRIS TABLETS

POTENT • ALL-VEGETABLE
PLEASANT-TASTING •

NATURAL SOURCE
NO SYNTHETICS ADDED

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR DETAILS AND FREE SAMPLE OFFER

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(Division of Bristol-Myers Company)
Tuckahoe 7, N. Y.

PRODUCERS OF VITAMINS FOR MEDICAL USE SINCE 1999

this B-COMPLEX

HERE ARE FACTS YOU CAN BANK ON

- Hexa-Harris Tablets contain all known members of the B-Complex natural to primary grown yeast (Brewers' strain).
- They are truly all vegetable no synthetics added.
- 3. Two Hexa-Harris Tablets supply 1.2 mg, of thiamine and 2.4 mg, riboflavin or 1-1/5 times the min. daily requirement.
- 4. Triple-coated for potencyprotection and pleasant taste.
- Also contain niacin, pyridoxine and pantothenic acid as found in this natural source material.



Rx HEXA-HARRIS TABLETS

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'Sell Out' to Insurance Companies **Charged by Medical Society**

'Wisconsin plan' called a potential threat to physicians' rights



Although health and accident insurance companies have plenty at stake, few of them have done much to meet the threat of Government competition. Among the few are seven companies operating in Wisconsin. This month they have joined forces with the state medical society in marketing an insurance plan to provide surgical and obstetrical care and hospitalization for low-income people-a plan that was described variously as "the logical solution of the prepayment problem" and "a callous sell-out of every principle organized medicine has fought for."

Entire operation of the scheme apparently is being placed in the carriers' hands, the state society expecting to share in its control. The latter will cooperate with company officials in revising premium rates, benefits, and administrative rules as experience requires. The society, a representative revealed, hopes that benefits can eventually be extended to cover home and office care.

Only after a stormy, four-hour debate in the state society's house of delegates was the plan approved. Whereupon four county societies formed an opposition group committed to non-participation. The dissenters included the important county medical society of Milwaukee (which has been at odds with the state society on the prepayment

issue for more than a year) as well as those of Racine, Kenosha, and Eau Claire. Milwaukee's opposition stemmed in part from the fact that the new scheme would offer serious competition to its own existing plan, Milwaukee Surgical Care.

Bitter bickering marked the sessions at which the plan was discussed. Gregory Gramling, attorney for the Milwaukee society, asserted that the scheme (1) brings a third party into the doctor-patient relationship; (2) fails to bind the companies to the physicians by contract; (3) gives the doctors no voice in policy-making; (4) allows the companies to pass on the reasonableness of doctors' fees; (5) permits the companies, rather than the surgeons, to determine the need of surgery.

The Racine County Medical Society objected to (1) inadequate benefits; (2) provision of indemnity rather than service; (3) introduction of the plan while many doctors were still in the armed forces.

Carriers participating in the commercial plan were reported by the state society to have agreed to devote all profits either to the lowering of premiums or to an increase of benefits. Their readiness to operate on this basis was attributed to concern over Covernment proposals for compulsory coverage.

Opponents of the scheme insisted PAGE 82 · MEDICAL ECONOMICS · DECEMBER 1945

The Wisconsin Plan

SCOPE: Limited indemnity policy will cover (or apply against) surgical, obstetrical, and hospital bills.

OPERATION: Seven commercial companies (others to join later) will sell contracts, administer benefits, with state society endorsement. Joint regulation by society and companies.

PARTICIPANTS: Insurance' companies—Liberty Mutual, Boston; Lumberman's Mutual, Chicago; and Employers Mutual, Hardware Mutual, Wisconsin National, Old Line Life, and Time Insurance companies, all of Wisconsin.

Wisconsin.

Physicians—Subscriber may choose any doctor, but indemnity payment is limited to a scheduled amount. If the M.D. is a member of a participating county society, the subscriber signs a waiver, giving the doctor authority to collect directly from the carrier; and the doctor agrees not to charge more than the scheduled allowance.

Public—Any resident of state eligible to join, either as an individual or as a member of a family or other group. No income ceiling as far as right to subscribe is concerned.

MONTHLY PREMIUMS: Individuals—\$1.20, male; \$1.90, female; \$4.70, male and one dependent; \$5.40, female and one dependent; \$6, male and more than one dependent; \$6.70, female and more than one dependent.

Franchise groups (less than ten people)—\$1.10, male; \$1.70, female; \$4.40, male and one dependent; \$5, female and one dependent; \$5.50, male and more than one dependent; \$6.10, female and more than one dependent.

Groups (ten or more people)—\$1.00, male or female subscriber; \$3.00, man and wife; \$4.75 to \$5, family.

BENEFITS: Hospitalization—
For each person covered, up to \$155 annually (31 days at \$5 a day) for hospital bills, plus \$25 annual maximum for extras (i.e., X-ray, radium, anesthetics, transfusions). For maternity cases, hospital allowance limited to \$70, with ninemonth subscribership required. No limit on number of times hospitalized during the year for non-connected conditions.

Surgical—Each person covered is allowed a specified amount (ranging from \$10 to \$150) for each operation. Obstetrical—\$50 per case, for prenatal, delivery, and postnatal care.

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In iron-deficiency anemia -

When the "shotgun" wins, the patient loses . . .

the patient from 3 to 12 times as much as Feosol Tablets.

In iron-deficiency anemia, iron alone is specific, and FEOSOL TABLETS have become the standard form of iron therapy.

In the charts on the opposite page; the price of Feosol Tablets is compared with the prices of four leading proprietary anti-anemic "shotgun" preparations.*

The tremendous economy of Feosol therapy is immediately apparent.

Feosol Tablets supply adequate dosage of ferrous sulfate—grain for grain, the most effective form of iron—at a prescription cost of approximately \$1.00 per month. In marked antrast, representative "shotgun" rations cost the patient from to twelve times as much.

A, Kline & French Laboratories, rhiladelphia, Pa,

*The comparisons are based on prices to the wholesale druggist.

Feosol Tablets
the standard form of iron therapy

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PROTECTION FOR INJURED OR AILING FEET

Mollo-pedic Shoes are designed specifically to protect and support the injured, alling or cast-bound foot; to replace hard, unyielding shoes and give the patient confidence and nonslipping, cushioned comfort in his efforts to walk.

Mollo-pedic Shoes are also exceptionally helpful in general recuperative cases, when the patient is relearning to walk and hesitant of gait.

Soles of Mollo-pedic Shoes are of thick, resilient, aponge rubber. Uppers are fashioned of soft, strong, pliant, genuine Osnaburg fabric. Patented lacing method permits adjustment to any shaped dressing or cast to avoid pressure on tender spots.

Available at leading Surgical Supply Dealers.

Manufactured by

DETROIT FIRST-AID CO. DETROIT, MICH.

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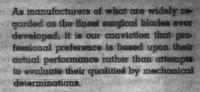
that in no sense is it a nonprofit rangement for the carriers. Accoring to Mr. Gramling, the nonpuidea got into circulation follows the remark of a representative one of the carriers that "We do expect to make any money on the we expect to lose some for a while

"But," Gramling told MEDIC ECONOMICS, "he also said the ra would have to be revised after companies acquired some espeence. There isn't any question about the carriers deriving profit. It stato reason that if they follow the accepted practice, they're going arrive at a rate which will penthem to meet their claims, set their customary reserves, and p their customary dividends. Then nothing in the plan which presuposes that the companies are gointo this as a philanthropic gesture.

"The Wisconsin plan is nothic more or less than an insurance on tract between the insured—the ptient—and the carrier. Neither to individual doctor nor the state ciety is a party to it. There is ablutely no agreement between ganized medicine and the carriother than that participating dotors must agree to accept a specifibenefit for a specified piece of sugery, at a rate set up by the state sciety. It's purely a cash indemnity proposition.

"The only difference between the Wisconsin plan and the ordinant health-accident policy is this: The carrier will accept an assignment by the patient, enabling the doctor to collect his bill direct from the insurance company. But this is a courtesy arrangement—the carrier does not contract to carry it out. Under no circumstances could the doctor collect more than the scheduled for

YARDSTICK OF COMPARISON



Surgeons feet the superior sharpness of their in---- imitable cutting edges.

Surgeons deede just the desired degree of rigidity -- necessary to resist lateral pro-

that dependable strength and long cutting efficiency serves to reduce blade consumption to a

* The quality of Rib-Back Mades has suffered no wartime change. Precision uniformity . . . blade for blade ... and long periods of satisfactory service, make

Ask your dealer

-PARKER COMPANY,

DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 97

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from a participating company."

But a representative of the state medical society told MEDICAL ECONOMICS that "the insurance companies have stated repeatedly they will run this plan as close to cost as possible. And remember, any company which fails to live up to the statement of principles it has signed may not continue as a participant."

Asserting that the idea is economically unsound, Gramling predicted that it would not lower hospital and surgical-care costs. On the contrary, he declared, it would add "not only the cost of administration but also a profit for the insurance company."

The attorney felt that the scheme, dangerous as it may prove locally, has even more serious implications to medicine nationally-now that a state society has approved cash indemnity by commercial carriers as a major policy. "We consider it highly hazardous because the contract provides that in any case of surgery for which no benefit is listed in the fee schedule, the carrier has the right to set the fee. We take the position that if medical men allow their fees to be set by somebody other than themselves, they are revoking all the obiections they have ever had to Government medicine. What's the difference between insurance-company control and Federal control?

"Consider, too, this angle: The contract provides that the carrier has the right to examine the insured at any time to determine whether or not surgery is needed. The minute

medical men give laymen such right, aren't they kicking away of their fundamental objections Government medicine?"

Regarding the possibility of a flict with the existing Milwau plan, Mr. Gramling said that m confusion may result—due to the that Milwaukee Surgical Care of service benefits and the new plar fers indemnity. Premiums on whole are comparable, he said Blue Cross rates are considered w MSC rates. (The Wisconsin prates include hospitalization.)

Wisconsin State Medical Soc officials were equally contentiou the delegates' meetings. Charles Crownhart, executive secretary, it was high time that the soc made up its collective mind to o something better than the Fede planners could propose or to the the consequences. According Crownhart, the plan's cash bene would protect farm or factory wo ers better than any single sche now available in Wisconsin. He mitted that the society had no d tract with the companies, but s that each carrier would agree, it letter, to comply with plan pro sions. He pointed out that only policies approved by the state ciety can be sold as plan contrac and that "this gives the society conplete control over the character the plan.'

The state society, its represent tive told this magazine, does n consider the Wisconsin Plan

HEMORRHOIDAL ITCHING and BURNING

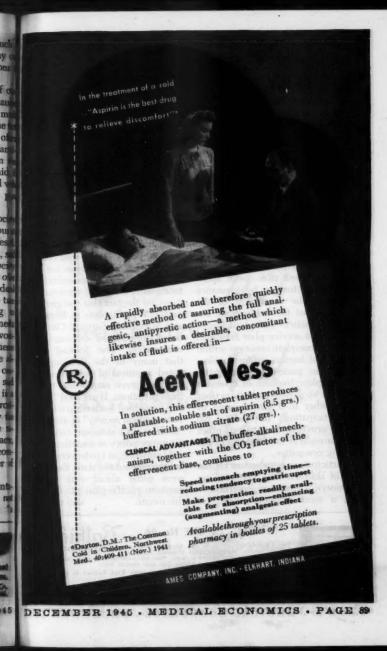
When you prescribe Ungt. Resinol for itching, smarting torment associated with simple hemorrhoids, you come as near as possible to promising your patter prompt relief. Free from hersh drugs—especially agreeable in highly sensitive cases.

Resided Chesical Co.

Harrison RESIN

ME-27, Ruito., M

PAGE 88 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945



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perfect solution" to the problem of prepayment. "The plan is offered as an experiment—there will have to be

a period of evaluation."

Commenting on alleged insurance company control of fees, he said: "A master schedule of 500 items has been drawn up, with a reasonable fee for each. This schedule was prepared by physicians—not the companies. The 500 items should cover about 90 per cent of claims. If a dispute arises on any of the remaining 10 per cent, it will be settled by a committee composed of 50 per cent doctors and 50 per cent insurance men.

"As to the introduction of a third party between patient and physician, it must be remembered that in any prepayment plan—be it sponsored by doctors or by insurance companies—the machinery of the program must inevitably come between the patient and physician.

"This is a service plan inasmuch as it gives complete coverage within the defined income group on election by the patient to participate; and complete freedom of choice is provided by permitting a subscriber to go either to a participating or non-participating physician. No similar provision is made in other plans brought to the attention of the drafting committee.

"Participation is voluntary on the part of doctors. The plan utilizes machinery (insurance companies) were going ments to pu with a most enviable record. It

measures up in all details to any other comparable plan yet devised.

"Complete coverage can only be made operative when doctors agree to a fee schedule. Without such a schedule, approved by the profesion, complete coverage would be possible only under a service plan"

The plan may be to the liking of rural physicians, it appeared, for a is being supported by a tri-county society covering Trempeleau, Jac-

son and Buffalo counties.

Editorial opposition has been a pressed by the Milwaukee Journal, The paper called the program "io plan at all," but simply an endorsment by the society of a health insurance policy "to be sold commecially." That might mean not much more than the endorsement of toothpaste, the paper went on, were it not for the fact that the growth d such non-profit plans as Blue Cros and Milwaukee Surgical Care were being jeopardized by commercial competition. The Journal hintel that many of the delegates who voted approval of the scheme had not been given ample time to study its implications. It accused "a wilfil and benighted leadership within the state medical society" of attempting "to dress up a standard commercial insurance policy as something new."

Meanwhile as controversy waxed hot throughout the state, the carrier were going ahead with arrangements to put the plan into operation this month.

—MELVIN SCOTT

New ... THE No. 66 The "Bathinette" Way is the Accepted Way of COMBINATION BATH AND TABLE baby's head—leaving mother's hands free for bathing, Equipped with Shelf for baby's things and Spray for filling Tub and rimsing baby. DOCTOR: Do you want song Free Felders to give your expectant mether satients?

BABY BATHINETTE CORPORATION Trade Mark In

PAGE 90 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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UNGUENTINE for BURNS



OINTMENT?

Yes!

PAIN RELIEVING?

Yes!

ANTISEPTIC?

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And non-irritating to tissue!

Trial package free to physicians

THE NORWICH PHARMACAL COMPANY, NORWICH, N. Y.



8-P. M. Beer, H. S. Pat. Off.

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Salaried Jobs

[Continued from page 74]

obtaining school health work are greatly enhanced.

Group clinics present a special problem for the gynecologist; surgeon-partners usually want to handle the gynecological cases.

Some placement agencies require a small registration fee (\$2 to \$5); all require a sizable one if they succeed in placing you (usually about half your first month's pay). Normally, the large ones place 40 to 50 per cent of their applicants; during the war, most of them have been able to place nearly every doctorregistrant.

If you're applying for an industrial job, better write a letter of application before calling on a potential employer. Address it to the highest-ranking official you think you can reach; it's easier to work down in an organization than up.

Give your phone number in such a letter; also, be factual rather than flowery. In listing references, don't include eminent men whom you know only casually; stick to the names of those who know you well enough to express an opinion.

When being interviewed, don't do too much of the talking; don't be too technical with a layman; decide beforehand on the minimum salary you can accept.

After the interview, write the executive a courtesy note, thanking him for seeing you; it may serve as a worthwhile reminder.

A word to demobilized medical officers who left salaried position to join the armed forces: The G.I. Bill of Rights provides that your former employer must-except un der specified conditions-re-employ you for at least a year if you wish to resume your old job. But you must ask for reinstatement within ninety days following discharge. I need be, put your request in writ ing, keeping a carbon copy, and send it by registered mail, return receipt requested. This veteran's priority applies to any salaried job you may have had-part-time of full-time-in private industry, in hospital or clinic, with an insurance company, a school board, police de partment, welfare foundation, of other agency. -EDWARD PAYSON

FREE SAMPLE ABORESS CITY STATE ROUGH HANDS FROM TOO MUCH SCRUBBING? Soften dry shin with AR-EX CHAP CREAM! Contains corbony! diomide, shown in hearpinal test to moles skin softer, smeether, on deven whiter! Archives of Dame, and COSMETICS ROUGH HANDS FROM TOO MUCH SCRUBBING? AR-EX COSMETICS State ROUGH HANDS FROM TOO MUCH SCRUBBING? AR-EX COSMETICS COSMETICS ROUGH HANDS FROM TOO MUCH SCRUBBING? AR-EX COSMETICS COSMETICS ROUGH HANDS FROM TOO MUCH SCRUBBING? AR-EX COSMETICS COSMETICS ROUGH HANDS FROM TOO MUCH SCRUBBING? AR-EX COSMETICS ROUGH HANDS FROM TOO MUCH SCRUBBING? AR-EX COSMETICS ROUGH HANDS FROM TOO MUCH SCRUBBING? FROM TOO MUCH SCRUBBING?

AR-EX COSMETICS, INC. 1036 W VAN BUREN ST CHICAGO 7 1

COOPER CREME No Finer Name in Active Appendicular's Solum Olineth BEPTS WHITTAKER LABORATORIES, INC. CONTraceptives Tricxymathylane 6,06% MEW YORK 19, N. Y.

PAGE 92 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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... is, perhaps, the most convincing evidence of its unusual effectiveness in a wide range of common skin disorders.

Pragmatar—a significant improvement in tarsulfur-salicylic acid ointments—is particularly valuable in the management of eczema; seborrheic affections, especially of the scalp; fungous infections; psoriasis; etc.

Indications and detailed directions for the use of Pragmatar may be found in the "Manual of Dermatology" and in the "Manual of Clinical Mycology"—both recently issued under the auspices of the Division of Medical Sciences of the National Research Council. Smith, Kline & French Laboratories, Philadelphia, Pa.

Highly effective in an unusually wide range of common skin disorders

PRAGMATAR

(with sulfur and salicylic acid)

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POSITIONS FOR WAR-VETERAN PHYSICIANS

Any physician returning to civil life from the armed services or from a war agency may insert free in the domestic edition of MEDICAL ECONOMICS (circulation: more than 100,000) a position-wanted classified ad (maximum: 24 words). The following data (which will be kept confidential) must accompany the copy for each ad: name; address; rank or position; date. Copy must reach MEDICAL ECONOMICS by the 5th of the month preceding publication. Address: Veterans' Service Editor, Medical Economics, Inc., Rutherford, N.J.

ANESTHETIST available: 5 years' experience inhalations (including cyclopropane and endoctrachesi), intravenous, and regionals (spinal, caudai, and block). Part time preferred. (Now in N.Y.) Box 1520.

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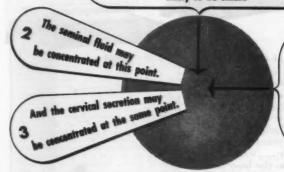
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A Voice for the General Practitioner

Head of successful state G.P. section suggests immediate steps to gain representation



The G.P. is still the connecting link between the public and the specialit. His is the closest contact with
the people—on whose good will the
medical profession must rely to defeat Government intervention. He is
the man whom the socialist forces
are trying to win—with promises of
financial security, retirement, and an
assier life. Well do they know that
without the G.P. no plan they offer
an succeed.

As my colleague, Dr. Frank A. Weiser, recently wrote in the Deroit Medical News: "Specialization as contributed greatly to the progess of medicine, but some of that progress sprang from the talents of nen who were primarily general practitioners and whose contribuions were made possible by contacts with varied manifestations of disease . . . In some form or other, the general practitioner will long continue to be the keystone of good practice-private or otherwise. He should be permitted to develop side by side with the specialist, and should not be restricted unnecessarily in contacts with disease and its care."

Since the AMA House of Delegates will be asked again this month to establish a general practice section, and since many physicians have inquired how such a section can be set up in a county or state medical society, a short history of our experience in Michigan may be timely.

Many years back, the question of establishing a general practice section at the Providence Hospital in Detroit was discussed at staff meetings. Among those who took part in the conversations were a number of liberal-minded specialists, with Drs. G. L. McClellan and W. P. Woodworth, OALR men, as leaders. Their object was twofold: (1) to clear the specialty staffs of men who were not pure specialists and who showed no inclination to develop into such; and (2) to give recognition to G.P.'s who had been on the courtesy staff for a number of years and who, by their high type of practice, by their devotion to the best interests of the hospital, and by their referrals to staff members, had shown a genuine willingness to cooperate.

The endeavor, however, never made much progress: Militating against it were the old notions that G.P.'s have no place on a hospital

The author, Dr. W. B. Harm, is chairman of the general practice section of the Michigan State Medical Society and president-elect of the Wayne County Medical Society.

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945

staff and that if given one they would by their very number tend to gain control of hospital policies and so destroy the institution's approved status. (This despite the fact that the majority of patients are referred by G.P.'s.)

Came the depression years-and, with it, many acute, organizational problems. One of these problems developed from the fact that a group of members of the Wayne County (Detroit) Medical Society felt the society was not representing the entire membership in the treatment of economic issues. These men formed an independent organization known as the Medical Guild. The guild was not opposed to organized medicine; it asked only to be heard. At its own expense, it circularized the county medical society membership, distributing in-

formation and asking questions. It made no attempt to control the offices of the society, but did ask representation on the various active committees. It also asked for the formation of a general practice section in the society. (This would automatically mean council representation, as all section chairmen are members of the society's council. At first, guild members were labeled "bolsheviks," but before long they came to be recognized as sincen progressive men. In time, a good proportion of their objectives were attained. Among the most important was the establishment of a general practice section in the society.

About this time Mount Carme Hospital was founded, and a surgeon Dr. Louis Gariepy, one of the Providence liberals, became its chief of staff. He insisted on a general prac-

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tice section in the staff set-up, and it was established under the able leadership of a general practitioner, Dr. Arch Walls, first chairman of the G.P. section of the county society.

Next, the county society, at a meeting of state delegates, asked for the establishment of a general practice section in the state society. Its resolution was passed without opposition.

Thus, three major steps forward were taken at the hospital, county, and state levels. The next objective would be a voice for the G.P. in the

national organization.

In each of the past five years, Michigan delegates have called on the AMA House of Delegates to establish a general practice section within the AMA framework; but thus far the national body has pigeonholed every attempt to give the general practitioner such recognition. The Michigan resolution is scheduled for introduction again this month in Chicago. And we in Wayne County are convinced that if it is again shelved, stronger methods will be in order.

Where does the Wayne County G.P. now stand? He has a representative at council meetings who sees that his interests are protected, that members of his group are appointed to active committees, that movements for his betterment are in-

itiated.

Thus the section has made articulate a group of doctors who have hitherto been silent. Through their

active interest in their local society, general practitioners are now heard in their state organization. Eventually, if not soon, they will be heard also by the AMA.

Current legislation for compulsory sickness insurance, for maternity care, and for certain types of veterans care would result in broadscale G.P. programs. Yet all arrangements would be made—as they have been in the case of EMIC—by

specialist groups.

G.P.'s get the short end of the stick in most organizations because they are willing to take what is left. We have found the specialists must cooperative once they discover that G.P.'s are willing to assume some responsibility for medical society policy and action. In discussing mutual problems, the specialists have proved to be unbiased and tractble. I'll admit there are a few who look upon the G.P. as a doctor who hasn't quite made the grade-and with some reason: A number of G.P.'s do get into a rut, cease to read medical literature, and say they too busy for medical meetings or post-graduate work. The thing to keep in mind is that G.P. sections in medical societies will help to correct just such conditions.

Efforts to get G.P. representation are now being made not only in Michigan but also in California, Ohio, Missouri, New York, and elsewhere. General practitioners must wake up and speak up. Lack of organization is nobody's fault but



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their own. Many able leaders are to be found in their ranks. Let them first organize in their county and state societies. National organization will follow.

Concerning the hospital situation: institutions are overcrowded not only because of prosperity and Blue Cross expansion, but also because the practice of medicine has advanced to a point where physician and patient alike realize that the best work can be done in the hospital. As a result, thousands of doctors who never utilized the hospital before now want hospital beds. And their patients can afford them.

Due to wartime conditions, new units could not be built, and physicians who already enjoyed staff privileges were served first. This situation will be remedied as more

beds are provided.

But where does the general practitioner stand even when he has access to a hospital? What is his relation to the rest of the staff?

First, let's look at the record. The Manual of Hospital Standardization issued by the American College of Surgeons says:

"Each physician should have a major hospital; that is, one to which he wishes to attach himself more intimately and wherein to do most of his work . . . A properly organized medical staff will not give advantages to any individual or group of physicians, or discriminate against the young physician properly qualified and competent, but will insure desirable supervision of all clinical work done in the institution." To my mind, these statements mean that every physician should have (1) a hospital to work in; and (2) the privilege of doing those procedures of which he is capable, regardless of whether he is a general practitions or a specialist.

The manual also states that "All physicians privileged to work in the hospital must be organized." It recommends a five-section classification of staff members: honorary, consulting, active, associate, and courtesy. The first two need no de-

cussion.

The active staff, according to the manual, should consist of "physicians who are selected to attend free patients and to whom such patients are assigned . . . Only members of the active medical staff should be allowed to vote or hold office."

The associate staff should consist of "junior or less experienced" man or "physicians who have not been actively interested in the work of the hospital but who have expressed



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a wish to become active."

The courtesy staff is defined as "those members of the medical profession eligible for staff membership who wish to attend private patients in the hospital but who do not desire to become members of the active medical staff."

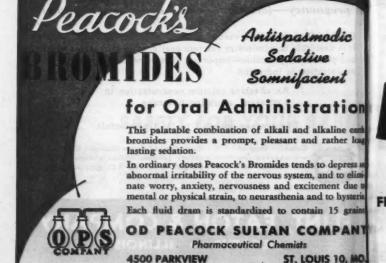
I do not see how the general practitioner fits into the associate group; so it is plain that only the active and courtesy sections are open to him.

The manual divides hospitals into two groups: open and closed. It says: "A 'closed' hospital is one in which all professional services, private and charitable, are provided and controlled by the attending or active medical staff." As there is no courtesy staff in this type of hospital, a general practitioner who wishes to get his patients admitted

must chisel into one of the specialty groups in a minor position—or have a section of his own. Otherwise, he is obliged to refer all his hospit cases to some specialist on the active staff. This is directly contray to the manual principle that "every physician should have a major hepital."

Personally, I would never refer a patient to an institution which gives me only the privileges that patients visitors enjoy—unless, of course, it were the only hospital available. By the same token, I would not reer patients to a specialist who takes his cases to such an institution. If I know enough to select the proper man for my referrals, it seems to ne I also know enough to treat a few hospital cases personally.

Concerning open-staff hospital, the manual says: "An 'open' hospi



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tal is one in which there is an attending or active staff responsible for the treatment of charity cases, but which permits other physicians, generally known as the 'courtesy medical staff,' to utilize the private room facilities."

Under such a set-up, the G.P. is a sort of house guest; he has no voice in making the rules and regulations under which he must work; he receives no recognition for good work or long service; and he remains a member only as long as he refers

work to the right people.

In either type of institution, the addition of a general practice section would clear the situation. As a member of such a section, the G.P. could vote and be useful to the hospital in many ways. (He could, for example, be of considerable value in the training of internes—for it is often amazing to discover how little they know about the home and office care of the patient before he is hospitalized.)

I have attempted here to describe the general practice groups in my community as a hint to physicians elsewhere. Our set-up may have to be changed somewhat, of course, to conform to the constitutions or bylaws of local organizations.

Most large hospital staffs could

easily add a general practice section under the by-laws recommended in the ACS manual. In the AMA, a G.P. section could be added in the same manner as the various specialty sections have been added—the most recent being that of the physical therapists. Such a general practice section would, of course, elecits own chairman and delegates.

Now, if ever, is the time to stop the constant wrangling between specialist and general practitioner to unite the profession in an effort to give the public the best possible medical care. This can be done by seeing to it, as the ACS manual suggests, that every physician has a hospital to work in and the privilege of working according to his demonstrated ability.

The G.P., for his part, must awaken to new responsibilities brought about by the economic and professional changes in the medical field. He must work to convince his patients of the benefits of those "fourteen points" of which our national organization is so proud. He might do even more—by adding action to the words.

—W. B. HARM, M.D.

ANSWERS TO QUIZ, PAGE 60 1a. 2b. 3d. 4b. 5b. 6c. 7c. 8b. 9c.



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REHABILITATION OF CHRONIC ARTHRITICS

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hen Are Communications Privileged?

Court decisions in a number of states give the answer reported here



ler common law, confidential munications made by a patient physician were not privileged. in many jurisdictions this has n changed by statute. The whole is of the privilege lies in recogon of the fact that a physician not treat his patient adequately hout a full disclosure of the facts

ating to the complaint.

The California Code of Civil ocedure, for example, provides at in a civil action a physician mot be examined without the posent of his patient as to any inrmation acquired in attending the tient, which was necessary to enle him to prescribe or act for him. a exception occurs when a pant sues for damages for personal ury, in which instance the physian who attended him may tes-

If a physician is consulted for exmination only, and not for treatent, information acquired by him the course of such examination often not privileged. There is lowever, an increasing number of cases in which a broader construction has been placed on the statute. Generally, communications between a physician and a patient in the presence of a third person are not privileged unless the third person is the physician's nurse or assistant. In such circumstances, the physician as well as the third person may testify as to such communications.

In some jurisdictions the third person can testify, but the physician is prohibited from doing so. However, even the third person cannot testify if he is present to aid the physician or if his presence is necessary as a means of communication between physician and pa-

The patient cannot be compelled to divulge the communications. On the other hand, he may waive the rule of privilege. If a patient refuses to waive the privilege rule, the law does not presume that the testimony would have been adverse to him.

When a patient sues his physician for alleged malpractice, it is held to constitute a waiver as to communications connected with the professional services about which complaint is made. If the patient testifies regarding the communications, the privilege is waived; so it is if the patient calls and examines the physician as a witness.

Evidence obtained from an autopsy is not privileged. Likewise, a deceased body is not a patient. In-

This article approximates a porton of the author's book, "Medical Malpractice" (C. V. Mosby Co.).

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formation acquired by necropsy on the body of a person who was not, prior to his death, a patient of the physician performing the autopsy is not privileged so far as that physician is concerned.

To the extent that hospital records disclose what physicians have learned in their attendance on a case, they also are protected by the rule of privileged communications—as much so as if the physicians were being examined as witnesses in person.

in person.

Sometimes a practitioner is requested by a court to examine a person so that he may testify regarding that person. If the examinee does not protest, and if he knows that the examination is made to qualify the physician to testify, he cannot thereafter object on the

ground of privilege.

Timely objection is sometimes made to a physician's testimony, after which the objection is overruled and the physician is required by the court to proceed with his testimony. In such a case, the physician cannot be held liable to the patient for divulging alleged privileged communications; for if he had refused to comply with the court ruling, he would have been in contempt and subject to penalty.

In one well known case the defendant-physician had examined the plaintiff, found him to be afflicted with a contagious venereal disease and requested him to leave the boarding-house in which he was living. Later, finding the plaintiff still there, the physician information the proprietor of the disease. The plaintiff was forced to leave to boarding-house although, in fast, he was not suffering from the dease diagnosed.

The patient brought suit again the physician for breach of the di of secrecy, but it was held that could not recover. The court s the information given to a phy cian by his patient, though condential, is subject to the qualifiction that if the patient's disease in dangerous and is so highly contgious or infectious that it would necessarily be transmitted to other unless the danger were disclosed them, then the physician should, the event that no other means protection is possible, be privileged ben to make so much of a disclosure is necessary to prevent the sprewlich of the disease. A disclosure in such a case, the court concluded, would not be a betraval of the confidence of the patient if the physician acted in good faith and without malice-

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en under adverse conditions, such as cessive heat and humidity—under premisich ordinary tar preparations fresud ently lead to furunculosis and other

vous verse reactions—Tarbonis proves n-irritant. Yet its therapeutic efficacy equal, if not superior, to ordinary preparations, including those of

uch higher concentration.

The active ingredient of Tarbonis, a ique liquor carbonis detergens (5%). extracted from selected tars by a procdistinctly its own. This process relts in a uniform, non-irritant product high in concentrations of sulfurs and unsaturated hydrocarbons (the substances to which the action of tar is attributed). The Tarbonis vehicle is a greaseless, vanishing-type cream which cannot be detected on the skin after application.

Tarbonis is of excellent value whenever tar is indicated-in all forms of eczema, seborrheic dermatitis, certain fungus infestations, pruriginous intertrigo, and other cutaneous disorders.

THE TARBONIS COMPANY 4300 Euclid Avenue Cleveland 3, Ohio

Distributed in Canada by Fisher & Burpe, Ltd., Winnipeg, Man.



All the therapeutic value of tar in an odorless, greaseless, non-staining, non-soiling, vanishing-type cream.

1945 DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 111

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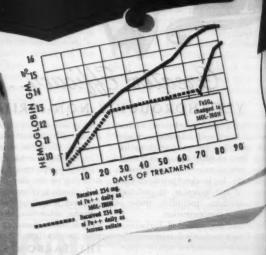
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a new and definite advance

IN TREATING IRON-DEFICIENCY ANEMIAS



The therapeutically superior effect of Mol-Iros well demonstrated in the above graph which it trates the comparative rate of hemoglobin regention, in response to treatment with Mol-Iros ferrous sulfate, in two pregnant women having proximately the same degree of iron-deficient and the superior of Mol-Iron in a series of preserved an evaluation of Mol-Iron in a series of preserved members.

A specially processed, co-precipitated complex of melybdenum exide (3 mg.) and ferrous sulfate (195 mg.).

White's MOL-IRON TABLETS

Available clinical evidence indicates that, in hypochromic anemia, the therapeutic response to this highly effective synergistic combination—as compared with equivalent dosage of ferrous sulfate alone—has unusual advantages:

- NORMAL HEMOGLOBIN VALUES ARE RESTORED MORE RAPIDLY, INCREASES IN THE RATE OF HEMOGLOBIN FORMATION BEING AS GREAT AS 100% OR MORE IN PATIENTS STUDIED.
- 2) IRON UTILIZATION IS SIMILARLY MORE COMPLETE.
- GASTRO-INTESTINAL TOLERANCE IS NOTABLY SATISFACTORY even among patients who have previously shown marked gastro-intestinal reactions following eral administration of other iron preparations.

Indicated in: Hypochromic (iron-deficiency) anemias caused by inadequate dietary intake or impaired intestinal absorption of iron; excessive utilization of iron, as in pregnancy and lactation; chronic hemorrhoge.

Dosage: One two tablets three times daily after meals.

Available in battles of 100 and 1000 tablets. Ethically promoted — not advertised to the laity.





even though he might have been mistaken in his diagnosis.

Libel is a false and unprivileged publication by writing, printing, picture, effigy, or other fixed representation to the eye which exposes any person to hatred, contempt, ridicule, or obloquy, or which causes him to be shunned or avoided, or which has a tendency to injure him in his occupation. Slander is oral defamation. It is the speaking of false words concerning another, whereby injury results to his reputation.

Despite the foregoing, it has been held in a number of cases that the written report of physicians appointed by a court to make a physical examination of a party to an action in that court constitutes a privileged communication cannot be made the basis for a libel action. It has also been held in a case where a physician sent a patient to another physician for examination and treatment and where a letter was written by the second physician to the first, saving that an examination had shown evidence of syphilitic poison, that the communication was privileged and could not serve as the basis for an action for libel.

It is obvious that while the physician-patient relation is a confidential one and while communications

between patient and physician may be privileged, these facts do not affect reports required of the physician by law. Such reports required by law vary somewhat in the several states. Following are those required in California:

(1) Report of violent injury. (2) Report of contagious disease. (3) Report of industrial injury. (4) Report of ophthalmia neonatorum. (5) Death certificate; stillbirth certificate. (6) Birth certificate. (7) Special reports required by the health and safety code.

It was alleged in one case that an erroneous diagnosis of smallpox had been made and reported and that the patient was confined in the smallpox ward of a quarantine hospital. The jury was instructed that if it found that the plaintiff came under the observation of the defendant, a practicing physician. and that she presented physical evidences which to a reasonably prudent and informed physician would indicate the presence of smallpox, then it was the duty of the defendant to report the facts to the health authorities, and the jury could not find against the physician for so doing-even though the patient was not actually suffering from the disease.

-LOUIS J. REGAN, M.D., LL.B.

WEAK ARCH CASES

Quickly Disposed Of By Busy Physicians Through This Service

Prescribe Dr. Scholl's Arch Supports in cases requiring mechanical relief from Weak Arch, Fillen Arch or Flat-Foot. You can depend on your satients being properly fitted and elevation of supports railed as condition of foot improves. This nation-wide Service is available at 5hoe, Dept. Stores and Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Shops. For professional literature, write the Scholl Mfg. Co., Inc., Chicago. et male Mark Reg. U. is rea on.

DE Scholl's FOOT COMFORT

PAGE 114 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945



1. Does not abolish ciliary activity.

T CHOONS IIII

2. Maintains antibiotic action in the presence of pus and mucus.

'<u>Prothrign</u>'

Low surface tension (approximately 40 dynes per centimeter) affords sufficient penetration into the interstices of the mucosa to combat an acute infection.

Antibiatic Nasal Decongestant

- containing Tyrothricin and 'Propadrine' Hydrochlaride
 is SUPERIOR to the average vasoconstrictor
- Does not interfere with the normal defense mechanisms of the mucosa.

'PROTHRICIN' decongestant is indicated in the relief of nasal congestion accompanying the common cold, allergic rhinitis, acute catarrhal rhinitis, acute rhinosinusitis and acute ethmoiditis.

5. Isotonic solution—pH of 5.5 to 6.5—same pH as nasal secretions.

The active ingredients of this preparation are:

Tyrothricin (antibiotic) 0.02% (200 micrograms per cc.)

'Propagrine' Phenylpropanolamine Hy-

drochloride (vasoconstrictor)

- 6. Nontoxic and nonirritating to nasal and sinus mucosa.
- 'PROTHRICIN' is applied by means of tampons, irrigation, drops or spray. Supplied in 1-ounce bottles with dropper assembly. Sharp & Dohme, Philadelphia 1, Pa.
- 7. Does not form a crust that interferes with drainage.

FLA, MIA, 424-1007, 1941



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must be assumed that every patient with chronic rection is anemic."

For treating hypochromic anemias, Hemo-genin combines the advantages of Fergon (Ferrous Gluconate Stearns) with the nutritional values of vitamin B complex plus liver concentrate. Because Fergon is rarely associated with gastro-intestinal distress, Hemo-genin may be administered before meals to enhance iron absorption.

Hemogenin

Fergon Plus B Complex

FOR HYPOCHROMIC ANEMIAS
REQUIRING IRON AND B COMPLEX



Frederick Stearns & Company

DETROIT 31, MICHIGAN

NEW YORK KANSAS CITY' SAN FRANCISCO WINDSOR, ONTARIO SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA: AUCKLAND, NEW ZEALAND

FACTS ABOUT HEMO-GENIN

COMPOSITION: Fergon (Ferrous Gluconage Stearns), synthetic vitamin B complex factors, and liver concentrate. Six capsules daily supply 12 gr. ferrous gluconate and the daily requirement of B vitamins.

NON-IRRITATING to gastro-intestinal mucosa because low degree of ionization makes it virtually non-astringent. May be adminisacred before meals to facilitate maximum absorption.

GREATER iron utilization shown by clinical

comparison of ferrous gluconate with other iron salts.†

INDICATED in hypochromic anemias requiring iron and vitamin B complex. Especially valuable when patients do not interate other forms of iron.

DOSAGE: Two capsules three times daily, before or after meals.

SUPPLIED in bottles of 100 and 500 capsules.

†J. Clin. Investigation 16:547, 1937.

PURTHER FACTS AND SAMPLES WILL BE GLADLY SENT ON REQUEST

*J.A.M.A. 123:1007, 1943,

TRADE-MARK HEHO-GENEY-REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

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What They're Reading

WHERE DO PEOPLE TAKE THEIR TROUBLES?

By Lee R. Steiner. - 264 pages. Houghton, Mifflin Company, Boston. \$3.

Doctors will quickly recognize Mrs. Steiner's "people." They are the all-too-common seekers after miracles, the shoppers who wander futilely from one quack to another in search of a ready-made, guaranteed, ovemight cure. The author has spent twelve years studying the emotionally upset, as well as the various panaceas they are offered by radio good-will courts, fake vocational advisers, religious healers, spiritualists, numerologists, advice-to-the-lovelorn editors, "metaphysicians," lonely hearts clubs, etc.

Mrs. Steiner (whose book is subtitled "A study of the ways of men in trouble-a constructive study of the ways in which they may best find help") is a fellow of the American Orthopsychiatric Association has lectured at such universities as Chicago, Fordham, and Rutgers, and at Hunter College. As special lecturer of the Illinois Society for Mental Hygiene, she received her first opportunity to observe the field of psychological quackery, but for the last ten years she has been conducting her researches independently.

Illustrative of the ease with which and led me into a vestibule paneled in cherry wood, from which an imachieve a doctorate, Mrs. Steiner depressive carved staircase led to the DECEMBER 1945 · MEDICAL ECONOMICS · PAGE 117

tails her investigation of the "College of Divine Metaphysics" in Indiana. It has no entrance requirements except solvency. All courses—including practical metaphysics, key to self-unfolding, psychological metaphysical healing, psychology of child culture, and biblical literature—are peddled at \$50 each.

In the process of her investigations, the author—posing as a prospective student—asked the college's president, "Dr." William H. Woodfin, just how she could turn a degree in, to cash income. After much palaver, he referred her to two of his graduates who were doing just that.

"There was no doubt that I had arrived at the correct address when I went to call on the 'Drs.' Alexander," she writes. "In each of the two immense front window was an enormous sign in black letters on a white background: ANALYZING AND CONSULTING PSYCHOLOGIST. I climbed the broad steps of the handsome, four-story, brownstone house and rang the bell on the massive plate-glass door. It was opened by 'Dr.' Golder Alexander himself. a pleasant-looking, graving, amply nourished man wearing a sweater jacket. When he learned that I was a prospective student of the College of Divine Metaphysics and had been referred to him by 'Dr.' Woodfin himself, he welcomed me cordially and led me into a vestibule paneled in cherry wood, from which an impressive carved staircase led to the

upper floors. Seeing my admiration, 'Dr.' Alexander told me that the architect of the house was the famous Stanford White.

"In a few minutes 'Dr.' Nettie Alexander came in, removing her apron. She had turned the gas low and abandoned her preparations for dinner to join us. She informed me that she, too, was a 'doctor' and 'consultant,' sharing a business partnership with her husband. They felt honored that 'Dr.' Woodfin, whom they admired excessively, had referred me to them for further information.

"They explained the easy-payment plan for lessons. If one sends \$50, an entire 'subject' will be sent to him immediately. If he can borrow the second lesson from a friend, he may have the mimeographed pages on the 'subject' for \$25. To be a 'psychologist' (Ps.D.) one must take two 'subjects.'

"'Dr.' Alexander wished to know if I had ever had an analysis as to my ability to be a psychologist, and without awaiting my reply suggested that I have my horoscope drawn. No, he didn't do that, but I could find a good astrologer in the telephone directory. The Alexanders

wondered if I could foresee things. I said that I did not think I could. She said that it helps and that the school would help with that, too. 'Every morning at 10 A.M., 'Dr.' Woodfin's pupils all over the world tune in for an hour of meditation. The older pupils help the beginners.'"

Mrs. Steiner's book also relater her experiences with the notorious John J. Anthony, conductor of good will court" on the radio. He has been described by Time magain zine as a "small, damp-eved, foxy looking gentlemen, sharp in manner and dress, who is the current top in aerial soul-searchers . . . Although Mr. Anthony's grammar is frequently dubious, and his off-the-air accent close to pure Broadwayese, he is convinced that he is far ahead of his professional rivals . . . As a matter of fact, he thinks he is essentially more experienced than most orthodox psychiatrists. 'I learn more in five minutes,' he says, 'than it takes them ten years to find out."

Here is Mrs. Steiner's report of her interview with Anthony:

"I told Mr. Anthony that none of his press releases are clear about his professional background.

It's Different and so Thorough

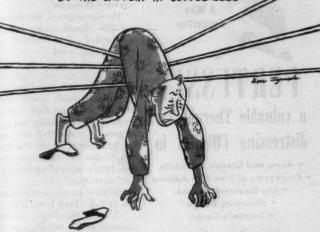
Lavoris does not depend upon high-powered germicidal agents; but coagulates detaches and removes objectionable matter, without injury to delicate tissues.

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PATIENTS, OR DOCTORS,
HANGING ON THE ROPES BECAUSE THEY'RE KEPT AWAKE
BY THE CAFFEIN IN COFFEE



AND SLEEP LIKE THIS!





A Product of General Foods

DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 119



a valuable Therapy for distressing COUGHS in

- Acute and Chronic Bronchitis
- · Paroxysms of Bronchial Asthma
 - Dry Catarrhal Coughs
 - Whooping Cough
 - · Smoker's Cough

What Pertussin is

An extract of thyme (Process Taeschner) is the single therapeutic element in Pertussin. It is quickly absorbed and carried to the secretomotor center. Pertussin is highly beneficial in easing cough paroxysms not due to organic disease.

What Pertussin does

1. Pertussin stimulates secretion of the tracheobronchial glands to relieve dryness. 2. It facilitates removal of mucus accumulation. 3. It improves ciliary action. 4. It exerts a sedative effect on irritated mucous membrane.

Pertussin is entirely free from undesirable side action. It is pleasant in taste, and well tolerated.

SEECK & KADE, INC.

NEW YORK 13, N. Y.

"Are you a lawyer?" I asked.

"'No,' he answered. 'I have had training in law, but I don't practice!

"'Might I then list you as a self schooled therapist?'

"He was angered, but did not contest the classification. Instead. commented, 'I've studied all psychiatrists' work.'

"'Does that mean then, Mr. J thony,' I suggested, 'that you opposed to professional preparati for the life work one undertake? Are you implying that if you was preparing your young son to be a surgeon, you wouldn't first send the boy to medical school and then till him to use his judgment, but jut give him a scalpel and tell him to start operating?

"He gave me a queer look and be

gan to talk about himself: "I have the best collection

material in the world from the sociological point of view . . . Eight per cent of the marital reforms this country have come about through me. So help me God.'

"I asked him how he achieved this, since I had never heard of an reforms he had brought about.

"He answered: "Through writing letters. Someone else is always getting credit for my work.' He later explained that 'Not being a legislator I cannot set a bill . . . The new compulsory examination for syphile before marriage in New York State is the result of six years of my work I commented that Surgeon General Thomas Parran had done a great deal of work along these lines. Yes I know,' he answered, 'Dr. Parran is also interested.'

'Mr. Anthony continued: 'The Rockefeller Foundation had an interest in a marriage consultation service. They gave \$35,000 to keep it up

D

FOR THE RELIEF OF Muscular Aches and Pains... Suggest ABSORBINE Jr.

DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 121

up

and it fell through. So when Vassar College started an Institute of Marital Relations, they didn't go to the Rockefeller Foundation for advice on how to set it up; they came to me. All the plans were made right here in this room . . . Princeton University asked me to start an experimental station for a college.'

"I knew that it would be a waste of time to verify any of the statements made by Mr. Anthony, but in order to be completely fair to him, I did. The President's Office at Princeton University wrote: 'We know nothing whatever about the matter.' The Rockefeller Foundation answered: 'Our records do not show that we contributed directly to a marital relations clinic.' " And, finally, Vassar had no recollection of any association with Anthony.

Mrs. Steiner also gave a number of "advice" columnists a test with discouraging results. Presented with an essentially complicated problem in child behavior (incidentally, a real case), their replies were an astounding collection of balderdash. Only one—Elsie Robinson—gave an ethical answer: "The problem is far too delicate and complicated to be solved by remote control."

Through the pages parade "vocational advisers" who, at \$50 a crack, will tell you the job you're suited for by means of phrenology, astrology, palmistry, or what-have-you. There is an Irish spiritualist who summons back spirits to give comforting words; no one seems surprised that each of the spirits—no matter what his mortal nationality—speaks with a beautiful brogue. The notorious Pierre A. Bernard—Oom the Omnipotent—is here, too—also Dale Carnegie, who finds himself in the company of the proprietor of a magic mountain.

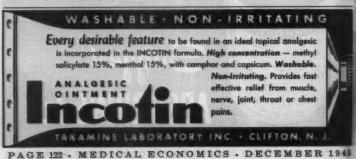
The book is well-written and as comprehensive as any volume designed for popular consumption could he. Taken as pure entertainment alone, it is worth an evening of anyone's time.

—JOHN BYRNE

Cabinet Status

[Continued from page 79]

proposal, the same old thought pattern is apparent: Communities either are remiss or do not have the necessary funds to provide needed social services for everyone . . The Federal Government should establish standards for attainment of goals in education, health, housing, nutrition . . . Only the Federal Government has sufficient funds to provide services and guidance, to collect statistics, conduct research . . . An over-all wel-



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he Microscope shows: Johnson's Baby Lotion

leaves discontinuous film

Hospital tests indicate: incidence of skin

irritations materially reduced

VERY NOTICEABLE in this photo-micrograph (1000x) of Johnson's Baby Lotion, is the discontinuous film of micron-size oil globules.

Very noticeable, in routine hospital-nursery usage, is the effectiveness of this new white antiseptic lotion in lessening the incidence of infant skin irritations.

Johnson's Baby Lotion is a homogenized emulsion of specially compounded mineral oil and water, with lanolin. On the infant's skin, the water phase evaporates, leaving a meshwork of oil globules.

This not only permits normal heat radiation and allows perspiration to escape readily, but also guards the baby's skin from intimate contact with urine.



Clinical and field tests indicate that routine use of Johnson's Baby Lotion materially reduces the incidence of heat rash, urine irritation.

More and more hospitals are changing over to Johnson's Baby Lotion.



Johnson's Baby Lotion Johnson Johnson

| F | Free! 12 distribution | on samples! | |
|---|--|-------------|--------|
| | Johnson & Johnson Dapt. 86. New Brur | | Div. |
| | Please send me, fro bution samples of | | |
| H | Name | enuls mirsy | Mary : |
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fare department is needed in Washington to issue regulations and to send social workers, educators, doctors, and recreation directors into every state.

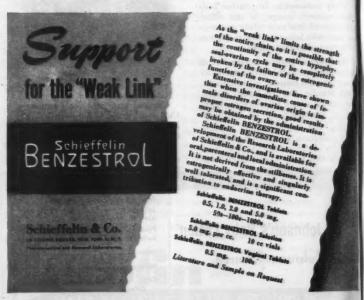
Thus, organization, centralization, regulation—the familiar shibboleths of the socializers—are all in evidence.

The committee carefully avoids specifying the Government agencies that should be merged. Likewise, it never uses the term, "Welfare Department." It may be noted, however, that Eugene Meyer's Washington Post recently recommended the creation of a Federal Department of Welfare, to include the Children's Bureau, the Women's Bureau, the Social Security Board, the Public Health Service, and the Office of Education.

Students of government interviewed by this reporter consider the committee's proposal to be administratively unsound and politically dangerous. They assert that lumping health functions with those of a welfare nature would result in the subjugation of medical men to social service and labor groups.

The proposed scheme, they point out, would simply serve to give the Federal Security Administrator cabinet rank; and the chance of having a physician named to the post would probably be nil. All in all, it appears that the way would be eased for the Social Security Board to gain outright control of the Public Health Service, eventually achieving one of its aims: the socialization of medicine.

—MILTON A. DOW



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PALATABLE - WELL TOLERATED - THERAPEUTICALLY EFFECTIVE
The development of CALCREOSE (Malthie) has, indeed, "smoothed the rough spots" in crocsote therapy
so frequently provocative heretofore of nausea and
distress. - Moreover, CALCREOSE (calcium crocsotate)
exerts bactericidal and bactericitatic action up to
three times as great as that of crocsota. - Thus, in
providing all the well-known benefits of crocsote in
a pleasant and palatable form, CALCREOSE proves
highly effective in many bronchial and respiratory
affections. . . lessening cough, diminishing expectoration, reducing its purulency and deodorizing
sputum. Also it tends to stimulate the appetite
and improve the patient's general condition.

AVAILABLE: As tablets (4 gr.) in bottles of 100, 500, and 1000. COMPOUND SYRUP CALCREOSE in pint or gallon bottles.



THE MALTBIE CHEMICAL COMPANY - NEWARK, NEW JERSEY



DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 125

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evior ow



"See ... removing film from a cassette is easy!"

YES ...it's easy to remove film from casettes, and the young lady has the right idea about it, too. She's rocking the cassette on its hinged edge . . allowing the film to fall against her hand.

If she dug the film out of the casette with her fingernail, she might scratch or soil the intensifying screen. Damage to the protective coating of the acroen causes faulty radiographs.

Care should also be taken when inserting the film to avoid marring the screen with sharp edges of film. And when loading or unloading cassettes, it is well to keep clear of processing tanks. Developer splashes cause indelible discolorations that absorb fluorescence... resulting in spotty radiographs.

If your screens are dirty, scratched, stained or smudged, replace them now with new Patterson Intensifying Screens. Your dealer has ample stocks. Remember . . . best results can't be obtained from damaged screens. Patterson Screen Division of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. (Inc.), Towanda. Pa.

PATTERSON FLUOROSCOPIC SCREENS

—like Patterson Intensifying Screens—have been the standard of the medical profession for over a quarter of a century. Depend on them for uniformity, brilliance, contrast and visibility of datail in filtoroscopy.

Patterson Screens

Light the Tithe of X-ray

BETTER THINGS FOR BETTER LIVING . . . THROUGH CHEMISTRY

PAGE 126 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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Circuit Trip by Specialist Aids Rural Physicians

Clinic plan gives major roles to community man, hospital



Almost every rural practitioner has faced the problem:

A patient with early cancer—or a suspected malignancy—is plainly in need of specialist services. The family doctor knows of a competent radiologist in a city a hundred miles away. But for one reason or another, perhaps financial, the patient is unable to take the trip. (Similar situations arise, of course, among patients with cardiac disorders, skin diseases, tuberculosis symptoms, or orthopedic impairments.)

One solution has been evolved and proved successful by Dr. Ogden D. Miller, a radiologist of Middleton, Ohio. Back in the early thirties, he made a survey trip through twenty-one rural counties, which convinced him that the stumbling block-distance-could be overcome by any specialist who would undertake to make regular monthly visits to strategically located hospitals in his area. "It is much easier," he reasoned, "to move one consultant to ten patients than to expect ten rural practitioners to argue ten different patients into making a long, expensive trip." In the territory studied, the ra-

- 10 also all or Allies

diologist found there were some 500 physicians with access to seven well-staffed and well-equipped hospitals. Scores of these doctors welcomed the proposal to inaugurate a series of monthly cancer clinics.

So, some fourteen years ago, Dr. Miller established his first cancer conference at Candlewood. Ohio. In due time, six similar conferences were established at other spots in the state-and none has ever been discontinued. By devoting one week a month to "circuit riding," the consultant is able to visit all seven towns, making his services available to scores of cancer sufferers who might otherwise go without specialist care. His regularly scheduled visits have had the added effect of making the local physicians, as well as the rural population, more cancer-conscious-greatly increasing the chances of early diagnosis and treatment. Dr. Miller supplies such things as the radium element, biopsy instruments, a clinical camera, and certain electroscopic equipment. As a result of his visits, several of the conference hospitals have installed X-ray therapy equipment and have added radiologists to their staffs.

In the belief that other specialists may be interested in developing this type of professional serv-

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^{*}This article is factual; but out of respect for the physician's desire for complete anonomity, names are fictitious.

Anecdotes

MEDICAL ECONOMICS will pay \$5.\$10 for an acceptable description of the most exciting, amusing, amazing, or embarrasing incident that has occurred in your practice. Contributors may remain anonymous upon request.

Address Medical Economics, Rutherford, N.J.

Favorable clinical results have made
Glovarian Pills an oral medication of
choice in the treatment of functional dyaenorme and menograms alymptoms.
Memorrhea and menograms alymptoms.
Glovarian Pills contain a well-tolerated,
Glovarian Pills contain a well-tolerated,
prompt-acting natural catrogen, the equivprompt-acting natural catrogen, the equivprompt-acting natural catrogen, the capital
promption of 500 International catrone units in
an appropriate vehicle.

Electrical and Sample on Request

Schieffelin & Co.

ice in rural areas, Dr. Miller lists the following "musts":

Sponsorship. A well-equipped hospital is usually the logical (but not the only) location for such conferences. A local group clinic—wis staff, equipment, space, and enoug clientele to warrant it—may be a even better sponsoring organization, Dr. Miller has found; for the spirit of cooperation, usually preent in the successful group, make it relatively simple to fuse a cancer conference with established activities.

Other possible sponsors: a county medical society or a private physician with an especially large practice. In either case, however, a rangements would probably have to be made with a hospital for the use of space and equipment.

Facilities. Equipment for X-ray examination and therapy must be available at conference headquarters. It is not essential that a pathologist be present locally, since specimens can be sent elsewhere for analysis. But a well-rounded staff of surgical and medical consultant is important. Generally, the better the staff and equipment, the greater the venture's chance of success.

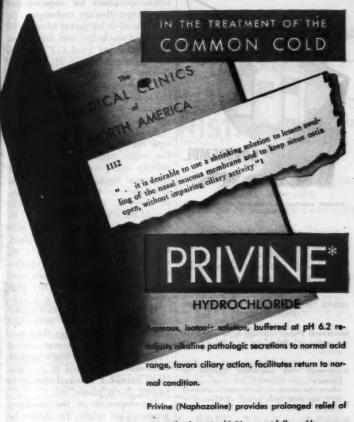
Clerical assistance. So that the consultant may devote his entire attention to diagnosis and therapy, he should take along his own clerical assistant to attend to reception work, record-taking, financial arrangements, etc. Local hospital records will naturally be kept by the institution's own office staff.

The consultant's obligation. The radiologist launching a service of this kind must of course adhere rigidly to the code of ethics. He must cooperate religiously with local surgeons, work closely with his

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Privine (Naphazoline) provides prolonged relief of congestion in acute rhinitis...not followed by secondary vasodilatation. 0.1% for adults; 0.05% for children; bottles of 1 oz.

, Medical Clinics of Horth America, 1108, Sept. 1944.

Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pet. Off.,

Citalore

CIBA PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS, INC., SUMMIT, NEW JERSEY
IN CANADA, CIBA COMPANY LIMITED, MONTREAL
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(Smooth emulsion of mineral oil with Irish Moss)

- Accelerates normal bowel function
 Is effective in both atonic and spastic constipation
- -Is smooth and reliable in action
 -Is free from roughage

THREE FORMS FOR ALL TYPES OF CONSTIPATION:

Kondremul Plain—intended to be used over a period of time to aid in normal bowel action

Kondresaul with non-bitter Extract of Cascara®—recommended for those cases where the action of Kondresaul combined with the mild tonic action of Cascara is dualized

Kondremul with Phenolphthalein* (2.2 grs. phenolphthalein per tablespoonful)—for those obstinate cases where the laxative action of phenolphthalein is indicated

*Caution: Use only as directed.

Canadian Producers: Charles E. Frosst & Co., Box 247, Montreal

THE E. L. PATCH COMPANY
BOSTON MASS.

fellow-specialists for improvement of roentgen-therapy techniques. He must do all in his power to make his special knowledge and equipment useful to every local G.P. who refers a patient to him. He must endeavor to contribute genuinely in the professional prestige of his local sponsor. And he must be in attendance faithfully at each conference each month.

As Dr. Miller points out, several radiologists covering contiguous areas might share the use of radium and portable equipment if the rural conference system were developed on a broad scale (then) traveling schedules of course. would have to be coordinated). He also notes that enough radium must be carried to provide for mouth. lip, and cervix cases; however, the element used in surface applicators in the morning becomes available for cavity cases in the afternoon.

It is interesting to note that onethird of the cases Dr. Miller sees require surgery; another third need radium therapy; the rest are advanced and hopeless cases—patients who are rarely asked to pay anything except a nominal charge for biopsy, X-ray plates, etc.

Development of the rural-conference idea might, Dr. Miller believes, do much to help private medicine ward off the threat of Federal control—for the lack of specialists in rural districts is one of the things most often criticized by social reformers. "Here," says the radiologist, "is a practical and simple method of distributing specialized services and, at the same time, of developing the personnel, equipment, and prestige of smaller hospitals and clinics."—NELSON ADAMS

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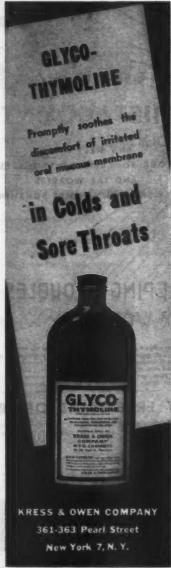
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SUN SHINE ON YOUR RECORDS



Planning to Build? Don't

Material and labor shortages will continue for some time

If you have been counting on build ing or buying a new home or office within a reasonable time after the end of the war, you may be in for a big disappointment and a long wait-perhaps as much as three years. For the main bottlenecks in construction-men and materialsshow no sign of opening up. Skilled building workers are still at a promium and are likely to remain so for a long time. The prewar building contractors who either joined the services or went into industrial or military construction have not ye reconverted.

Even more serious is the shortage, of materials of all kinds. The stringency in individual items may vary slightly from one locality to another, but all the vital elements of house construction are scarce: wood, bricks, insulating materials, lath, roofing materials, paint, and plumbing fixtures. Not only are shortages likely to continue but when they do begin to ease there will be a considerable lag before the effect is felt by the civilian consumer.

There is a strong tendency to ascribe material scarcities to OPA price policies and to labor troubles, but these factors are actually playing only minor roles. The basic causes are the tremendous demand that accumulated during the war and the virtual suspension of production of such civilian necessities since 1942.

It is estimated that the public will want a million new homes in 1948, another million in 1947; and that

PAGE 132 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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"Combined immunization against diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis is safe, effective and easy"★

BUT - not all combined vaccines are alike! Cutter D-P-T, used in the series reported above, is unique in many ways.

Organisms for the Pertussis Vaccine used in "D-P-T" are grown on human blood media. Purified toxoids and extremely high pertussis count yield a vaccine so concentrated that every cc. contains considerably more than a human dose each of tetanus and diphtheria toxoids — plus 40 billion pertussis organisms in Phase I. Thus, your dosage schedule with "D-P-T" is only 0.5 cc., 1 cc., 1 cc.

Cutter D-P-T (Alhydrox) is aluminum hydroxide adsorbed, determined by Miller to be more potent than aluminum precipitated vaccines. Moreover, persistent nodules and sterile abscesses are eliminated almost entirely.

Again quoting Miller, "Lapin has emphasized the danger of producing sterile abscesses when pertussis vaccine is mixed with alum toxoids. We are not in a position to comment . . as aluminum hydroxide is the adsorbent used by us. In our group of 172 children who received 2 injections, no abscesses were noted."**

In time and embarrassment saved you, in pain saved your patients, you'll find Cutter D-P-T has much to offer.

★ Hamilton, P. M., and Knouf, E. G.; J. of Ped., 25:238; Sept. 1944. **Miller, J. J., and Saito, T. M.; J. of Ped., 21:31-44; July, 1942.

CUTTER LABORATORIES, BERKELEY, CALIF. CHICAGO . NEW YORK

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 It is based upon an application of the old principles of counter-irritation and massage. Most of the treatment is conducted by the patient at home and consists of the daily use of mild counter-irritants-solution "A" (Parker Herbex), which contains chloral hydrate, glycerine and the extracts of Colocynth, Capsicum, Mullein and Jaborandi, and Ointment "B" (Parker Herbex), containing Thymol, Salicylic Acid, Chrysarobin and Sulphur. Twice a week the physician should apply to the affected areas a potent counterirritant, Exite (Parker Herbex) the active principle of which is (Synthetic) Oil of Mustard.

DIRECTIONS FOR PHYSICIANS

Fill out prescription blank enabling your patient to obtain Solution "A" and Oinment "B" from a pharmacist; Give your patient an instruction sheet; Have your patient come to your office twice a week for a checkup. At this time apply Exite (Parker Herbez) to the denuded areas. Ausilable on Request. This informative booklet entitled "HAIR HYGIENE" containing simplified directions for the care of the hair.



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the supply will equal scarcely half this demand. While there is some well-founded criticism of organized labor's wage-and-hour demands as a further limiting factor, both in fabrication and in on-the-lot construction, here again the root of the trouble is the diversion caused by three-and-a-half years of war.

With the backlog of demand for new housing so huge and its pressure so powerful, prices are rising steadily while quality is declining. Hence the thread of a double-barreled inflation. Many houses constructed during the next few years are likely to be jerry-built because of (1) lack of skilled labor and sound materials, and (2) a desire for swift profits by none-too-scrupulous speculators. One check on flimsy construction will be vigilance on the part of banks, building and loan associations, and other mortgagees.

Much the same situation exists in the field of remodeling. If you buy an older building, the odds are strong that you will have to pay substantially more than its true value—perhaps 30 to 50 per cent more—and then find yourself faced with the necessity for extensive repairs and remodeling. As in construction, you will be up against the same bogeys of shortages, high prices, and inferior quality.

Until reconversion is well under way throughout the whole economy—and that will take considerable time—these conditions will prevail. Prefabrication offers little hope of solving the problem; for production is governed by the fundamental factor of supplies—and there simply aren't enough to go around. Furthermore, prefabricated buildings won't satisfy many labor-dictated building codes.—B. G. FAHY

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BETASYNPLEX "NIPHANOID" contains the five important synthetic components of vitamin B complex in dry and stuble form for parenteral use.

Each ampul contains: Thiamine hydrochloride (vitamin 8₁)........................ 10 mg Riballavia (vitamin B₂, as saluble salt of riballavin sadium-Calcium pantotheaute..... Miscinemide (nicotinic acid amide).................. 50 mg.

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The addition of only 2 cc. of distilled water yields almost instantly a fresh solution of full patency. The therapeutic efficiency of synthetic vitamins has been firmly established by clinical experience. BETASYNPLEX "HIPHANOID" is of particular value for patients who vemit or fail to absorb eral doses because of other gastrointestinal disturbances.

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with children... the benzedrine inhaler can be satisfactorily employed for young children for the relief obstructive symptoms in the nasopharynx due either to infection or to allergic edema. No untoward symptoms were noted from the use of the inhaler.**

Benzedrine Inhaler



a better means of nasal medication



In a recent survey of pediatricians, 77% were found to use Benzedrine Inhaler, N.N.R., in their practice.

Children accept Benzedrine Inhaler theray willingly, and show none of the hostility which so often complicates the administration of drops, tampons, or sprays. Each Benzedrine Inhaler is packed with racemic amphetamine, S.K.F., 200 mg.; menthol, 10 mg.; and aromatics. Smith, Kline & French Laboratories, Philadelphia, Pa.



Naturally, Doctor, you know a baby's skin requires a specially pure, mild soap. We believe Swan is ideal.

Analyses show that this new, white floating soap is pure as fine 100 % "olive oil" castiles.

And medically supervised experiments on hundreds of babies show that "no soap tested -whether castile or floating soap-is milder than Swan."

The fats and oils in Swan are all of top grade! No free alkali, no fatty acid, no coloring matter or strong perfume.

All of which shows that you can happily recommend Swan to any patient, young or old!

· A cake of pure Swan to every baby born in the U. S. in 1945!

Tell new mothers to get this gift by writing to Swan, Box 16, New York 8, New York.

SWAN floating soap

is pure as fine Castiles

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The hay fever season is over-but

Head Colds-Sinusitis Asthma (allergy) RELIEF

begins in 10 minutes-too

FOUR TABLETS of Nakamo Bell, each tablet containing 1/24 gr. ephedrine hydrochloride, NaCl, NH₄Cl, KCl, will provide relief usually beginning within ten minutes.

So many doctors are now prescribing and dispensing Nakamo Bell and such favorable reports are being obtained—that we want you to try it.

Check this tablet for yourself, and let results convince you.

WANTED—Tablet Salesmen to Doctors. Gentlemen over 50 wishing to add to income. Drug experience not necessary. Exclusive territory near home. Commissions paid weekly. Line of 20 p.eparations known to many doctors. Write Hollings-Smith Co., Orangeburg, N.Y.

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PAGE 138 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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The Newsvane

V.A. RELICS. Acting Surgeon General Paul Hawley of the Veterans Administration is irate at the rule that limits his choice of physicians to those on civil service lists. He complained recently that one list gave him his choice of a male physician aged 87 and a woman physician aged 76. General Hawlev said the list also contained the names of doctors who at one time or another had been committeed to institutions for insanity or alcoholism.

GEORGE. "The honor, the glory and the free advertising" of being a county medical society president are small compensation for what the job takes out of a man, says the Bulletin of the Kings County (N.Y.) Medical Society, pointing out that one of the society's presidents during his two years in office attended 303 society and committee meetings; 95 other medical meetings; 67 dinners: 13 luncheons: and 29 funeral services-all at his own expense.

V.D. LAW. Asserting that promiscuity is responsible for the greater part of venereal disease transmission, and that "the promiscuous patient is more likely to refuse examination or treatment than the person of regular sexual habits," the American Public Health Association is calling for state enactment of its model V.D. law, DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 13)

which would compel infected persons to submit to treatment or be subjected to quarantine.

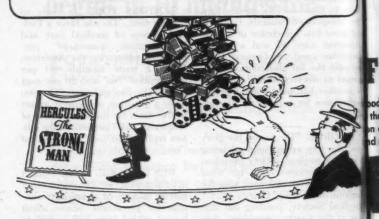
EDITORS' POLL. In reply to the question, "Do you favor a Federal system of medical care and hospitalization insurance?" posed to editors by the American Press, a trade monthly, 80 per cent replied "No" and 20 per cent "Yes." On the question, "Do you favor a program of Federal grants to the states for the construction of hospitals?", 61.7 per cent of the editors replied "No" and 38.3 per cent "Yes."

RENT GOUGE. In the District of Columbia, as in some other places, owners of apartments suitable for physicians' offices admit having added from \$25 to \$50 to the usual monthly rental in showing them to doctors (OPA regulations do not apply to quarters rented for professional purposes). One place listed with the D.C. medical society is offered to doctors at \$250 although it has been renting at \$150.

OUADS. Ninety-four sets of quadruplets, in a total of 56,391,-612 births, were reported in the years 1914-1943, says the Census Bureau, which has recorded 6,375 sets of triplets in the same period. Chances of a quadruple birth are one in 599,921, adds the bureau;



l ain't feelin' so good, doctor... Can't keep a thing on my stummick except Cream of Wheat!



Quick Facts about "Enriched 5 Minute" Cream of Wheat

- 1. Exclusive patented process guarantees full flavor and complete digestibility (no raw starch remaining) after only five minutes of boiling.
- 2. Provides 12 mg. of available Iron per ounce—at least the full daily minimum requirement for infants, children and adults. Also supplies extra Calcium, Phosphorus, Thiamine and Niacin.
- 3. It provides same granulation, same digestibility, same rich, satinamooth flavor, same freedom from irritating bran particles that you get in "Regular" Cream of Wheat, 49 years a favorite.

IT'S IDEAL FOR BLAND DIETS!

COTAN CREAT

"CREAM OF WHEAT" AND CHEF TRADEMARKS RES. U. S. PAT, OFF,

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"the basic motive for . . . better





FOR PATIENTS OVER

od nutrition is essential to a healthy, vigorous and useful life, the middle-aged and aged, faulty selection, digestion, absorpn and metabolism of foods may cause deficiencies in vitamins and minerals even from a diet that is supposedly adequate.

VI-SYNERAL SPECIAL GROUP

Specially Balanced Potency for Middle-Aged and Aged



Professional Samples and Literature

(1) Tuohy, E. L.: Handbook of Nutrition, J.A.M.A., 1943, pp. 365-384. (2) Piersol, G. M., and Bortz, E.: Ann. Int. Med. 12:964, 1939. Each vitamin eapsulo contains:

The Vi-Syneral Mineral Capsule furnishes: Calcium, Phosphorus, Iron, Iadine, Copper, Magnesium, Zinc, Manganese.

Special Vi-Syneral potencies are also available for: INFANTS and CHILDREN • CHILDREN and ADOLESCENTS ADULTS • EXPECTANT and NURSING MOTHERS.

S. VITAMIN CORPORATION . NEW YORK 17, N. Y.



of a triple birth, one in 8,846, twins, one in 89.

APHA Fellow Raps It National Health Plan

Compulsory scheme seen flouti the rights of the individual

Grimly the American Public Heal Association presented to its mebers a scathing minority opinion its "National Program for Medic Care." The author of the critiq was Dr. W. G. Smillie, departme of public health and preventimedicine, Cornell University medical College, and fellow of the association.

The national program envision medical care on a compulsory basi with the provision of all facilitie and services for public health, preventive medicine, epidemiology, in dustrial hygiene, and child health It would supply physician and ho pital service in all types of disease.

Bluntly suggesting that the asseciation had railroaded adoption of the report as part of its official policy, without giving the membership proper time to study its provision at and its implications, Dr. Smilli pointed out that it calls for a vast overpowering Federal bureaucrac foreign to democratic American period, he cited some of the program's to principles:

"A single responsible agency is a he fundamental requisite to effective administration at all levels: Federal, state, and local."

"The services should be financed on a nation-wide basis."

"Adequate support for the plan will be secured through social in-

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XUM



TO OBTAIN BEST RESULTS...the sore three patient should not eat or drink fluids for one or two hour after instillation of Paredrine-Sulfathiazole Suspension. He should also make every effort to reduce nose-blowing and throat-clearing to a minimum.

Smith, Kline & French Laboratories, Philadelphia, Pa.

E THROAT?

Sulfathiazole is particularly effective against the hemolytic streptococcus, which apparently causes the vast majority of sore throats.

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There are two other important reasons why Paredrine-Sulfathiazole Suspension—when administered intranasally—is so successful in the treatment of acute nasopharyngitis:

- 1 Part of the Suspension remains beneath the middle and superior turbinates—and, mixing with sinus drip, retards the proliferation of bacteria before they reach the nasopharynx and intensify the infection.
- 2 Part of the Suspension drifts downward over the nasopharynx, forming a fine frosting on the nasopharyngeal mucosa. This thin blanket not only keeps producing a bacteriostatic solution at the site of infection, but also appears to provide marked surface analgesia.

PAREDRINE-SULFATHIAZOLE SUSPENSION

vasoconstriction in minutes bacteriostasis for hours surance, supplemented by general taxation, or by general taxation alone."

Commented Dr. Smillie: "If administration of services is the function of a single responsible agency. then local communities can have no autonomy, no outlet for initiative, no chance for expression of local opinion as to local needs, no opportunity to formulate local policies ... A captious critic might suggest that we, as public health administrators, may be accused of self-interest, bias, and partisanship, since it is claimed throughout the report that we are obviously the only suitable persons to be chosen to organize and administer this program.

"It would have been far more appropriate to utilize the genius of the American people for local selfgovernment, to develop a program slowly and progressively on a community basis, building on the sound foundation of local community autonomy, with state guidance and assistance when necessary, and with Federal subsidy to those communities in greatest need."

SWEDISH PLANS. More than 1,900,000 Swedes out of a population of 7,000,000 subscribe to sickness insurance plans of some 1,600 local societies, Stockholm reports. Membership has doubled since 1935.

DRUG PRICES. With the cost of living up 31 per cent, essential drugs and medicines are selling at, or below, pre-war levels, says Dr. E. L. Newcomb, executive vice president of the National Wholesale Druggists' Association. Exam-



HAMILTON Stantons Incorporates patented time-saving features . . . conveniences built right into this heavy gauge steel furniture with the trim beauty of its design. The glistening white Dulux finish dessa't stain a chip, and special drawer construction climinates noise and rather.

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In the Discomfort of

COLDS AND INFLUENZA

As distressing as the local symptoms are the muscle and joint pains of acute respiratory infections and influenza. For these patients, Baume Bengue is especially beneficial. Its contained menthol and methyl salicylate produce a warming local hyperemia which releases spastic muscles and loosens stiffened, painful joints. Percutaneously absorbed methyl salicylate affords a well-defined analgesic influence which further allays the generalized discomfort and malaise. Patients demand local therapy for local discomfort; Baume Bengue is a scientific and effective preparation to satisfy this demand.

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PSORIASIS



HANOVIA ALPINE LUXOR MODEL

Ultraviolet Quartz Lamp

One eminent medical authority writes: "In spite of the cynic who stated that any new method will cure psoriasisat first, there is no doubt that the mercury vapor lamp has proved itself a most astonishing success . . . Long standing cases require more treatments than those of recent origin, but I have yet to meet with a case that is not greatly benefited by the treatment.



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DEPT. ME-2

World's largest manufacturers of ultraviolet equipment for the Medical Profession.

Complete details and clinical records will be sent promptly

ILGWU CLINIC. With an inpatient attendance of about 125,-000 persons in 1944 and a quarter million in 1945, the Union Health Center of the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union will greatly expand the facilities of its twen-

ty-one clinics in the twenty-sixstory commercial building it recently purchased in New York. At the time of the purchase the health center (founded in 1913) occupied

ples: vitamins, down 15 to 20 per cent; sulfas, down 33 1/3 to 90 per cent; penicillin, reduced from \$20 to \$2 per 100,000 Oxford units.

'Baby Brokerage' Laws Held Menace to M.D.'s

Vagueness said to jeopardize M.D. who merely advises

If a physician can be brought to trial in the District of Columbia on charges of having violated the district's new "baby brokerage" lawas one recently was-merely because he introduced prospective foster-parents to a mother, then the law is a menace and needs official clarification.

This is the conclusion of the Medical Annals of the District of Columbia, which warns physicians to be careful meanwhile that they do not become involved in a violation of the law, which stipulates that before a person can "assist" in placing a child under 16 for adoption, he or she must be licensed as a childplacing agency. The prosecuting attorney for the district has taken the position that merely introducing the principals to each other constitutes such "assistance."

PAGE 148 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

THE aicaf IN HEMORRHOIDAL THERAPY STOPS HEMORRHOIDAL PAINS VITHIN 5 MINUTES POR the relief of the inflammatory rettal conditions, RECTAL MEDICONE meets these objectives: 1. ANESTHESIA OF THE EXPOSED NERVES 2. HEMOSTASIS OF BLEEDING VEINS 3. DECONGESTION OF THE VARICOSITIES

Many thousands of physicians during the past ten years have employed RECTAL MEDICONE to relieve pain, control bleeding and reduce congestion in rectal conditions where surgery is not indicated, also in pre-surgical and post-operative treatment.

At all prescription pharmonies \$1.25 per box MEDICONE COMPANY, 225 VARICK STREET, NEW YORK 14, N.Y.

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MEDICAL CENTER. Ground will probably be broken within a year for the vast New York University-Bellevue Medical Center, a \$27,500,000 project involving the construction of six major building units for the New York University School of Medicine and the replacement of all but three of Bellevue Hospital's eighteen existing buildings. Among the center's features:

A fourteen-floor university hosnital-a slender structure resting on a five-story medical schoolwith a capacity of 480 beds. (Hospital rooms, with the exception of a few four-bed wards, will all be single, but designed, for the most part, for patients of moderate in-

come.)

¶ An institute of forensic medi-

eine, described as the first of its kind in the world. (This, in the words of Dr. Harry Woodburn Chase, university Chancellor, "will play a leading part in the exploration of medicolegal problems in America.' Among its aims will be the development of a "new type of medical examiner" to replace the contemporary coroner.)

¶ A university elinic designed to meet the needs of middle-income patients, subscribers to various prepayment plans, and others who are not eligible for Bellevue's indigent

care.

The center, to rise on Manhattan's east side, will also involve the construction of a new Bellevue Hospital with a capacity of from 3,200 to 3,400 beds. In all, New York University will contribute \$15,-000,000 (to be raised in a public



Sterile ampule production by the H. W. & D. system assures the physician and druggist of the most modern and carefully controlled methods.

The plan of operation and much of the equipment were designed by the H. W. & D. staff to provide aseptic technique through all stages from the preparation of solutions to the final sealing of ampules.

Chemical and biological controls and inspections throughout the process insure product uniformity and

sterility.

The physician has assurance in using such H. W. & D. ampule products as Lutein, Phenolsulfonphthalein, Bromsulphalein, Indigo Carmine and Bromsalizol.

Complete list on request.



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PATIENTS APPRECIATE MAZON'S

Cleanliness Cleanliness Reprience Reprience Reprience REPRIENT OF SKIN IRRITATIONS

There is no messiness associated with the use of Mazon, because Mazon is non-greasy and non-staining. These features, plus Mazon's case of application will be appreciated by fastidious patients, especially.

The simple Mazon treatment requires only the cleansing of the affected area with Mazon Soap, followed by application of Mazon Ointment. No bandaging is necessary.

Clinical experience shows that Mazon brings rapid improvement in skin disorders and often obtains satisfactory response in obstinate conditions of long duration.

Mazon's rapid action coupled with its cleanliness and convenience make Mazon a preferred treatment in the field of dermal therapy. Try Mazon on your next skin case.

MAZON

Indications include Eczema, Psoriasis,
Alopecia, Ringworm, Dandruff, Athlete's
Foot and other skin irritations not caused
by or associated with systemic or metabolic
disease. Mazon is anti-pruritic, anti-septic,
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Fits Your Practice?

Perhaps you want your instruments and medicaments on your left and the surgical cuspidor at the right near the patient as illustrated above. Or you prefer just the opposite arrangement, shown in photograph B. Most users of Ritter ENT Units prefer the complete Unit—with swinging cuspidor. This model is also made for positioning at the right (C) or left (D) of the chair.

Whichever model you select, you'll find new operating ease with the Unit's fine precision instruments. Give your skill the advantage of the modern equipment it deserves, now. Ritter Co.,

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DURING THAT

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FIRST YEAR OF LIFE



The well nourished baby is more resistant to the common ills of infancy. Moreover it is during that all-important first year of life that the very foundation of *future* health and ruggedness is laid. Similac-fed infants are notably well nourished; for Similac provides breast milk proportions of fat, protein, carbohydrate and minerals, in forms that are physically and metabolically suited to the infant's requirements. Similac dependably nourishes the bottle fed infant — *from birth until weaning*.



A powdered, modified milk product especially prepared for infant feeding, made from tuberculin tested cow's milk (casein modified) from which part of the butter fat is removed and to which has been added lactose, olive oil, cocoanut oil, core oil and fish liver oil concentrate.

SIMILAC ; #

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DRAMATIC RESULTS IN



Impetigo may be either streptococcic or staphylococcic in etiology.

Dramatic results have been obtained in this common infectious condition with

SULFA-CEEPRYN

Suffathiazole, Sulfanilamide and Cetylpyridiniem Chloride

GREAM

because both 10% sulfathiazole and 10% sulfathiamide are combined to give antistaphylococcic and antistreptococcic actions, reinforced by the penetrating detergent-germicide, Ceepryn (1:500).

Sulfa-Coopryn Cream is available at prescription pharmacies in one-ounce tubes and one-pound pars. Write for complete literature and sample.

T. M. "Sulfa-Coopryn" and "Coopryn" Rog. U. S. Pat. Off.



drive) to the project; the City of New York, \$12,500,000.

Blue Cross Won't Seek Federal Assistance

Bars suggestion that U.S. pay for 'marginal indigents'

A proposal made to the October conference of hospital plans in New York that the Blue Cross ask the Government to pay subscription fees for "marginal indigent" groups brought about a storm of opposition before it was rejected. In its place was substituted a resolution recommending to the plans' committee on government relations "that if the Federal Covernment decides to use Federal funds for the payment of hospital service (for those unable to pay for such services) that the committee express the willingness of the Blue Cross to participate with the authorities in working out practical methods of cooperation."

Opposing the original resolution, John A. McNamara, Cleveland Hospital Service Association, declared there is no way of defining "marginal indigent groups." He pointed out that Mayor F. H. LaGuardia had said, several years ago, that "All families with \$50 a week income or less should have free health care." Commented Mr. McNamara: "He could now raise it to \$75 a week. If 'marginal' is to include all 'worthy cases,' the politicians could put all their friends and constituents into that category. The Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill is our own natural enemy and I object to any compromise with it."

Recalling that the Federal Security Administration has been paying

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Those we Love

Their bright young faces . . . sons, daughters, grandchildren . . . smiling at him from his desk, are treasured in his heart. His own success is more important because it makes their pathway fair and wide.

To that end the doctor devotes his best efforts . . . demands the best professional equipment that science and industry can provide.

The Birtcher-Built Challenger Short Wave Diathermy combines plentiful power, simplicity and ease of operation, staunch durability and pleasing dignity of appearance. It's a superior unit at a reasonable price.

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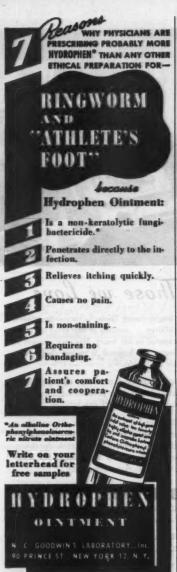
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"SEVEN BASIC FACTS
ABOUT DIATHERMY"

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|---------|------------|-----------|------------|
| CITY | ZONE | STATE | TOTAL LINE |

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part of the Blue Cross fee for farers, N. Haskins Coleman Jr. sad that in his opinion it would be beter for the Government to go whole hog and subsidize the ward beds in hospitals. A subsequent reduction in hospital costs, he believed, would bring Blue Cross protection within the range of more people.

Here, again, the conference objected to asking the Government to

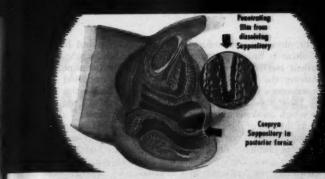
step in.

PART-TIME SNARL. Washington, D.C., physicians who work on a half-time basis for the district health department found a month ago that they were affected by a new ruling establishing the official full working week as forty hours instead of thirty-five: (1) They had to work 2½ hours extra each week for the same old pay; and (2) they couldn't collect their checks anyway.

The latter contretemps had been brought about by an auditor who froze payrolls because he could find "no similarity between hours listed on the department records and hours actually worked." Bureau heads, it appeared, had let physicians work for the former 17%-hour period while recording them as having worked twenty. Dr. Joseph Murphy, chief of school medical inspection, said: "The doctors do not receive very high pay anyway, and an added half hour's work each day is bad for morale." But rather than hold up their checks any further, bureau chiefs agreed to hold their physicians to the twenty-hour schedule in the future.

NIGHT CALLS. Night calls are part of a doctor's job, comments the Rocky Mountain Medical Jour-

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MEDICATION THAT "SEEKS OUT" TRICHOMONADS

The effectiveness of any antiseptic against Trichomonas is determined by its ability to reach the parasites. When any number of these protozoa remain untouched in the deep vaginal folds, treatment is prolonged and the possibility of a recurring discharge is high.



derive their effectiveness against pathogenic vaginal flora from the non-mercurial quaternary ammonium salt germicide—Ceepryn. In addition to its potent antiseptic action, Ceepryn has a high degree of detergency, enabling it to penetrate the deepest and most minute vaginal rugae, where the parasites lie safe from ordinary destructive agents.

Because of this "wetting" effect, the Suppositories dissolve into an emulsion-like film that brings the medication into intimate contact with all affected areas and makes leakage extremely rare. They are nonstaining, clean to handle and easy to apply.

Ceepryn Vaginal Suppositories are available in boxes of 12, individually cartoned. Complete Treatment Harmony in Obstetrics and Gynecology

These additional Ceepryn preparations are designed for office use



CEEPRYN VAGNAL POWDER, Serziad—Ceepryn 0.5% in powder base of boric acid, Izaolin and lactose.

10-Gm. vials (fitting standard insufflators) and 8-oz. bottles.



CEPRYN AQUEOUS SOLUTION 1:1000

—Isotonic, germicidal and detergent, for lavage and wet dressin;
Nonirritating. Pints and gallens.



CEEPRYN JELLY 1:1000—Ceepryn 0.1% in water-soluble jelly. Soothing antiseptic dressing and lubricant, 1-oz. tubes.

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nal, and the physician who refuses to accept them is unfair not only to his patient but to other physicians. "Among the attractive elements in a doctor's life is certainly not to be listed the jangle of the telephone which awakens him after midnight. At the end of a herculean day's efforts, often comprising heavy operative problems all morning, followed by a seemingly neverending sequence of patients to stretch office hours into late evening, the doctor often tumbles into bed in a stupor of fatigue.

"The physician is surely as deserving of his eight hours of sleep as anyone, but nevertheless the vast majority have always responded with good grace to every reasonable summons regardless of time or weather. No other outlook is consistent with our traditions.

"An ingenious but highly reprehensible device to sidestep the admittedly burdensome night call has recently been reported from eral sources. The doctor simply expresses his regret at not being able to respond because, 'I do not take night calls.' This is said with an assurance which appears to impress the patient as logical and final to the point of admitting no further discussion-as though one called his favorite department store to asl about evening shopping and re ceived the reply, 'Sorry, but we close Saturdays at 6 P.M.

"One might well expect the patient who is thus quietly rebuffed to feel resentment, particularly if the doctor-patient relationship has already been established by previous treatment at hospital, office, or home. On the contrary, the pa-



doctor . . . here's a smart . . . new grate for your office or home

A Cape Cod idea . . . a topless stove as fireplace grate. The HEAT-O-GRILL is durable cast-iron with large bowl to throw heat out; a draft control

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door and slide for easy heat-regulation; easy dump grate; enclosed ash pit, 24"x12"x9\footnote{\alpha}\ellipse{\alpha}\in \text{, fits any fireplace. Burns wood, coal, briquettes, charcoal. Use in

fine for cooking outdoors, camping, hunting HEAT-O-GRILL comes complete with folding grill and spit—fine for cooking out-of-doors or indoors. Give yourself a gift, for your camp, hunting, fishing parties. Portable, fits in back of cars. \$22.50 complete, express collect; satisfaction guaranteed.





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MERRELL COMPANY

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Compare THESE 2 ELASTIC BANDAGES



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ALL-COTTON . . . WITHOUT RUBBER



SKIN-TONE . . . WITH LASTEX*

Should be compared only with all-cotton elastic bandages.

This original Ace is the standard all-cotton elastic bandage and has proven its therapeutic value in many thousands of cases of varicose veins and ulcers, strains, sprains, and injuries.

Made from long-fibered Egyptian cotton with properly twisted warp and weave, it has an adequate quantity of cross threads to provide substantial body. These specifications assure moderate, uniform stretch over the full width of the bandage. Cool and comfortable to wear due to its por-

ous weave. Washing restores elasticity.

B-D PRODUCTS

Should be compared only with rubber reinforced elastic bandages.

Preferred where motion of the part wrapped may cause slipping or loosening of the bandage. Ace No. 8 assures constant elasticity because it is reinforced with "Lastex" yarn. It has been designed to remain elastic and useful — comparatively unaffected by dealer storage, perspiration, oils, grease and solvents that may shorten the life and reduce the therapeutic value of rubber reinforced bandages. A woven "brake" controls the

stretch, adding to the stability and life of the bandage.

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BECTON, DICKINSON & Co., RUTHERFORD, N. J.

DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 159



SAMO cigarettes are a safe way and a sure way to reduce your partent's nicetime intoke, Seno provide that substantial reduction in nicetime usually necessary to procure definite physiological improvement. With Seno there is no question obsert the amount of nicetime elimination. With Seno you encounter none of these variable factors involved in methods which merely otherspi to extract nicetime from

tobacco smoke. With Sano, the nicetine is actually removed from the tobacco healt. Sano georantees of healt. Sano georantees of ways less than 1% nicotine content. Yet Sano are a delightful and satisfying smoke. FREE PROFESSIONAL SAMPLES. DDPT. C. 154 WIST 14m ST.—Haw YORK, N. Y. PRASS SEND ME SAMPLES OF SANO (GARETES.)

Check here if you also wish samples of pipe tobacco.

tient's reaction appears often to be one of profound respect. It is concluded that Dr. X cannot be other than a great leader in his profession, too dignified and important for the hurly-burly of night work a man who must not risk by undufatigue even an iota of his precion mental acumen for the morrow.

"The patient thereupon takes uher phone book, rings Dr. Z and a quests him to come at once. Dr. naturally inquires about previous medical care. He receives the repithat 'Dr. X prescribed for me yet terday at his office, but he cannot come tonight because, as you probably know, he does not make night calls."

The poor patient then is shocke and mystified when Dr. Z make such a testy and sarcastic commen as easily comes to the lips of harassed and very tired man. Per haps he slams the receiver to clor the conversation. In thinking over, the patient may still fee curiously, no resentment towar Dr. X, but she is sure to reach white-heat of indignation in his sense of having been insulted an outraged by the cold-hearted Dr. 7

"Calm analysis of this situation vindicates Dr. Z, who properly resents the implications. It is Dr. 1

WANTED

We want new and unusual items which will help promote efficiency in the operation of physician's office routine. We will be glad to develop and finance any ideas.

PROFESSIONAL SALES CO.

15 East 22nd Street New York 10, New York

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Actually miscible in hot or cold liquids in all proportions

ANGIER'S EMULSION

The infinitesimal dispersion of gum acacia, glycerine, sodium benzoate, hypophosphites and high viscosity mineral oil offers an outstanding example of how thoroughly the component fractions are emulsified for optimal results. Freedom from alcohol or habit-forming drugs plus a pleasant, soothing effect on the gastro intestinal areas suggests its value in convalescent cases. Its highly miscible character evidences an ideal vehicle for use with a preferred tonic and with vitamin Bi.

Leading pharmacies everywhere can fill your prescriptions promptly

ANGIER CHEMICAL CO. **Boston 34**

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It's portable...it's versatile



for Precision Controlled SUCTION . PRESSURE . ANESTHESIA

Regarded by many as the ideal all-purpose pump for precision-controlled suction, pressure and ether administration, the Gomco Model "710" embodies all Gomco safety and convenience features...standard suction and ether bottles recessed into the base...regulating valves with gauges to maintain desired suction (up to 26" of mercury) or pressure (to 30 lbs.)...the Gomco Safety Overflow Valve guarding the pump from overflow damage. These and other features, recommend the "710" for general service. Details on request. GOMCO SURGICAL MANUFACTURING CORP. 73 Ellicon Street Buffalo 3, New York

SUCTION AND ETHER EQUIPMENT

who has flouted the patient. In taking the case and treating her at his office, he assumes a responsibility which does not end when the se goes down. For two doctors treat the same patient independent ty, one by day and the other night, would be chaotic and absurd The idea is absolutely without sanction in medical ethics or base in common sense. If Dr. Z permi ted the burden of the night call t be shifted to his back in such airy and irresponsible manner, could scarcely fail to humiliate him self. On the following day the pa tient would return to the care Dr. X, and then proceed to tell he friends that Dr. Z is no great shake as a doctor, but may be handy whe better men are not available.

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"In essence, the simple state ment of a physician that he doe not 'take night calls' is an insult t his colleagues as well as a bread of his duty to the public. If neces sary, medical societies should sup shab press this practice, even though may require disciplinary action i certain cases.

"All this is not to imply that doctor has no right to make a sp cific advance arrangement with younger, healthier, or less busy co [SO] league to handle emergency or night udin calls. There is no offense against ethics or good taste, for example IASO when an older doctor, especially I impaired in health, enters into a understanding which permits him to transfer the night call to younger physician. In this case, the doctor should explain the situation to the patient and give assurance that a visit will be made. He should then, whenever possible, take th initiative of telephoning the secon physician to apprise him of the

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four treatment of psoriasis gains in ed and power when you "switch" nim RIASOL because

RIASOL's low surface tension raph penetrates overlying scales to ch affected areas more quickly. ake

RIASOL then helps clear the ches, often succeeding in stubborn

doe mically combined with soaps, % phenol and 0.75% cresol in a supphable, non-staining, odorless very

p bath and thorough drying. A in, invisible, economical film sufpply RIASOL daily after a mild k, adjust to the patient's progress. SOL may be applied to any area, guding face and scalp.

ple IASOL is not publicly advertised. Supplied and 8 fld. oz. bottles, at pharmacies or y i

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Psoriasis Circinate After RIASOL



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Please send me professional literature and generous clinical package of RIASOL.

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RIASOL FOR PSORIASIS

call. In no other way can a doctor decline to make a night call without laying himself open to a legitimate charge of dereliction of professional duty."

GROUP PRACTICE. If for no other reason than that the average patient won't have it otherwise, "the general practitioner will continue to be the prime factor in medical care," the New York County Medical Society observes. "And for the sake of the patient, any plan of group practice must have as its first objective assistance to the general practitioner in providing the best of care that modern medical science can offer him."

The society believes the reason is obvious: Any attempt to establish the traditional relationship between the patient and a number of physicians leaves the former dissatisfied and confused. "The contact of the patient with the specialist, especially in a difficult problem involving diagnosis, is usually a temporar contact for a special purpose. The patient cannot look to a single specialist, much less to a group of specialists, for that assumption of fingersponsibility for him and his fatt which alone can give him a sense of confidence and security."

Thus, the society concludes, a will remain the G.P.'s responsibility to guide the patient to the specialists he needs, to interpret their findings in terms of his general welfare, and to decide what shall and shall not be done to carry out their recommendations. "In any event," a warns, "group practice must not be organized to take patients away from general practitioners or to iso-

AN IMPORTANT Cherapeutic Team IN RESPIRATORY AFFECTIONS

The effectiveness of MYODIN (formerly Gardner's Syrup of Hydriadic Acid) in stimulating branchapulmonary membranes to effect secretion and liquefaction of mucus has made it at indian preparation of choice to provide systemic relief in: Influenza, branchial dyspaea, chronic branchitis, common cold, grippe, unresolved pneumonia and pleurist, HYODIN is a colerioss ... most patatable ... well-telerated ... fass taxic ... and highly stable iadine preparation for use whenever internal ladine medication is indicated. Each 100 cc. contains 1.3—1.5 Gm. hydrogen iadide (resublimed iadine value averages 35 gr. in each 4 cc.). Desages 1 to 3 tps. in 1/2 glass water 1/2 hr. before meals. Available: In 4 and 8 cz. bottles.

GARDNER'S
HYODIN
for Systemic
Relief

GARDNER'S
SYRUP AMMONIUM
HYPOPHOSPHITE
for Local Relief

— an efficacious demulcent expectorant aften employed an adjuvant to HYODIN. Its efficiency in soathing los inflammation, and diminishing the cough by making more productive and less fatiguing — without the use apiales at sedatives — qualifies it as an ideal preparation for local treatment of many conditions in which HYODI is indicated. Each 30 cc. contains 1.05 Gm. of ammonius hypophosphite (2 gr. in 4 cc.). Dosage: 1 to 2 tsp. p.r.t. Available: In 4 and 8 ox. bottles.

FIRM OF R. W. GARDNER . ORANGE, N. J. MAKERS OF STRUP OF HYDRIGHIC ACID SINCE 1821

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THE BURTON FRESNEL 3 in 1 Medical Light

NOW INCORPORATING THE HIGH QUALITIES AND STANDARDS OF PEACETIME PRODUCTION

r before a light like this! Never me advantages like these offered physicians by the versatile BURTON Fresnel Medical Light.

- ·Lowest-priced all-purpose light on the market.
- 3 great lights in 1—triple illumination for diagnostic, operative and examination work.
- Over 1000 foot-candles of heat-free, color-corrected true 'white' light for your
- Easy finger-tip control to adjust angles, vary light fields or light intensity.
 Beautiful bakelite construction; impres-
- sive modern design.
- Standard 100-wt. bulb; no transformers or rheostats required; operates from any 110-volt line.
 The BURTON Fresnel 3 in 1 Medical

Light is available now through your dealer.
Write today for full information.

AVAILABLE IN 5 MODELS No. 1201A—Floorstand Model djustable. 41¼ to 64½ in. Black crackle tish, polish trim. Balanced base. Lighting d tips to any angle. Price, Complete \$16.95

No. 1202A-Wall Model

(Not illustrated) Attractive tele ing bracket extends to 251/2 in. Takes little space when not in use. Prior

No. 1201A-S.—("Shortle") Floorstand Model (Not illustrated) Same as No. 120 Floorstand Model excepting heigh Adjustable from 301/4 to 52 in. Pri







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Suggested in Gastric Atony with Dyspepsia

The gentian content of Angostura Bitters (Elix. Ang. Amari Sgt.) combined with its palatability make it one of the most efficacious bitter tonics in stimulating digestive secretions, promoting better appetite, and assimilation of foods. Flatulence and discomfort are frequently markedly reduced.



ANGOSTURA-WUPPERMANN CORP. 304 East 45th St., New York 17, N. Y.



Myopene (Drugpred) (vitamin E—wheat germ eil). Not a counterirritant. Relieves corrences; cases pain and tension; reduces ewelling; eliminates stiffness. At all ethical pharmacies—in 1 os. and 16 oz. jars. Sond for sample and literature.

THE DRUG PRODUCTS CO., INC. 19 West 44th Street New York 18, N. Y.

MYOPONE (DRUGPROD) late general practitioners from their specialist colleagues."

U.S. May Hire the Blue Cross to Serve Vets

Use of private hospitals seen cutting V.A. construction

General Omar N. Bradley, Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, he asked the Blue Cross to explore the possibility of bringing veterans under hospital plan coverage, with subscription fees to be paid by the Government. According to E. A Van Steenwyck, chairman of the Government relations committee of the Blue Cross, General Bradley is weighing the advisability of restricting construction of new V.A. hospitals by turning over the care of veterans to civilian teaching hospitals.

Mr. Van Steenwyck told the recent Blue Cross conference in New York that chronic cases would not be included in the program. Service would be rendered by the hospital on a cost basis.

The plan presumably would utilize the services of private physician in the hospital areas, in line will General Bradley's newly announcel policy (see "V.A. Invites Participation of 'Best' Private Physicians,' this issue).

CHILDREN "WARPED." A constant stream of evidence is accumulating in the psychiatric division of New York's Bellevue Hospital that a serious and permaner warping of personality occurs inchildren reared from infancy in institutions, Dr. Lauretta Bender, saior psychiatrist of the hospital, lattold the Child Welfare League of America. [Continued on page 170]

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in its field ...

BOULDER DAM . . . is regarded by many engineers as one of the world's most perfect power projects. And as Boulder Dam's wealth of power resources is providing almost incalculable national benefits, so, too, are SKLAR products proving of inestimable value to surgeons everywhere. For SKLAR offers the medical profession a tough, durable instrument, dependable under unusual strain . . . that can be sterilized again and again without deterioration. Since its founding over half a century ago, the J. SKLAR MANUFAC-TURING COMPANY has never compromised with quality . . . has consistently anticipated surgical trends and needs. And it is this policy of faithful devation to detail . . . and long range planning . which has made SKLAR the leader in a highly specialized industry. SKLAR products are sold only through accredited surgical supply distributors.

A catalog of Sklar Stainless Steel Instruments will be provided on request.

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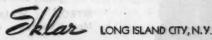
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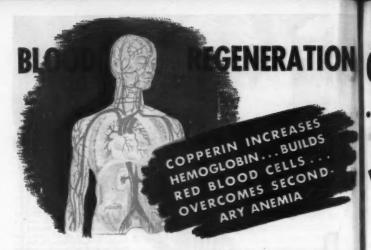
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DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 167



Before Copperin appeared, massive iron doses were inflicted on the anemic. Most of the iron was not utilized. The excess, excreted fecally, produced gastrointestinal irritation and upset—thus defeating the original purpose of the clinician.

Copperin represents a scientific conception of iron needs in secondary anemia. The iron content per capsule is small — 32 mgm. — but wholly adequate. The potent catalytic agent, copper sulphate, makes ALL the iron

available for regenerative processes.

There is rapid replacement of hemoglobin and new red cells. This is markedly manifested in treating the hypochromic anemia of children; the "milk anemia" of infants; hemorrhagic anemia following blood donation; pregnancy anemia; chlorosis and anemia of middle aged women.

In two strengths: Copperin "A" for adults; Copperin "B" for children.

Professional samples gladly sent on request

MYRON L. WALKER CO. INC. Mount Vernon • New York



COPPERIN WATER-SOLUBLE NON-CONSTRATING

PAGE 168 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1945

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ORAL INFECTIONS
... take warning!

Vincent's Infection disappears... clinical data on infections with other penicillinsensitive organisms show promise.

PEN-TROCHES

Each Pen-Troche Cutter—chemically bound, to make it slow-dissolving—builds (and maintains) an adequate penicillin level in the saliva for over two hours. Already recognized as specific in Vincent's Infection, the future role of Pen-Troches for combatting other infections of the oral cavity is extremely promising. Cutter Laboratories, Berkeley, California; Chicago; New York.

CUTTER LABORATORIES, Berkeley 1, California

I will be interested in noting effectiveness of Cutter Pen-Troches for therapy in Vincent's and other oral infections. Please send 10 Pen-Troches, free, to

Doctor

s.

Address

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15

"Interestingly enough," she says, "the better the institution—in the sense of the most modern pediatric care—the more serious the defect in personality. There is no mistaking the defect, the most serious psychopathic personality deviation." Dr. Bender lists its symptoms as an inability to form friendships or to give or receive affection, an impulsive or erratic behavior, and a failure later on to adjust to normal family life.

"The cause," she concludes, "is emotional deprivation in the infantile period due to a lack in parent-child relationship, as, for example, in the child who has spent considerable time in infancy or early child-hood without any affectional ties."

NEW CARS. "Come in and see the new Buick!" "The new Fords

are here!" In newspapers throughout the country automobile ads last month were blossoming. But production wasn't. The Fords and Buicks were here-but mostly for showroom purposes, not for sale Detroit was still measuring a week output in terms of dozens-not in pre-war thousands. It became is creasingly obvious that the 10 m lion persons who have been was ing for the chance to trade in wheezing jalopy for a shining, no 1946 (nee 1942) model would continue to wait-the lucky ones up six months, the rest a year or mon

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The plan to ration new cars alt Jan. 1 was definitely out—to a dismay of many a doctor who wou have had top priority. Also out withe industry's grandiose hope for half million cars by the year's eastrikes were having their effect, to

An Impetus to Faster Recovery

SEVERE COLDS or INFLUENZA

GRAY'S COMPOUND is a palatable bitter tonic and digestant which stimulates appetite and aids in the assimilation of necessary foods; it also aids in reliable soughs due to common colds. Optimum nutrition gives impotus to the physician's spainterupy and speeds recovery in respiratory and other conditions.

GRAY'S COMPOUND

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: Extracts Gontian and Dandellon, Glycerine, Wine, Phospheric Acid, Tr. Cardamom Comp., and arematic clixir syrup. is an adjunct in treating the SICK, CONVAL CENTS, the RUN-DOWN, the ELDERLY, the ON WORKED, and ANOREXIC CHILDREN.





Frederick Co.

New York 14, N.Y.

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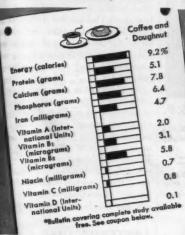
XUM

What's Wrong with American Breakfasts?

Many authorities say breakfast should supply ½ of the daily food needs. Yet millions of American breakfasts fall far short of this figure ...according to a study,* conducted by a well-known research institute,

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of the breakfast habits of 5,000 people. The chart below (based on this study) shows the percentages of the daily food needs of a sedentary man, supplied by one of the most common meager American breakfasts.





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Hot Ralston whole-grain wheat cereal can often mean the difference between in inadequate and an adequate diet. Hore than twice as rich as natural whole wheat in wheat germ.—richest cereal source of thiamine—hot Ralston is also a good source of carbohydrates, from and niacin.

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but so were ceilings—manufacturen were resisting every effort to hold them to 1942 prices. Producen were now talking up 1946 as the greatest year in automobile history (Ford would turn out 2 million units, Chevrolet a comparable number, Pontiac a half million), with total production of perhaps 7 million cars. The staples—two-door sedans, four-door sedans, and coupe, all in the low-and moderate-priced lines—would get first attention, with convertibles and station wagons a come later.

As to price, it appeared that the OPA would have to go along win an increase of perhaps 15 per cent Optimists were saying that "in provements" in the new car wou make it worth that much mo (Ford had announced 100 such pessimists continued to deprecate "1942 models with flashed-fronts." Everybody wished he coulget his hands on one.

VETERANS' CARE. Conceding that "part of the trouble in the can of disabled veterans lies in the veerans themselves," Charles Bolt. who as head of the American Veerans Committee has been highly critical of the Veterans Administration, recently recommended General Omar N. Bradley that V.A. hospitals be given the right to reject patients who are unwilling submit to necessary discipline. present, said Mr. Bolte, "Tubercalous patients leave the hospital when they feel well, not when the are released by their doctors. Many complaints by veterans have arise because they were unwilling to submit to the more unpleasant as pects of medical treatment. This trouble might be erased if contin

PAGE 172 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . DECEMBER 1946

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Liquid
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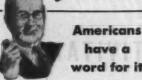
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One pint (over a month's supply)

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From where I sit ... by Joe Marsh



Dr. Walters' boy, who's back from overseas for good, was telling us about the funny customs and the different languages in other countries.

One thing he noticed is that in so many of those countries there's no word for "home." "House," yes ... or "building." But no name that stands for what we mean when we say home.

"In spite of the fact," he says, "that it's the most important thing there is...a place where you can take your shoes off and let down your hair...enjoy a glass of beer before the fire and relax with folks you love!"

From where I sit, that may be an important difference between this country and some others. The conception of home as a place of tolerance and sacred loyalties—where differences of habit and opinion give way before love and understanding! Yes, we Americans have a name for it!

Joe Marsh

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ued care of a veteran were made contingent upon his willingness to take proper treatment until curod."

Set Up National Prepay Plan, Medicine Told

Michigan association officer cites success in his state

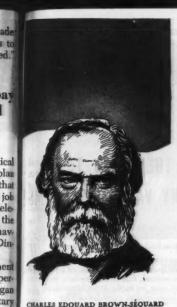
The success of Michigan Medical Service—largest medical prepay plan—is seen as a heartening sign that organized medicine can do the job and also as a warning that full delegation of a plan's operation to the Blue Cross "is as dangerous as having a Wagner, a Murray, or a Dingell operating it."

Declaring that MMS enrollment has reached a peak of 822,000 persons—one in every six in Michigan—Dr. L. Fernald Foster, secretary of the Michigan State Medical Society, recently voiced his fear that "our efforts, however successful is certain states, will be of no avail is combating political medicine at the

_____necdotes

MEDICAL ECONOMICS will pay \$5-\$10 for an acceptable description of the most exciting, amusing, amazing, or embarrasing incident that has occurred in your practice. Contributors may remain anonymous upon request.

Address Medical Economics, Rutherford, N.J. CHA



CHARLES EDOUARD BROWN-SÉQUARD
1817-1894



Characterized by a biographer as a "acientific Ulyunes," Brown-Sequard was a member of the famous action of physical ologists which included Claude Bernard and Charles Robin. His sublimely imaginative experiments on the functions of the suprareas glands and the gonads paved the way to fuller understanding of the nature of the endocrine secretions.

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WHAT A PROBLEM THEY USED TO BE... THOSE PATIENTS WITH MANY VAGUE SYMPTOMS

Now their treatment often begins at the first visit. It may be only to "make the approach" to the diagnosis or it may go straig on until the destination is reached—the patient relieved.

Subclinical deficiency of essential nutrients is conceived as almost a new disease—caused, not by the presence of a pathoge nor even the absence of an essential, but none-the-less an entity due to inadequacy of one or more interdependent essentials. The concept is a convenient view forced by prevalence of the conditions.

Most often, perhaps, it is components of vitamin B complex, the many-sided nutrient, that are inadequate. And it is their availability in a noteworthy preparation, like Breonex-Stronger, that makes two-phase management of the patient possible.

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For maintenance dosage of B complex by mouth, Becaplets-Breon are often given after the more profound and prompt treatment has been administered.

Especially for children, Becomco-Breon, a potent vitamin B complex liquid with a "chocolate sundae" taste, is likewise available.





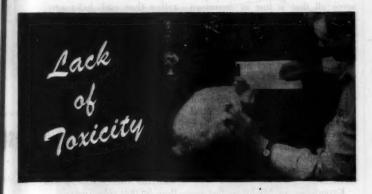
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S a result of a number of authoritative clinical studies, it has been definitely confirmed that Mandelamine -regardless of how long its use is continued-produces none of the toxic effects which limited the usefulness of the older drugs from which it is derived. From these observations, it is evident that Mandelamine may be confidently administered in therapeutic dosage throughout the course of common urogenital infections, virtually without consideration of toxic effects.



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DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 177

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national level unless there is a broad, somewhat uniform plan offered nationally. This should preserve all that is fine in American medicine: its scientific quality, its physician-patient relationship, and

its private enterprise."

Dr. Foster deplored the fact that such a plan had not already been undertaken. "We find ourselves confronted with a serious problem because our public relations have not been good," he said. "Our medical organizations, busy with the development of medicine in its scientific aspects, have failed to recognize in their incipiency the signs of political intrusion into the practice of medicine."

Experience in Michigan has established the importance of a number of "successful factors" that might be studied elsewhere, Dr. Foster said. Among them he lists:

¶ Establishment of the plan on a

uniform, state-wide basis.

¶ Corporate direction by the state society's house of delegates and a few elected laymen.

¶ Apportionment of two-thirds of the seats on the board of directors

to physicians.

¶ Inauguration of the program only when 80 per cent of the doctors in the state have agreed to participate.

¶ Limitation of Blue Cross participation to sales and service.

¶ Limitation of service to surgery in the hospital until sufficient actuarial experience had been accumulated to permit inclusion of catastrophic medical care.

¶ Provision of service benefits rather than cash indemnity.

Dr. Foster recalls that many of the early mistakes of the service stemmed from the fact that it was hurried into operation by a public demand which followed the rapid expansion of Michigan Hospital Service, a Blue Cross plan inaugurated in 1939. The state society drew up its first contract, and the Michigan Medical Service came into being, early in 1940 with "nothing more than a director, an office girl, and a desk." The following day, because of its affiliation with the Blue Cross, it had more than 50,000 subscribers.

The first contract, Dr. Foster says, was based "on the fallacious idea that everyone wanted full service coverage: medical, surgical, and obstetrical care in the home, office, and hospital. I say fallacious because we serviced only 7,000 subscribers in the first year and a half of operation, and lost \$130,000.

"We soon discovered that the public applies to their medical demands the same principle they invoke in their automobile coverage: They like the deductible idea—coverage for catastrophic developments—but are willing to care for their minor troubles on a direct payment basis."

Having established that fact, the Michigan service eliminated full coverage and limited its service to

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For relief of paralysis agitans GENOSCOPO. LAMINE is superior to scopolumine, because it affords faster relief plus greater safety even in apparently desperate cases. Literature on request.

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DECEMBER 1945 . MEDICAL ECONOMICS . PAGE 179

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ge: ovents neir ent the full surgery in the hospital. After that, says Dr. Foster, a large number of employed groups were enrolled in a short space of time. Soon the demand for tonsillectomies, herniotomies, etc., was so great that by November 1943 the corporation again found itself in the red-this time for \$500,000-"which meant that Michigan physicians had \$500,-000 in unpaid benefits due them. By April 1944, however, these bills were all paid, as was \$120,000 in pro-ration which was in force for a six-month period. Today, the service has all bills paid and has over \$1,000,000 in reserves."

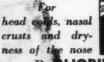
Delegation of complete operating authority to the Blue Cross would be fatal, Dr. Foster believes. He points to a "serious situation in an Eastern state, where a county medical society [Philadelphia], desiring such an arrangement, has worked at cross-purposes with its parent state organization."

In Michigan, he points out, the relationship is only of operation and not of policy-making. As an economy measure, the medical plan utilizes the Blue Cross sales and service organization, which, among other things, makes possible the use of a single payroll deduction. As a result, Michigan Medical Service returns 87 cents in benefits for each subscriber dollar collected.

But there is still a fly in the ointment: "Despite splendid cooperation from the Blue Cross organization in Michigan, we find it constantly flirting with the services of pathology, radiology, and anesthesiology, with a view to including them as hospital services. Fortunately, our enabling act says that medical services are those rendered by doctors of medicine. Even though some of our pathologists. radiologists, and anesthetists have practically sold out to hospitals, their services by legal statute are still those of doctors of medicine.

The question has been raised as to the advantage of a cash indemnity plan over a service plan," Dr. Foster continues. "We in Michigan are thoroughly convinced that an indemnity plan does not solve the problem. If it did, we would need only to call upon the commercial companies. Our public wants service and the peace of mind that goes with service protection. Money toward their medical bills does not solve the real economic problem." Dr. Foster points out that commercial companies refused to enter the field until medical societies went through the "labor" and "growing"







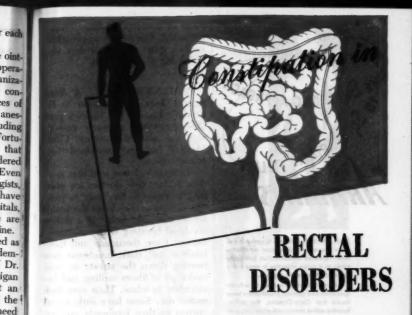
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Oliodin produces a mild hyperemia with an exudate of serum, loosening crusts, relieving dryness and soothing mucous membranes. Breathing improved.

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Hard, dry feces, with their attendant aggravation of painful lesions, can be avoided by administering Saraka*.

This preparation causes moist, jelly-like stools. It admixes with intestinal contents and increases the bulk of the fecal mass, gently encouraging a close-to-normal peristaltic action.

To provide necessary motility specially aged cortex frangula is added to the basic Saraka formula of bassorin, sugar coated.

Saraka-B (without frangula) is widely prescribed for patients requiring bulk alone.

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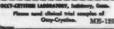
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Aldran

pains of developing plans. "Now," he adds, "they are approaching various state societies with a view to having them sell out."

PATIENT'S V-DAY. A letter signed "Inez" and written to Dr. Frederic Loomis (on his own portable typewriter, strangely enough, says the Alameda County, Calif., Medical Bulletin) contained these ecstatic lines:

"Last night I was told that more than 10,000 new doctors are planning to come to this state to practice as soon as they leave the armed services. I went home in a dither, my head bursting with a heavenly dream. I see thousands and thousands of tall, dark, handsome men coming down the streets in even ranks, all of them smiling and immaculate in white. Their eves flash in the sun. Some have little round mirrors on their foreheads, and my tonsils begin to throb. Some have stethoscopes hanging from their necks and my heart skips a beat. Some salute strangely by touching their foreheads with two extended gynecologists. fingers—the have prematurely gray hair-the obstetricians.

"This is heaven. No longer must I wait weeks for an appointment and then feel like an intruder as I am brushed off by a doctor who does not even know my name on the fourteenth visit. No longer must I explain for the fourteenth time that I have a pain in the back and not in the front....

"From now on, the future is filled with joy. I shall be welcome. The doctor, no longer harassed, will hang on my every word, will notice my new hat. Nothing will interrupt those heavenly hours when I am

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GASTRIC HYPERACIDITY?
THEN I SUGGEST BISODOLI



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Gas, heartburn, upset stomach, nervous indigestion due to gastric hyperacidity are relieved promptly by BiSoDoL.

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V-E-M sweetens bad breath exhaled through the nose.

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again the center of undivided attention, while I talk about just me. "My personal V-day is here."

Society Seeks Ethics Code That Can be Enforced

It also plans indoctrination course to stiffen standards

As steps toward weeding out shady practitioners who "keep within the letter of the law" but otherwise bring discredit on their profession, the Los Angeles County Medical Society has been weighing the desirability of (a) drawing up a code of ethics with teeth in it; and (b) conducting an indoctrination course and examination which would be prerequisites to admission to the society.

Pointing out that the code of ethics of the AMA "is a statement of principles, rather than a penal code," an editorial in the county society bulletin proposes the adoption of a local code that could be enforced. "There should be no hesitancy on the part of the council to discipline severely the few members whose business tactics are nothing more than extortion, whose manners are ungentlemanly, or whose conduct is on a level below that suited to a decent community."

If the new plan were adopted, every applicant for membership would be required to attend a course of lectures on such things as ethics, malpractice prophylaxis, laws governing medical practice and narcotics, and public health ordinances—as well as the history of the association, its aims, and accomplishments.

Conceding that at first blush the

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That Feeling of Well-Being

Patients on "Premarin" the apy usually experience a general feeling of well-being in addition to relief of symptoms. Rendering the patient symptom-free is, of course, the prime consideration of treatment; many physicians, however, feel that the restoration of a brighter mental outlook is also an important consideration when instituting therapy.

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| CAMPHO-PHENIQUE Monticello, Illinois Please sendme a free bottle of Campho-Phenique Liq- uid Antiseptic Dressing. ME 13 |
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requirements may sound unreasonable, the bulletin points out that many applicants are either recent graduates with little experience or older men who have left former locations. "Among the latter are many experienced and capable physicians with excellent records; but with them come others who have migrated because of failure elsewhere. This group needs all the help we can give."

A strict and specific code of ethics, says the bulletin, would rid the society of the "occasional heartless grafter and the still more infrequent boor who bring more disfavor upon the profession than a hundred honorable men can overcome. These individuals are well aware of the fact that membership is practically a necessity if they are to retain hos-

pital privileges."

NARCOTICS. The war brought a setback to the world-wide program of control of narcotics, the Permanent Central Opium Board has disclosed at a London meeting. Pre-war, some 1,500 governments certified annually to the board the quantity of narcotic drugs needed for consumption, manufacture, or export; but by 1941 the number had fallen to 1,000. Chief defaulters were Axis and Axis-dominated nations.

Other highlights of the report:

¶ Russia ceased reporting when

she severed connections with the League of Nations.

¶ Narcotics control is being resumed in the Scandinavian countries, Belgium, and the Netherlands.

¶ In some Central and South American countries, control hardly exists.

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Bio-Byne Olmment, made with a petrolatum-lanolin base and used with compression bandages, hastens healing and gives quick relief from pain. Biodynes are natural products extracted from cells such as yeast and fish liver. They supplement the biodynes produced by injured human cells, help regulate cellular proliferation and metabolism and tend to offset the depressing effects of germicides on tissue respiration.



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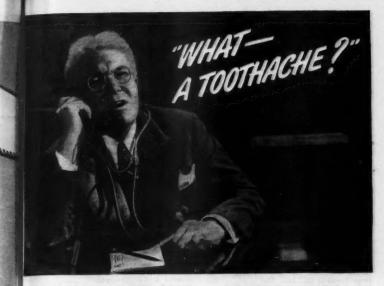
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